To-Day's Weather.
Fair and warmer is forecasted.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Pittsburg's best evening newspaper is The Chronicle Telegraph.

VOL. 116, ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 92. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 11, 1901.—TWELVE PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

NEWS SUMMARY.

DOMESTIC.

Two more deaths ascribed to Miss Jane Toppan.—Page 12.

Two Oklahoma brothers said to have stolen a postoffice entire.—Page 2.

Escaped convicts capture a sheriff and compel him to aid their escape.—Page 1.

Industrial commission presents a report on variations in prices and cost of steel rails.—Page 2.

Iowa farmer says a railroad's persecution put him first in the penitentiary and then in a madhouse.—Page 2.

Minister Wu Ting Fang may be tendered the chair of Chinese language and literature at Columbia University.—Page 1.

FOREIGN.

American stocks in sudden demand in London.—Page 3.

Musical genius of this country receives high praise in Berlin.—Page 3.

Bulgarian troops pursue brigands and prevent negotiations for the release of Miss Stone.—Page 1.

Sultan satisfies every claim made by France and diplomatic relations will be resumed at once.—Page 1.

Brother of Venezuela's president accused by Colombian Liberals of selling cattle to the enemy.—Page 3.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Large ice and storage plant burned at New Castle.—Page 2.

Smallpox epidemic at Bryn Mawr prevented by a heroic physician.—Page 2.

Missionary from Pennsylvania says that the place of China is only temporary.—Page 2.

Steward of Philadelphia traction magnate disappears and foul play is suspected.—Page 2.

LOCAL.

Pennsylvania railroad has appropriated $35,000 for Y. M. C. A. at Pitcairn.—Page 5.

Thousands gather in parks and visit Carnegie art exhibit and organ recital.—Page 7.

Speakeasies and gambling houses ran wide open in Allegheny yesterday.—Page 1.

Andrew Carnegie spent a quiet Sunday at the home of his cousin in the East End.—Page 4.

Senator M. S. Quay denies that he is in favor of the removal of Recorder Brown.—Page 1.

Reported telephone deal merging the P. and A. and Federal companies has fallen through.—Page 7.

Senator Muehlbronner announces that his candidacy for re-election will be supported by Senator Quay.—Page 4.

Col. J. J. McCook made an eloquent address at the thirty-fifth anniversary of Pittsburgh Y. M. C. A.—Page 5.

SPORTS.

Local athletes withdraw from the Amateur Athletic Union.—Page 8.

Autumn races of the Washington Jockey club start today.—Page 8.

Review of happenings in the baseball world during the past week.—Page 8.

Yale team fears result when they clash with the Tigers next Saturday.—Page 8.

Princeton will not protest Glass, Yale's star, but claim is made he is not eligible to play in annual game.—Page 8.

FINANCIAL.

Conditions in the local produce market.—Page 11.

Weekly statement of the New York city banks.—Page 10.

Large volume of trading in Wall street on Saturday.—Page 11.

Activity in wheat prevented the Chicago market sagging.—Page 10.

Week's sales and range of prices on the Pittsburgh stock exchange.—Page 11.

BATTLE ANNIVERSARY.

Tomb of William Henry Harrison the Scene of Memorial Celebration.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 10.—The anniversary of the battle of Tippecanoe was celebrated today with a very large attendance at the new tomb of Gen. William Henry Harrison at North Bend, O., near this city. The late President Benjamin Harrison had a new tomb built over the grave of his illustrious grandfather.

Mayor Gleason of Cleves delivered the welcome address, which was responded to by Judge Bode of Cincinnati, the principal address being by Congressman Jacob H. Bromwell of Cincinnati, followed by Judge Connor, Capt. McClung and others. The wreath of flowers was placed on the tomb by Carl Schmidt, president of the United German Singing societies of Cincinnati. None of the members of the Harrison family was present.

QUESTION NOT SETTLED.

Monasteries in the Philippines Still to Be the Subject of Negotiations.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—Referring to the departure of Mgr. Sbarretti from Havana and of Mgr. Chapelle from Rome, the correspondent of the Daily Chronicle at the Italian capital says the latter left without having completed his mission of settling the question of the monasteries in the Philippines and that the vatican, having decided to continue the status quo is sending the former ecclesiastic to the Philippines "to endeavor to arrange an agreement between the Filipinos and the American government."

THE WEATHER.

THERMOMETER IN PITTSBURGH.

November 10, 1900.			November 10, 1901.		
Max.	Min.	Mean.	Max.	Min.	Mean.
44	34	39	46	34	40

BAROMETER IN PITTSBURGH.

8 a.m....29.60 | 12 m....29.62 | 8 p.m....29.50

PER CENT OF HUMIDITY IN PITTSBURGH

8 a.m.....67 | 12 m.....46 | 8 p.m.....52

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

(November 11, 1901.)

Sun rises....6:05 a.m. | Sun sets.....5:39 p.m.

RANGE OF TEMPERATURE.

8 a.m..34 | 12 m..42 | 2 p.m..45 | 8 p.m..45

Government Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—Forecast for Monday and Tuesday:

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer Monday. Tuesday, probably rain and colder; southerly winds, becoming high.

Ohio—Fair and warmer Monday; high southerly winds. Tuesday, rain and colder.

West Virginia—Fair Monday; warmer in western portion. Tuesday, cloudy, probably rain; warmer in eastern and colder in western portion; variable winds.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

Reports received at 8 p. m. from the various weather bureau stations:

Pittsburgh	45 Clear	Nashville	62 Clear
Cincinnati	48 Clear	Jacksonville	66 Rain
Oklahoma	66 Clear	Philadelphia	58 Clear
Kansas City	64 Cloudy	Louisville	54 Clear
Cairo	66 Clear	Dodge City	66 Clear
Davenport	56 Cloudy	Rapid City	42 Clear
Vicksburg	70 Clear	Omaha	60 Cloudy
Memphis	66 Clear	Cheyenne	48 Clear
St. Louis	58 Clear	Denver	62 Clear
Chicago	50 Clear	Salt Lake	64 Rain
Abilene	72 Clear	North Platte	54 Clear
Norfolk	48 Clear	Marquette	40 Cloudy
New York	50 Clear	Bismarck	40 Clear
Buffalo	54 Clear	Indianapolis	48 Clear
Cleveland	42 Clear	Washington	52 Clear
Des Moines	56 Cloudy	Chattanooga	60 Clear

Ocean Steamship Movements.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
Philadelphia	Rhyland	
Philadelphia	Corean	
Liverpool	Campania	
Liverpool	Civic	
St. Johns, N. F.	Grecian	
Queenstown		Etruria.
Southampton		Koenigin Luisa.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—"The Climbers," 8:15.

DUQUESNE—Vaudeville, 8:15.

GRAND—"The Shaughraun," 2:15 and 8:15.

EMPIRE—"A Gambler's Daughter," 8:15.

[illegible]—Chauncey Olcott, 8:15.

ACADEMY—New York Stars, burlesque, 8:15.

SUNDAY SCENES OF DISORDER AMONG ALLEGHENY SPEAKEASIES

SCENE IN AN ALLEGHENY GAMBLING HOUSE
"CLEANED OUT"
ENTRANCE TO A DIVE.
IN A CHINESE "SPEAKEASY"
IMPROVISED BAR IN A "SPEAKEASY"

No Attention Paid to Police, and Anyone Could Gain an Entrance.

KEEPERS DO NOT FEAR POLICE RAIDS

Gamblers and Speakeasy Proprietors Say They Will Be Warned in Time.

ONE CUSTOMER WAS SERVED ON STREET

Gazette Reporters Found Business Booming at Resorts in Vice-Afflicted Districts of Allegheny. Every Speakeasy Was Crowded.

"We're not afraid of any crusade. We haven't been notified to close yet. Whenever there's anything doin' they'll let us know in time to close."

The bartender at one of the most popular speakeasies in East Robinson street, Allegheny, made this reply yesterday, when a Gazette reporter remarked to him that he was running the place very openly, considering the agitation begun Saturday against the speakeasies and gambling houses.

The room, on the first floor of one of the most prominent corners along the street, with the regulation club sign in front, was crowded with at least 100 men and boys. Less than half a block away a policeman was standing, where he could not fail to see groups of half a dozen men, constantly coming and going, at the side door.

That was only one of scores of Saturday night and Sunday scenes in Allegheny. The speakeasies and gambling resorts ran as boldly as ever. There was not the least caution apparent on the part of any of the proprietors. Director Henry Albrecht's promise Saturday afternoon that he would investigate the speakeasies had not had the least effect.

"There," said a respectable woman resident of East Robinson street, who owns her property and cannot move elsewhere because she says it is impossible to sell the home for anything like its value on account of the evil reputation of the neighborhood, "there is a sample of how things go in this neighborhood." She pointed to a crowd of at least a dozen men, entering a speakeasy half a block away on Robinson to the east of Goodrich street.

Better Than a Bar.

It is one of the most popular of the Allegheny speakeasies, and one of the oldest. The woman who runs it is reputed to be quite wealthy, and says she sells more beer at her place than is sold at any one bar in Allegheny.

When a reporter entered a little later more than 100 people were drinking beer and a very bad quality of whisky. The place is popular with the men employed on the Pennsylvania railroad improvements, and with boys of 17 and 18 years.

Many of these were there at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The crowds were noisy, and there was no request that they be more quiet or any other sign of secrecy or caution.

Along Robinson street at dusk last night more drunken men were to be seen than at the same hour Saturday evening. Respectable people were driven indoors.

At 3:30 yesterday a young woman attired in a red wrapper stepped briskly out from a resort in Craig street, walking directly across the street to a clubhouse that had been doing a rushing business all day.

She held a silver dollar in her hand and tapped with it on the clubhouse door. The door was opened and the doorkeeper disappeared with the dollar, returning a minute later and handing the young woman what had waited on the step a flask of whisky and her change. The transaction took place in pyain veiw of a dozen people in the street.

Policemen Saw Nothing.

Two policemen stood at the corner above, but they saw nothing. A hundred yards away a band of earnest Salvationists were holding a street service.

The early morning crowds in all of these places were tremendous. Between 12 and 3 o'clock Sunday morning the crush of business was so great that customers waited four or five minutes before they were served. The proprietor of one clubhouse in Craig street felt secure enough to abandon the precaution of locking his door. There was no doorkeeper, and any one could raise the latch and walk in. Any policeman could have stepped in and raided the place at any time between midnight and 5 a. m. Three rooms on the first floor were filled with crowds drinking, while a game of poker was running in the upper rooms.

In a narrow alleyway, in the rear of one of the popular Craig street resorts, is a small, bare room, fitted with two tables and a few chairs. There is the regulation club sign above the door, and at 1 o'clock Sunday morning the room was filled with as typical a slum crowd as can be seen anywhere in the two cities.

To one who has seen the sailors' resorts along the water fronts in Atlantic seaboard cities, the resemblance to this place was striking. Ten-cent whisky was sold here, of the worst quality, and gallons of it were consumed. And yet men who know that section of Allegheny, say this place is not as low as some others in the immediate neighborhood.

No Questions Asked.

At not one of these places was any question asked by the doorkeeper when a stranger entered. No signal or password was necessary. Thirst for poor beer and cheap whisky was apparently the only requisite for temporary membership in the "club." Precautions were taken, however, at one place in lower Anderson street that has had the reputation in the past for being a wide-open "club." There every stranger was scanned carefully Saturday night, and unless he could prove membership or show credentials from some member he was not admitted.

The Chinese restaurant of Yee Hing, at No. 105 West Robinson street, was crowded with a typical First ward crowd of men and women until almost dawn. The Chinese waiters were very careful, however, as to who was allowed to buy beer.

Captain Thornton of the Allegheny police department had said in an interview Saturday that there was one small room in the rear of the restaurant used for restaurant purposes. Saturday night, however, four little apartments, about the size of the private drinking rooms in ordinary saloons, were filled with men and women. If any beer was served it was in the privacy of these rooms. Captain Thornton had said that the regular roundsman on that beat was still under instructions to walk into the restaurant every time he passed it. No policeman appeared in the place for an hour after midnight Sunday morning, however.

Not all of the clubs in the First ward were deserted until the saloons closed Saturday night. Many of them have their regular patronage that on Saturday nights puts in an appearance as early as 10 or 11 o'clock. At midnight, however, as the saloons in the district closed, men could be seen going direct from the saloons to the club rooms nearby.

In the midst of the orgies in the First ward is the little West Robinson Street Methodist Episcopal mission. "We have frequently known instances where the children of our Sunday school have been sent to speakeasies for beer and liquor on Sundays," said W. L. McFrederick, the superintendent, as the school was dismissed yesterday afternoon.

SHERIFF CAUGHT BY FUGITIVES

TWO LEAVENWORTH MUTINEERS COMPEL HIM TO AID THEM.

Held Him as Hostage in Farm House and Forced Him to Agree to an Armistice Until They Had Secured a Good Start—Farmer's Wife Faints and Farmer Badly Beaten By One of the Convicts.

TOPEKA, KAN., Nov. 10.—Sheriff Cook and Deputy Sheriff Williams of this county were captured by two escaped convicts from Fort Leavenworth military prison this afternoon at Pauline, five miles south of Topeka, and held prisoners in the farm house of a man named Wooster for several hours. The convicts finally escaped between a line of police sent from Topeka to reinforce the sheriff, and are now at large. Both were slightly wounded. Wooster was badly wounded by one of the convicts when he tried to fire on them. Mrs. Wooster and Sheriff Cook were held before the convicts as a shield by the prisoners in making their escape. A posse is in pursuit tonight.

At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon some farmer boys near Pauline learned that the convicts were in the neighborhood. Hastily forming a posse armed with target rifles, pistols and clubs, they gave chase. Neither of the convicts was armed, and they were unable to make a stand. Later Sheriff Cook and Deputy Williams arrived. Coming upon the convicts both officers fired, wounding the men, but not disabling them.

The convicts then fled through a small opening in the timber and ran into the house of Farmer Wooster. Sheriff Cook telephoned to Topeka for assistance and then took up the chase. Thinking the convicts had run around the house, Cook darted through the open door, intending to surprise them at the rear door. But instead of this the convicts had gone into the house and the officer almost fell into their arms.

Sheriff Cook was ordered to give up his gun, which he did. Deputy Williams by this time had reached the house and entered without knowing what had happened inside, and he, too was made captive by the convicts.

In the meantime Chief Stahl of Topeka and eight officers were on their way. They arrived at the Wooster house about an hour after the officers had been imprisoned. Chief Stahl immediately began negotiations with the convicts to give up their prisoners and surrender themselves, but the convicts only laughed. Farmer Wooster then managed to get a gun and was about to make an attack on the convicts when one of them laid him low with a blow from the butt end of a revolver taken from one of their captives. The convict broke Wooster's right hand and made an ugly gash in his head.

One of the convicts told Sheriff Cook that he would be killed if he made the slightest move looking toward their capture. In the meantime the police officers on the outside had surrounded the building but were afraid to make a move for fear that Cook and Williams would suffer.

Mrs. Wooster had fainted during the excitement. She finally revived and at 7 o'clock the convicts placed the woman and Sheriff Cook in front of them as shields and made for the door.

Then after exacting a promise from the sheriff that he would not permit any of the officers outside to fire on them, they started for the open. As they left the house the frightened farmer, his wife and the submissive sheriff before them, the convicts passed between a cordon of police who easily could have captured them and started for the railroad track. The sheriff in turn had exacted a promise from the police that they would not molest the convicts and they did not.

After covering a considerable distance down the track the convicts suddenly disappeared through a hedge fence, bidding the officers a mocking farewell. One of the police sergeants later said he could have easily touched the leading convict with his hand as he passed.

The convicts had secured a good start before the officers had recovered from their surprise. Then some of the policemen wanted to pursue, but Sheriff Cook would noot permit it, as he had promised the convicts immunity from arrest.

Chief Stahl left some of his men on the scene and with the others started back to Topeka to take up the chase later on. From Topeka a posse was started out and Chief Stahl expressed the opinion tonight that he would land the men before morning. The convicts are well armed, having taken all the guns in the farm house, including those of the sheriff and his deputy. They are both white men, but their identity was not learned.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 10.—Three of the escaped convicts from the Fort Leavenworth prison last evening held up and robbed a man near Manhattan, Kas., but escaped, and all trace of them was lost. One of the men is believed to be Frank Thompson, the notorious negro leader of the mutiny.

At the prison today John Greene a white convict who was wounded at Nortonville Friday when two of his comrades were killed by citizens, suffered the amputation of his leg. He will recover.

Quinn Fort, shot at the stockade while attempting an escape, and James Huffman, killed in the Nortonville raid, were buried in the prison yard today. The body of Jay Poffenbols, also killed in the Nortonville fight, was sent to Chicago today at the request of his mother.

Guard Waldruppe, who was wounded in the head, is still in a critical condition. The bullet has not yet been found. The other wounded are resting quietly. The search for the missing convicts will be resumed with renewed vigor tomorrow.

Election Riots in Spain.

BARCELONA, SPAIN, Nov. 10.—The municipal elections here today were attended by bloodshed and excitement. Revolver shots were exchanged and one person was killed and 40 others were wounded.

TURK CONCEDES EVERY DEMAND

FRANCE RESUMES DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH SUBLIME PORTE.

Admiral Caillard Has Been Ordered to Leave Mitylene and M. Constans Will Soon Return to His Post at Constantinople—Claims of French Nation Have Been Satisfied in Full. Results Gratifying to Frenchmen.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 10. — M. Bapst has received a dispatch from M. Delcasse authorizing him to resume diplomatic relations with the porte tomorrow. It is understood that M. Constans will soon return to Constantinople.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—It is semi-officially announced that the sultan of Turkey, having acceded to all the claims of the French government, M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, has informed the porte that France will resume diplomatic relations with Turkey, and that Admiral Caillard's division of the French Mediterleave Mitylene.

Tewfik Pacha, Ottoman minister of foreign affairs, wrote a letter to Mr. Bapst councillor of the French embassy in Constantinople, notifying him of the signing of an irade, which, while settling the original French demands, accepts the fresh demands as set forth in a dispatch to the Temps from Constantinople Friday and cabled to the Associated Press, together with an additional clause by which the sultan pledges himself to consider as authorized in full right the foundations, extensions, constructions and repairs of the schools and religious and hospitable establishments which France may desire to carry out if the porte is advised of her intentions, and makes no objection within five months.

France has thus received full satisfaction, and M. Delcasse on the receipt of M. Bapst's dispatch this morning telegraphed him to inform Tewfik Pacha that diplomatic relations had been resumed and that M. Papst should consider himself as regularly charged with the affairs of the embassy.

Instructions were also sent to Admiral Caillard at Mitylene to re-emark the marines and to return to Greek waters, which is understood to mean the vicinage of the island of Syra. Admiral Caillard will remain in the Levant some time longer. M. Constans, the French embassador, will return to Constantinople very shortly.

The additional clause was conceded at the request of France in order to prevent further difficulties, such as the Turkish provincial authorities have often raised either on their own initiative or in consequence of instigation by the porte.

The Temps, which describes the result as "a brilliant victory for French diplomacy," says:

"The great merit of the government was in being able to restrict its action. Very serious difficulties might have arisen had France departed from her reserve.

"The favorable disposition shown to our representations abroad has been due to the fact that the civilized world has had opportunity during the last seven years to observe the progress of the anti-European movement in the sultan's councils. Frenchmen, Americans, Austrians, Italians and Britons have all been victimized by the sultan and his councillors. After the Armenian massacres and the successful war with Greece they thought everything was permitted to them.

"We hope the sultan will now understand his duties toward the civilized powers and toward his own subjects, unto whom he has taken solemn engagements which he has always disregarded. Otherwise Europe, which, thanks to the energetic action of France, is now able to reassume at Constantinople the authority she lost seven years ago, will applaud the initiative which the signatory powers of the Berlin treaty are reported to be about to take to extort from the sultan the execution of clauses too long fallen into disuse."

NEGROES ARE BARRED.

New Organization of Stationary Engineers Founded on That Principle.

ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 10.—The United States Motive Power Association of Stationary Engineers has been formed here. The association is composed of the members of Atlanta association No. 1 of the National Association of Stationary Engineers which withdrew from the national association at the Rochester meeting in September when negroes were admitted to the association.

The officers of the new association are in correspondence with members of the association in Louisville, Pensacola and other southern cities. The new association is the only organization of strictly white engineers in America. Application will be made this week to the secretary of the state for a charter.

PAYMASTER ROBBED.

$5,000 Stolen from His Satchel While on His Way to Pay Soldiers.

PENSACOLA, FLA., Nov. 10.—Paymaster Stevens of the United States army arrived from Atlanta Saturday and before leaving that city, placed in a hand satchel 200 silver dollars and $4,800 in paper money for the purpose of paying the several hundred artillerymen at Fort Barrancas and McRea their salaries for the past month. When he reached the fort here he opened his grip and found that all the paper money had been abstracted, and that only the silver dollars remained.

Paymaster Stevens thinks some professional pickpocket followed him and relived him during the trip. He cannot recall a single incident of the trip that would lead to anything on the robbery, but has an idea the money was taken before he left Atlanta.

Death Stroke Interrupts Worship.

While worshiping in St. Paul's cathedral yesterday morning, Mrs. Margaret M. Reardon, a housekeeper living at No. 74 Elm street, was suddenly stricken with an illness that resulted in her death a short time later. The service of the mass was nearing its end, when Mrs. Reardon fell forward unconscious, against Mrs. Mary Lonegan of No. 1403 Webster avenue, who was sitting beside her. Mrs. Reardon was carried from the church into the parsonage and a physician called. All efforts to revive the woman failed, and she died an hour and three-quarters after being carried from the church.

A sister of the dead woman stated that Mrs. Reardon had been sick for over a year, with nervous prostration. She appeared to be in good health when she left home to attend church. Mrs. Lonegan said that she had not noticed the woman until she fell against her. Mrs. Reardon was about 34 years of age.

"THERE IS NO TRUTH IN IT"

M. S. Quay Promptly Denies That He Has Agreed to or Favors the Removal of the Recorder.

NO PLEDGE HAS BEEN MADE BY THE STATE'S EXECUTIVE

Governor and Senator in Perfect Harmony On Plans for the Future—Latest Story Being Circulated by the Flinnites Is Quickly Exploded—Revised Version as Full of Error as Those Previously Given Publicity.

The Gazette Bureau, 603 15th St., N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.

"There is no truth in it."

This was the emphatic reply of Senator Quay tonight when he was told by the writer that the Flinn people asserted that he was in favor of the removal of Recorder Brown of Pittsburgh, and had agreed with the governor that such action should be taken shortly. The senator had retired to his bedroom for the night when I called at 9 o'clock, and consequently could not be seen, but a written inquiry regarding the claim, brought back the above terse answer.

In this connection the writer can state that those here, in the confidence of Senator Quay and Gov. Stone, have received information that satisfies them, that neither of those leaders favor the removal of Recorder Brown, and have not made any pledges that he should be removed either on November 15 or any other date. On Wednesday last, the governor and senator had a conference of some length, and it is said that they were in perfect harmony on plans for the future. It can also be stated that the senator does not believe that the governor ever promised to remove Recorder Brown if he removed Director J. O. Brown and District Attorney Clarence Burleigh.

CHARLES W. METZGAR.

REMOVAL STILL FAR IN THE FUTURE.

The Flinnites had given Recorder A. M. Brown a reprieve.

According to the Atlantic City dream, he was to be removed on November 18. Now, the time is fixed, from the present moment until Thanksgiving. The recorder names April, 1902, as the date, and is inclined to think he is right.

The Flinnites had been editing their decapitation story, and found that it has flaws. Until yesterday they had been admitting that Senator M. S. Quay would be opposed to the removal of Recorder Brown. They had found it hard to make people believe that Gov. W. A. Stone would break with Mr. Quay. To cover this important point they had decided to change their story.

The revision, according to a close friend of Senator Flinn, and one who was in Atlantic City when the governor declined to remove Maj. Brown, runs like this:

"Of course Senator Quay is in favor of the removal of Maj. Brown. We could not get the governor to do it, unless the senator approved. It is simply a case where Quay, Stone, Durham, Penrose and Elkin want to make an arrangement whereby the votes of Allegheny county, in national and state matters, can be counted upon by them. They have decided that they are more certain of getting them from Flinn than the other fellows."

Heretofore the claim had been made that Quay, Stone, Durham and the others had reached the spot where they intended to turn down the 'old man' and set up shops of their own. It is probable that within the next few days announcement will be made that President Roosevelt has declared in favor of the removal of Recorder Brown. None of the gentlemen who told these stories would permit their names to be used, and it is an easy matter to assert almost anything when one's identity is not disclosed.

Last week, according to the Flinnites, it was a neck and neck race between J. O. Brown and ex-Mayor W. J. Diehl for the shoes of Recorder Brown. The latter has now been withdrawn from the contest and the place is given to J. O. Brown. When he got it, there were to be some strings attached. Just where these cords connected the Flinn men were unable to tell. The public would be informed when the time came to re-edit the story. The Flinnites declared, however, that there was to be no sharing of power with the Bigelows. They were to be thrown out side of the breastworks.

Poor Roger O'Mara was to be allowed to scratch along on his income from an estate worth $500,000 and his pension of $1,500. Under the terms of the police pension fund, the detective would lose his annual allowance if he accepted another position on the force. Roger is not worrying, and he figures that he is better off than the other fellows, who have nothing but an imaginary promise to fall back upon.

These stories amused the stalwarts. They did not believe that Senator Quay would even approve of the dismissal of Recorder Brown. He had told a number of people that he would not. Within a week, he informed a friend that he cared much to Thomas [illegible] Pittsburgh friends, and seemed to adopt a philosophical view of the situation. The stalwarts do not blame Senator Flinn for dispensing these pipe dreams to his followers. They are all he has to give to hold them in line, and he makes temporary use of the stories, hoping that in the meantime his luck will change.

J. O. Brown was playing the role of mystery in this local comedy. He pleasantly declined to discuss the removal of the recorder, and said: "If I had anything to tell, I would keep it in mind for the present." The attempt was being made to give the impression that a great secret was in his possession. He is a good senator, but there is every indication that his company will be stranded before Thanksgiving. Already, a bunch of the "supers" are yelling for something more substantial from the box office than faith. Mr. Brown went east last night. He said that business took him to New York, and that he would not return before tomorrow.

While the "outs" were amusing themselves with dreams of being "in," Recorder Brown was going right along with his work of bettering the city government. A number of changes would not be surprising. Magistrate D. J. McGrogan of the South Side, may be asked to give way to A. H. Sunshine of the Twenty-fifth ward. Magistrate Samuel Kerr of the Lawrenceville district, may also be allowed to give exclusive attention to his aldermanic duties, and the re-election of John Upperman to council. It is possible that John Wainwright may decide to take the seat now held by Mr. Upperman, and if he does, there is not much doubt about him getting it.

WU TING FANG NEED NOT GO BACK HOME

May Be Offered Chair of Chinese Language at Columbia University

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—(Special)—When Wu Ting Fang retires from his post as Chinese minister to the United States, which event is not far distant, it may be that he will accept an offer which it is said Columbia university will make him to become the incumbent of the recently founded chair of Chinese language and literature. From a donor, whose name has not been revealed, the university has recently received $100,000, which was later followed by a gift of $12,000, both to be applied to the study of China and Chinese. The scope of the donation is unrestricted. The board of trustees is fully empowered to determine how it shall be applied.

It has been practically decided that China's language and letters shall be taught in order to study the country's religion and history, which are now included in the university's curriculum. It is asserted that both of the trustees and the faculty were unanimous in their choice of Minister Wu for the professorship, the only uncertainty being his acceptance.

Nicholas Murray Butler, acting president of the university, declined to either confirm or deny this report tonight.

"All I care to say," he declared, "is that the chair has been offered to no one as yet. In fact, it has not been definitely decided to what purposes the gift will be put. Undoubtedly, however, Chinese language and literature will be included in the new field of effort."

Will you say, Prof. Butler, whether Mr. Wu's name has been under consideration by the board of trustees?"

"I am not at liberty to speak about that," he replied, and he used the same words to answer the question if Mr. Wu would be offered the chair before he leaves Washington.

Persons in a position to know declare that an offer to Wing Ting Fang will be made within a short time. They hardly believe, however, that the diplomat can be persuaded to accept.

$20,942.35 is the largest premium ever paid in the State of Georgia, and was paid to The Mutual Life. The largest contracts go to the largest company in the world.

BRIGANDS STILL FLY BEFORE SOLDI

Bulgarian Troops Hinde gotiations for Releas Miss Stone.

SOFIA, BULGARIA, Nov. mation has been received from that the band of brigands hold Miss Ellen M. Stone, the Amer sionary, called about a fortnig the village of Smetchevo and su ly proceeded to the monastery but the movements of the troop pelled the brigands to flee toward frontier, where they are now to hid

It is also asserted that the b have recently been treating Miss with severity in order to exercise sure and to compel a more ready ac ance of their conditions.

Consul General Dickinson is inflexibl He insists that the surrender of Mis Stone must precede or be simultaneous with the payment of the ransom. His attitude is justified by the known determination of some members of the band, particularly the captain, Yanne Sandanski, to kill Miss Stone and her companion so soon as the ransom is received, owing to the fact that the captives have now acquired information concerning the secret committees.

Competent persons, however, express the opinion that the cupidity of the brigands will overcome their fear of revelations and all such approve the declaration of Mr. Dickinson.

Yesterday Mr. Dickinson made energetic representations to the Bulgarian government against the movements of the Bulgarian troops, representing the object with the fact that notwithstanding the solemn promises to give him all assistance in their power, their action was harrassing the negotiations, retarding settlement and placing in jeopardy the life of Miss Stone.

He made a definite declaration to the Bulgarian government would be held responsible for the death of Miss Stone or of all the consequences of her capture should it be proved that the troops of the Bulgarian government were responsible to kill their captive.

Engineers Go Sight

MEXICO CITY, MEX., [illegible]

American Institute of Mining Engineers will open its regular session here today. The members scattered over the city today seeing the sights.

AID WAS ASKED FOR THE NEGRO

Freedmen's Aid Society Held Two Mass Meetings Yesterday.

ELOQUENT PLEAS MADE FOR FUNDS

Bishops and Ministers Told of the Good Work Being Accomplished Among the Colored Population of the South—Meetings Today.

At a largely attended mass meeting in the North Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Allegheny, yesterday afternoon Bishop John M. Walden, Bishop Willard F. Mallalieu, Dr. W. P. Thirkield and Dr. M. C. B. Mason, colored, made appeals for aid in pursuing the work of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education society.

The meeting opened the thirty-fifth annual convention of the society, which will continue today and tomorrow and which will be attended by many bishops, ministers and missionaries of the church.

Bishop Walden presided at the mass meeting. Bishop Mallalieu, who was styled the great money-raiser of the church, told of his experiences in getting money for a medical and nurse training school at New Orleans. "I want some one here today to give me $25,000 to carry on the work," he said. "I preached once and when I stepped down from the platform an old woman 80 years old beckoned to me. She said she had $7,000 and she didn't want to take all that money. Why do so many people die leaving great sums to be squandered by their children?

Work of Theological Schools.

Dr. Thirkield, corresponding secretary of the society, made an appeal for help for a theological school at Austin, Tex. He said the society maintained 43 schools, 435 teachers and 10,146 students last year on $93,000. "Senator Morgan of Alabama, says the negroes are solving their own problem," he said: "They are going to our new possessions and after a while they will be gently gone. That is not true. The last census shows that the negro in Pennsylvania and the northern states increased 40 per cent. Why 700 bouncing black babies are born every day."

Dr. Mason, a negro, also a corresponding secretary of the society, was introduced by Bishop Walden as an evidence of the results obtained by the society. Dr. Mason told the story of his life, being born a slave and educated by the society. He told of the great movement to bring salvation to the millions of negroes, and of the good accomplished by the Christian teachers sent out. He pleaded for faith in his race. He wanted $3,000 for the Wylie Institute.

The Evening Meeting.

The second mass meeting of the Freedman's Aid and Southern Education society, held in Calvary Methodist church, Allegheny, last night, was addressed by Dr. W. H. Hickman, chancellor of Depau (Ind.) university, and Bishop H. W. Warren, D. D., of Denver.

The theme of both addresses was the work of the Methodist Freedman schools in the south. Dr. Hickman touched on a speech recently made by a prominent southerner, in which the statement was made that the time was coming when there would be a separation of the white and black races in America, the blacks being transported to Africa.

Dr. Hickman said that the idea was preposterous that the negroes were increasing so rapidly in this country that the United States did not possess enough ships to transport them. He claimed that the colored folk, now being educated, would eventually redeem their race in Africa, as they were, many of them, being educated as missionaries and would go to Africa. Five have already gone.

Bishop Warren said that America was thrilling the entire world with what it was doing in educating the negro, and its action in abolishing slavery had its influence on all nations. He said that America was the elect of all nations; it was like a light on a hill to other countries, though at and likeness to God, giving it dominion over all others. He claimed the only way to maintain the supremacy gained was in the education of its people. He said that those who had no children of their own to provide for should assist in educating other children. He said that it cost but $300 a year to provide a teacher for these southern schools and that all should help provide them.

An unusual meeting will be held in Calvary church this morning, when the Field and Work of the Freedmen's society will be discussed in brief addresses by six visiting bishops, who will talk from personal observation. The speakers will be Bishops John M. Walden, Isaac W. Joyce, Daniel A. Goodsell, Earl Cranston, Henry W. Warren and Charles C. McCabe.

Business sessions will be held at 12 o'clock and 2 o'clock p. m.

A mass meeting in the evening at 7:45 o'clock will be addressed by Dr. H. A. Monroe of Philadelphia, Dr. A. P. Camphor of Moravia and Bishop J. W. Hamilton.

CONTRACT AWARDED.

...yana Municipal Council Complies ...ith Wishes of Gov. Gen. Wood.

HAVANA, Nov. 10.—The municipal ...ncil of Hanava has decided by a vote ... to 8 to accept the bid of S. P. ...ney and R. T. Rockeby of Jersey ...which is $10,393,015 99 for the Ha...owering and paving contract. Con...le feeling was manifested during ...ion over the circulation of a pam...inuating that the McGivney-...bid was really the bid of the ...department. ...tter of letting out the contract ...the subject of considerable dis...ion of some correspondence be...ernor General Wood and the ...council. On two occasions the ...is voted not to let the contract ...pecifications and bidding were ir...

Those voting in favor of ac...the McGivney-Rockeby bid ex...that they so voted because they ...ered Gen. Wood's letter directing ...ceptance of some of the bids a ...ry order.

...chael J. Dady arrived in Havana this ...ning. He is still hopeful of being ...arded the contract.

The Democratic party have adopted ...n. Bartolome Maso as their candidate ...or the presidency of Cuba.

The papers assert that Senator Tamayo, secretary of state and government, has been challenged to fight a duel by a member of the Union club whom, it is said, Senor Tamayo and a friend assaulted at the close of the recent banquet given by the Cuban society to the visiting Chileans. Senor Tamayo was detained by the police, but ultimately released by the civil governor.

CONFESSION OF ROBBERY.

John Callahan Tells St. Louis Police About Cracking a Kansas Bank in 1899.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 10.—John Callahan, ...o was arrested in the Union iron foun...after an attempt to hold up the night ...an, has confessed to Chief of De...Desmond that he was one of ... who had robbed a bank at ...o county, Kan., in October, ... the safe was blown the ...vided among the trio. They ...nties on a Missouri Pacific ...ke their escape. ...o says his home is in Cleve... that since the robbery he ...ls comrades. The authori...county, Kansas, have been ... arrest.

...ton's Leta D. Sold.

...KY, Nov. 10.—P. Baily and ...Palogna, Italy, who have been ...ottero to race in Italy, have ... D. Creighton's 8-year-old bay ...2:13¼, by George Simmons, for

TWO MEN STEAL A POSTOFFICE

OKLAHOMA BROTHERS WORK A CLEVER FRAUD.

They Thought the Post Would Help Their Business—Regular Incumbent Surrenders His Supplies Without Suspicion—Discovery Not Made for Months—Confession Said to Have Been Made of Other Crimes.

(Special to The Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., Nov. 10.—One of the strangest cases of alleged fraud developed in the history of the postoffice department has been brought to light through the instrumentality of Postoffice Inspector R. M. Hosford of Wichita, Kan., and F. A. Bebee of Oklahoma City.

R. F. Burnett was postmaster at Bain, Kay county. He had a regular commission as such from the postoffice department. It is alleged that he conspired with his brother, G. W. Burnett, who lived at Longwood, six miles distant, to get the postoffice at that place. Both running stores at Bain and Longwood, postoffices would help their business.

It is said that R. F. Burnett proposed to his brother to erase the initials in his commission and substitute G. W. Instead, also to erase the word Bain and insert Longwood. It was a unique and daring proposition and the brothers fell in with it. They did the work so cleverly that when G. W. Burnett went to Postmaster G. H. Pellman at Longwood and told him that he had been appointed postmaster to succeed him, Mr. Pellman turned his office over to him without protest. He could not doubt that he had been removed in view of the commission Burnett showed him.

The postoffice was moved over to Burnett's store last June and has continued there ever since. After this bold stroke it was necessary to deceive the postoffice department at Washington. It is claimed that this was also accomplished by G. W. Burnett forging the name of George H. Pellman to all reports and correspondence with the department. The postoffice at Longwood continued to be run in this manner for several months, the department not knowing that Mr. Pellman had ceased to be postmaster.

To complicate matters, R. F. Burnett appointed the Longwood usurper assistant postmaster at Bain and the usurper in turn appointed R. F. Burnett assistant postmaster at Longwood. After this they actually swapped postoffices, R. F. going to Longwood and G. W. going to Bain. When Postmaster Pellman turned over the postoffice at Longwood to Burnett, the fraudulent appointee, he turned over with it all stamps, money orders, supplies and cash on hand. Burnett used these for his own advantage.

Both men were decoyed into Ponca City where a confession is said to have been obtained from them after being arrested.

A PROBABLE MURDER.

Bisseo Mirabi Shot in the Back During a Brawl Among Italians. Will Not Recover.

During a drunken brawl about 5 o'clock last night, in Boundary street, Rosario Mirabi, an Italian, was shot in the back by Dominic Vares. It was stated at the Mercy hospital that Mirabi's condition is serious. The ball entered under the left shoulder and lodged near the heart. Mirabi will probably live for a few days, but it is said he will die from the wound.

Vares, a man named Charles Malbere, and his wife Mary were locked up in No. 4 police station. Several of the Italians escaped after the shooting, but will likely be hauled in today by the police.

The affair occurred in the house of Charles Malbere, in the Italian district of Boundary street. Some 20 or more of the Italians of that district gathered in the place and were drinking. About half past four they began to quarrel among themselves. Mirabi and Vares got into a dispute about some Italian girl and, according to the report, struck at each other. Suddenly Vares whipped out a revolver and fired at Mirabi.

The bullet struck him on the back and he fell. Vares escaped but was captured later in the day and lodged in No. 4 station as a suspicious person, to await the result of Mirabi's injuries.

MUST LOOK TO OTHER LANDS.

English Trade Paper Says Technical Schools Will Not Give That Country Supremacy.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—(Special Cable)—A lively controversy is waging here over the practical value of the technical schools. Their advocates insist that the extension of technical education is the only chance of assuring England's trade supremacy. The opponents deride the claim and assert that responsibility for England's maintenance of a place among nations rests entirely with the employers. In discussing this subject the Ironmonger prints the following:

"It is absurd to suppose that the supply of national intelligence and energy has suddenly failed in Great Britain. It is equally absurd to imagine that by covering the land with technical schools we could succeed in rearing a nation of inventors. The great primal responsibility rests with the employers of labor. If any method of manufacture existing elsewhere is better than Great Britain, they must import it and make it their own."

FELL FROM HER HORSE.

Young Woman Meets With a Bad Accident While Riding in Paris With the Sultan of Johore.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—(Special Cable.)—An exciting accident happened in the bois today. The sultan of Johore went out riding with a young woman, Miss Tyler. They procured a couple of saddle horses at Hensmann's, Rue de La Faisandelle, but had not gone far when Miss Tyler's horse bolted, ran some distance and then fell, breaking its neck. Miss Tyler was thrown on the sidewalk and rendered unconscious.

The sultan came up and sent the girl to the Elysee Palace hotel, where a physician was soon in attendance and found her not to be seriously injured. The Hensmanns have claimed the value of the horse from the sultan, who says the animal was not fit to ride.

SEWICKLEY'S NEW HOSPITAL.

Committees Named to Proceed With Scope and Plan of Project.

Plans are being completed in Sewickley for the proposed hospital there and committees have been appointed to push matters. The committee in charge is: Mr. W. L. Clause chairman, Dr. Dewitt B. Nettleton, Dr. R. J. Murray, Dr. I. B. Chantler, Messrs. William M. Kennedy, George E. McCague, James I. Adair, Charles F. Nevin, Miss Bittinger, Mrs. W. O. Campbell, James Staurt Brown and William Witheron.

The committee has requested the following to aid in the work: Rev. Father O'Shea, Messrs. Edward A. Woods, A. B. Harlow, Edward O'Neil, Miss Love, Mrs. R. Thompson, Mrs. Darwin S. Wolcott and Mrs. George H. Anderson.

The general committee held a meeting at the home of Rev. M. W. S. Campbell on Saturday night, at which the following sub-committees were appointed:

On site—A. B. Harlow chairman, R. J. Murray, J. S. Brown, Charles F. Nevin and Edward O'Neil.

Organization—Dr. I. B. Chantler chairman; Miss Lucy Bittinger, W. L. Clause, Edward Woods, Mrs. W. O. Campbell.

Equipment and Maintenance—Dr. Dewitt B. Nettleton chairman, Miss Love, Mrs. James Adair, Mrs. Darwin Wolcott, Mrs. George H. Anderson.

Finance—Rev. Father F. F. O'Shea chairman, William Witheron, William Kennedy.

The committees will go about their work immediately and report on Tuesday, November 19.

Fine Fall Trouserings.
New designs. Exclusive patterns.
PITCAIRN'S, 434 Wood street.
101Syuwb

BIG STORAGE PLANT BURNED

Fire Destroys $150,000 Worth of Property in New Castle.

FEAR OF AN EXPLOSION HINDERED FIREMEN

The New Works of the Lawrence Ice and Storage Company Wiped Out by the Flames—Pittsburgher a Member of the Company.

(Special to The Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW CASTLE, PA., Nov. 10.—The plant of the Lawrence Ice and Storage Company was completely gutted by fire this evening. The damage amounts to fully $150,000. The plant was only completed and operations begun this fall and all the expensive machinery was destroyed, only the bare walls being left standing. More than 28,000 pounds of ammonia was stored in the plant and the fears of explosion hindered the firemen. Every department in the city was out, but the flames had too much headway before they arrived and the loss was practically complete.

The fire was started in the oil room and the watchman tried to fight the blaze alone until too late.

E. M. Dupont of Johnstown, Pa., is president of the company and W. H. Dupont of the same place is secretary. Charles Jones of this city is general manager and other capitalists interested are P. Johnston of Pittsburgh and M. B. Clement and J. M. Rough of Greensburg, Pa.

FOUL PLAY SUSPECTED.

Philadelphia Traction Magnate's Steward Lured from Home by Bogus Telegram.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—William L. Elkins, the traction magnate, is much distrubed over the disappearance of William Bewer, his steward, who has not been seen since November 1. Mr. Elkins has engaged detectives to look for Bewer, besides reporting the matter to the city authorities.

Bewer's accounts with his employer were found correct, and the impression is that he has met with foul play. With two weeks' salary in his pocket Bewer came to town from Elkins station November 1. He had received a telegram to the effect that his mother, then in New York, was dead. Telegraphic inquiry has since developed that his mother was not ill. Bewer had told a friend, Frank Striker, that he must hurry to the Broad street station and catch a train for home. He has not been seen since.

Julius Bewer, a divinity student at Columbia college, New York, a brother of the missing man, is here working on the case. He believes his brother was drugged and kidnaped by the person who sent the bogus telegram. The detectives have several theories—nothing more.

SMALLPOX STAMPED OUT.

Efforts of a Heroic Physician at Bryn Mawr Prevent the Spread of the Dread Disease.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—Success is crowning the labors of Dr. George MacLeod in the smallpox district of Bryn Mawr. The spread of the disease has been checked and most of his patients are convalescent. Smallpox made its first appearance in Bryn Mawr about a week ago, when one of the colored servants at the Bryn Mawr college was attacked.

The Bryn Mawr hospital had no contagious ward and a serious problem confronted the community. At this crisis Dr. MacLeod came forward and volunteered to take charge in the settlement. His offer was accepted and the settlement was strictly quarantined. This measure proved effective. No more cases have been reported and no deaths among those under Dr. MacLeod's charge have occurred.

Society, which has remained out of town to avoid smallpox, was much alarmed when the disease appeared at Bryn Mawr, but the prompt measures taken have reassured it and there is no longer any fear of an epidemic in the suburban colonies.

FOREST FIRE RAGING.

Heavy Damage Done By a Big Blaze in Chester County—Eight Hundred People Fighting Fire.

POTTSTOWN, PA., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—A forest fire has swept the Chestnut hills in northern Chester county. It was first noticed yesterday morning on the slope bordering Mill creek valley, in Berks county, but notwithstanding persistent effort on the part of the farmers, the flames steadily increased in volume and space.

This evening the burned district covers 10 miles and embraces fully 2,000 acres of ground, reaching to the French creek valley, near the village of Coventryville. It was estimated that 800 men, women and children were at work yesterday trying to stay the fire.

To Contest Brother's Will.

NEW CASTLE, PA., November 10.—(Special.)—A will contest, involving an estate worth many thousands of dollars, has been begun in the Lawrence county courts. The complainants are Robert Buxton of Mercer and Mrs. Elizabeth McKinney of Petersburg, O., brother and sister of the late Charles Buxton, whose estate is now in dispute. The latter left a will giving his property in entirity to a half brother, John Buxton, and his wife. Complainants alleged that their brother was wholly incompetent to make a will on the date that document bears.

Fall Resulted in Death.

BUTLER, PA., November 10.—(Special.)—David Byers, an oil operator, whose headquarters have been at this place for several years, died at the Butler County hospital last night from injuries received last Friday by falling downstairs. He was 70 years of age and unmarried. Thomas Byers of Pleasantville, Pa., and James Byers of Buffalo, N. Y., are brothers.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS NOTES.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA.—With impressive ceremonies the cornerstone of the new Baptist church was laid here yesterday. Among those who participated in the services were the Revs. C. A. Wilson, Dawson; G. T. Street, Braddock; J. W. Moody, Scottdale; W. A. Edie and E. S. Burgess, Connellsville, and the pastor, the Rev. T. J. Edwards.

UNIONTOWN, PA.—The resignation of J. W. Madore as agent for the Baltimore & Ohio railroad here is announced to take effect November 18.

SHARON, PA.—The village of Hubbard is in darkness as the result of voting down the proposition for building a new municipal electric light plant.

NEW CASTLE, PA.—Local capitalists are interested in the project of forming an association to hold annual fairs in this county. There have been none during the past six years.

UNIONTOWN, PA.—The corner stone of the new African Methodist Episcopal Zion church here was laid yesterday. Addresses were made by Presiding Elders Pringle and Lewis and others.

Turks Jarred by an Earthquake.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 10.—A severe earthquake occurred Friday at Erzeroum. Many houses were destroyed and the inhabitants sought safety in the open.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WRONG'S OF ERIN TOLD IN BOSTON

IRISH DELEGATES ADDRESS LARGE AUDIENCE IN THAT CITY.

Appeal to Members of the Race in America to Cultivate an Irish National Sentiment in the History of That Country—Appeal for Moral and Material Aid for the Struggle Against British Oppression.

BOSTON, Nov. 10.—Ireland's hopes and aims were told in dramatic language to 8,000 men and women in Mechanics hall tonight by the Irish envoys, the Hon. John P. Redmond, the Hon. P. A. McHugh and the Hon. Thomas O'Donnell. This great gathering was directed by the United Irish league and the presiding officer was William Lloyd Garrison.

Mr. Redmond was the first speaker, and in his opening he referred to his first address here 18 years ago, when John P. O'Reilly presided. Since that time, he said, he had been engaged in and out of the house of commons, in many countries and in the prison cell for the Irish cause. He gave a detailed account of the work of uniting the various factions which have resulted in the United Irish league. He and his colleagues had come to America to proclaim three things:

First, the unity of the Irish race; second, to explain the policy of the United Irish league; third, to ask for the moral and the material support from the Irish race in America, from their descendants and the American people themselves.

Mr. O'Donnell, who was next introduced, told of the aims of the Irish National league, reviewed the method of selecting Irish members of parliament and referred to facetiously to his attempt to instruct the members of parliament in the Irish language.

Today, he continued, Ireland is an Irish Ireland whose sons respect her past, respect and value her products and bar everything that comes from England.

"We are not cowardly enough," said Mr. O'Donnell, "to make any statement in this free republic that we would not make in Ireland or before English policemen in the house of commons. We should be unworthy of freedom did we counsel tame submission to intolerable wrongs. We have not come to preach any such doctrine.

"I appeal to Irish parents in America to do their duty to cultivate an Irish national sentiment and to instruct their children in the history of our beloved country."

Mr. O'Donnell also gave a greeting to the audience in his mother tongue.

Mr. McHugh spoke on the bright outlook for the Irish people and said they must follow the policy of Parnell. He said that in Ireland there were only two nations, one for the Irish people and the other against them. He paid a tribute to Mr. Redmond, the leader of the Irish parliamentary delegation.

The Rev. Arthur J. Teeling of Lynn introduced a series of resolutions which were unanimously adopted indorsing the plan of the United Irish League as outlined by Mr. Redmond and promising moral and financial support of the movement.

The guests of the evening were escorted to the hall from the Bellevue on Beacon hill by seven companies of the Ninth regiment M. V. M., with the colors commanded by Col. W. M. Donovan and his staff.

CLUB MAN ARRESTED.

Scion of a Prominent Detroit Family Charged With Forgery and Locked Up in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—(Special.)—Bodine Latham, a graduate of Harvard university, who says that his family is prominent in Detroit and that his brother-in-law is Edward F. Dwight of the law firm of Carter, Hughes & Dwight of that city, was arrested at his home, No. 4 West Forty-seventh street, here this afternoon and locked up at the Tenderloin police station. The charge on which Latham was arrested is the forging of a check for $5,000 on the Knickerbocker Trust Company.

The arrest was made on the complaint of Lee A. Agnew, an inventor, who says that the check in question was given him by Latham in part payment for a patent automatic folding machine for newspapers, for which the latter was to pay him $80,000 in cash and $250,000 in stock in a company with a capital of $1,000,000. Agnew says that Latham claimed that the check was given him by W. C. Durant, a carriage manufacturer of Flint, Mich., who is now living at the Waldorf-Astoria. Mr. Durant denies all knowledge of the check. It is also said that Latham was recently proposed for membership in the Union League and New York Yacht clubs.

WORK FOR ROYALISTS.

Burden of Putting Down Cape Colony Rebellion Now on Their Shoulders.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—In a letter dated October 23 the Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Mail says:

"Lord Kitchener and Sir John Gordon Sprigge, the Cape premier, have arranged a scheme for the expulsion of the invaders from Cape Colony. A joint commission of imperial and colonial military chiefs has been sitting here for some days past to draft a scheme.

"It is understood that this provides for the colony taking a large share in the future of the country and contributing largely toward its cost. Apparently a levy of loyalists en masse is the idea involved."

According to the Daily News Maj.-Gen. Ian Hamilton, who sailed Saturday for South Africa to act as Lord Kitchener's chief of staff, takes a plan prepared in London for a more vigorous campaign, with a view of ending the war before the coronation festivities begin.

"Gen. Hamilton's appointment," says the Daily News, "is part of a plan arranged after the king's return from the continent about six weeks ago. Unless Lord Kitchener should decline to be complaisant, the new scheme is likely to develop about the beginning of the year."

BUSY AT CHARLESTON.

South Carolina Exposition Promises to Be an Artistic and Financial Success.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 10.—Exhibitors and concessionaires are coming to Charleston in large numbers, and during the past two days a hundred carloads of exhibits have arrived here for the exposition.

The Philadelphia building is ready for the Liberty Bell, which it will shelter during the exposition. More than 2,000 men are now employed on the exposition grounds. The housing committee of the woman's department has already secured more than 10,000 lodgings for exposition visitors in private families and boarding houses. Nearly every house in Charleston will be converted for the exposition period into a house of entertainment, and the sentiment of the community is against every attempt to exact heavy tolls from the visitors. The railroads have agreed upon rates lower than those made for Buffalo. The attendance promises to be at least twice what the promoters of the project expected and the exposition will be one of the most artistic ever held in the south.

ELECTION CONFIRMED.

General Officers of Mormon Church Declare Joseph F. Smith the Head of the Church.

SALT LAKE, UTAH, Nov. 10.—At a special conference of general officers of the Mormon church, held in the tabernacle in this city today, the action of the council of apostles in selection of Joseph F. Smith as president of the church, in succession to the late Lorenzo Snow, was sustained.

The conference also ratified the selection of Joseph F. Smith, John R. Winder and Anton H. Lund as members of the first presidency.

STRANGE STORY OF PERSECUTION

Iowa Farmer Says He Was Unjustly Imprisoned for Many Years.

SAYS RAILROAD'S REVENGE CAUSED IT

Unknown Tramp's Confession to a Minister Four Years Ago Substantiates the Unfortunate Man's Claim of Innocence.

(Special to The Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CLARENCE, IA., Nov. 10.—J. R. Faust, formerly of Des Moines, and later a prosperous farmer of Marshall county, arrived at the home of his wife's parents here today and told a harrowing story of his experiences in the last few years. His wife, long believing him dead, had returned to her old home.

According to Faust's statement, he has, since 1897, spent two and a half years in an Iowa penitentiary, 10 months in insane asylums at Tiffin and Toledo, O., and has been charged first with the crime of arson, and then with wife murder. Escape was made from the Toledo state hospital two months ago and Faust reveals an alleged plot, of which he was the victim, that is borne out in many particulars by official records.

A fire destroyed his property in Marshall county in the fall of 1897. Though he says he was not in the county at the time, he was convicted of applying the torch. He served the term of his sentence at Fort Madison, and was released June 4, 1900. Faust alleges that he was persecuted by detectives employed by a railroad to look up evidence in a personal injury damage suit he had instituted against that road, and that these officers in their zeal placed him behind prison and asylum bars.

From Prison to a Mad House.

Faust says that after being discharged from the prison he sought the railroad station and found that he had until evening to wait for a train that would take him to Clarence. Near nightfall he was accosted by three men. He was informed by the spokesman that he was wanted in Illinois on a charge of forgery. In vain he protested that there was a mistake. He says that the men put him in a buggy and he was taken across the Mississippi river, put on a train and taken through Galesburg and Streator over the Santa Fe road to Chicago. For 10 months, he alleges, he was detained in Chicago in a private hospital, compelled to occupy quarters with insane patients. Then Faust says he was taken over the Baltimore & Ohio to Tiffin, O., where he told that he was wanted at Celina for wife murder.

He was kept at Tiffin but a short time and then taken to the state asylum at Toledo. The patient was allowed to go to the chapel Sunday night, and on August 26 last, he removed a grating from the air shaft or ventilating chamber and crawled through this to the portico, 30 feet below. He then dug through the heavy wall, which took him until 2 o'clock in the morning. In this way he gained admittance to the basement, from which he made his escape by a window. After escaping Faust says he went straight to Bowling Green and reported the matter to attorneys, and was advised by them to shave off his mustache and go back to Iowa. Without a cent to pay his railroad fare he was forced to seek free rides on freight trains. He made his way to Kings, Ill., where he met his brother and was rendered the assistance necessary to carry him to his family.

Exonerated By a Confession.

DES MOINES, IA., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—J. R. Faust lived in Marshall county in 1897 and was committed to the penitentiary at Fort Madison after being convicted of setting fire to his house and barns, which were heavily insured. Soon being released at the end of his term he disappeared. His wife, who had in the meantime gone back to the home of her parents in Clarence, gave him up for dead.

In September of last year a tramp visited Waterloo and inquired for a minister. He was directed to one, but was unable to see the minister for some reason, and in the evening the same tramp appeared at the residence of Postmaster Munger and inquired if the postmaster was in. He was told that he was, but declined to come in, stating that he merely wished a letter handed to Mr. Munger. This letter he gave to the postmaster's son who came to the door. The letter proved to be a confession of the tramp to the effect that he and one of the farm hands had conspired upon the owner of the buildings, against whom they had a grudge. Little was thought of the confession at the time, as the man who had made it could not be found, and he was supposed to be some lunatic who was wandering about the country.

Dr. Henson Goes to Brooklyn.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Dr. P. S. Henson, for 25 years pastor of the First Baptist church of Chicago, today announced his resignation to accept the pastorate of the Hanson Place Baptist church of Brooklyn.

NOW IS THE TIME

Seasons change. We can't change them. We can't prevent the coming of cold and damp airs.

But we can prevent the sore throats, the coughs, colds and lung troubles by taking Scott's Emulsion. Nothing does more to make the tender throat tough. Nothing gives such strength to weak lungs.

Don't take risks—when it's easy to be safe. Now is the season for taking Scott's Emulsion in season.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

Hear the wonder...
Apollo Piano Player.
The latest and most complete player now made.
N. KLEBER & BRO.,
221-223 Fifth Ave.
83uwyb

FLEMING'S OLD EXPORT WHISKY IS BOTH HEALTHFUL AND HELPFUL
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DRUGGISTS—MARKET ST. OPP. DIAMOND

REBEL REFUSES TO SURRENDER

LUKBAN, INSURGENT CHIEF, HOWEVER, WILL SOON BE CAUGHT.

Wants American Troops Withdrawn from Gaudara Valley, Island of Samar—Soldiers Ordered to Keep Arms at All Times, Even While Eating—Commanders Will Be Held Responsible for Surprises.

MANILA, Nov. 10.—According to advices from Catbalogan, capital of the island of Samar, Lukban, the insurgent leader, has sent a message to General Smith, declaring that he will not listen to negotiations for surrender until all the Americans have withdrawn from the Gandara valley.

General Smith has ordered every American soldier in the island of Samar and the island of Leyte never to be without arms, even at meal time. He is determined that there shall be no more surprises, and commanding officers will be held responsible. General Smith also directs that scouting must continue incessantly, and that all rice and hemp captured must be destroyed. He considers the capture of Lukban only a question of a very short time.

The federal convention continues its meetings, but these are as a rule of a turbulent character and very little is accomplished. Personal bickerings prevent harmony. Senor Buencamino challenged Senor Velasco to a duel, but the latter refused to fight on account of the age of the challenger.

Many provincial delegates have already left in disgust. Senor Sabella Reyes wanted to enter upon the minutes of the convention an expression of the regret felt by the delegates at the lack of interest displayed in the work of political organization. Then Senor Buencamino left the room saying he would never return. In each instance he yielded to the persuasion of his friends that he should go back and finally he formally tendered his resignation, but only to put in an appearance again at the evening session.

The question of the friars has been occupying much of the time of the convention. Intense antipathy is shown toward them, and the sense of the convention was practically unanimous that they must go.

Incriminating evidence is accumulating against Gibson Easton, the representative of two of the largest firms in Manila, who was recently expelled from Samar on a charge of dealing with the insurgents and he will probably be arrested and tried.

Lukban's commissary general, who was recently captured, says that both concerns had an agreement with Lukban to furnish 500 sacks of rice each year. He has given the date of delivery to men now in Cebu. The authorities have not yet decided as to the extent of the liabilities of the firms.

YANKEE SCHOONER SEIZED.

Charged With Helping Emigrants Evade Military Service for Portugal.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The Exchange Telegraph Company has received a dispatch from Lisbon announcing that a Portuguese gunboat has seized the American schooner Nettie and Lottie at Horta, island of Fayal, the Azores, for clandestinely conveying 26 emigrants who were trying to avoid military service.

Columbia Professor Honored.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 10.—Prof. Henry M. Howe of the School of Mines of Columbia university, has been elected an honorary member of the Russian Technical society.

Alex Ross Piano Co.,
714 PENN AVENUE,
Near Eighth Street,
Exclusive agents for
MATHUSHEK & SONS,
JAMES & HOLMSTROM,
JACOB BROTHERS
and other high-grade pianos; over 200 instruments to select from; we have a number of good second-hand upright pianos which we desire to close out and which will be sold at reasonable prices. Following is partial list:
STEINWAY & SONS,
CHICKERING,
KRAKAUER,
IVERS & POND,
STECK & CO.,
EVERETT,
MILLER.
New pianos from $150 up; tuning and repairing.
Alex Ross Piano Co.
714 PENN AVENUE,
Near Eighth Street,

Business Growing?
You'll need new office supplies—and it's poor economy to think that the little essentials in office work do not amount to much—
Artistic Stationery
Blank Books
Legal Blanks
Desk Supplies
are very important features in the every day life of an office—
Telephone your needs.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.
429-431 Wood St.

Does Your Suit Need Cleaning?
Bring it in—
Or telephone and I'll send for it—I believe my facilities for cleaning, pressing and repairing men's clothes are the best in this end of the state—
Dickson, The Tailor,
303 Fifth Ave. Second Floor.

BRITISH UNDERBID.

American Locomotives Cheaper and More Quickly Delivered Than English Make.

CAPE TOWN, Nov. 10.—Dr. J. W. Smart, commissioner of public works of Cape Colony, in the course of a letter to the papers here dealing with the mission of the general manager of the cape government railways, Charles Metterman Elliott, and his correspondence with the British press, says Mr. Elliott has cabled that his total purchases and orders for the cape railways placed in America do not exceed £800. Dr. Smart adds:

"The approximate value of the rolling stock ordered during the last two years is £1,650,000, of which British firms have supplied about £800,000. Orders for railway stores apart from rolling stock, from July, 1900, to September, 1901, aggregate £365,000, of which Great Britain supplied £60,677."

In a statement accompanying the letter the commissioner of public works compares at length the experience of the cape government in connection with the cost and time of delivery in the case of orders placed in Great Britain with the experience in the case of orders placed in the United States. He shows that the Americans supplied locomotives within ten months, whereas the British manufacturers required from 12 to 18 in spite of the offers of a premium for delivery in advance of the contract time.

He also shows that the American engines were satisfactory and the prices far below the British. An order for rails for a light line was placed on the continent at £4 13s 9d per ton, the lowest British tender being £9 4s 6d.

The agent general was authorized to give the British a preference of 10 per cent, but not unless they were prepared to meet the requirements of prompt delivery and reasonable prices in comparison with others and to adapt themselves to the colony's needs and conditions as these were in the United States and on the continent.

It is suggested that the suppression of Mr. Elliott will not maintain trade to the British.

SHOT BY HIS FRIEND.

Man Brought from Dilworth to McKeesport Hospital Says His Wounds Were Accidental.

Alexander Scott, aged 27 years of Dilworth, Pa., was brought to the McKeesport hospital late last night with two revolver shot wounds in his body.

Scott claims that a friend of his, Carl Epps, accidentally shot him with a 30-caliber Colt's revolver, while they were fooling with it at Donora. One bullet entered at the neck and glancing downward came out at the shoulder, while the other ball went clear through the left leg. When the authorities at Donora were asked as to the shooting, they said it was the result of a drug game between Epps and Scott. The hospital authorities believe Scott will recover.

DISQUALIFIED FOR LIFE.

American Jockey Charged With Holding Horse at the Post.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—C. T. (Boots) Durnell, the American jockey and trainer, has been disqualified for life by the Jockey club on the ground that he deliberately remained at the post at St. Cloud October 28 when he rode Londres in the Prix de Marly-Le-Roi.

Durnell protests that his remaining at the post was due to a misunderstanding. He says he has ridden for years in the United States, but has never been summoned before the stewards.

Mr. Williams, president of the California Jockey club, stood sponsor for him when he applied for the French license five months ago.

Durnell denies that he has or has had any relations with the bookmakers.

A SURE CURE FOR
Grip
DR. FENNER'S
Golden Relief and Cough Honey.
SAFE, SURE, CERTAIN.
PRICE 25 CTS. A BOTTLE.
All "COLDS" in any part of the body, Colds in the Head, Coughs, Bronchitis and Pneumonia, Sore Throat; all Throat and Lung Troubles. They are both GERMICIDES.
For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.
St. Vitus' Dance Sure Cure. Circular, Dr. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y. 102Syuwb

Established 1857
DAULER, CLOSE & JOHNS
Fine Holiday Furniture

DRESSERS
The artistic, the good—but not necessarily the expensive—not cheap—but low priced—
$15.00 and upwards, by easy figures, gives you a choice of Fine Dressers here—not to be met with elsewhere—All styles, in all woods—with other chamber furniture to match.
Royal Furniture Polish, 25c.
636—SMITHFIELD ST—640

Mary E. Wilkins' Great Novel
The Portion of Labor
A Study of An American Girl
THIS is the strongest novel that Miss Wilkins has written. It is of her own field—New England. It tells the love story of a young and attractive American girl in a small manufacturing town. Dramatic, vivid and real. One of the great books of the year.
Illustrated, $1.50.
Franklin Square Harper & Brothers New York City

Pittsburgh Carpet Co.
JUST A WORD
about our new lines of
FINE CARPETS
We are now showing one of the best and most varied stocks of strictly high grade Carpetings ever brought to this city.
Choicest new colorings and designs and many of them confined exclusively to our house.
Special Sale of
REMNANTS
in every department. November cleaning up of all carpets in lengths of from 5 to 40 yards.
Cost Not Considered.
We must have room for new goods and it's a week of snaps for bargain-wise buyers—it's dollars saved.
Pittsburgh Carpet Co.,
227—FIFTH AVE.—227

J. R. REED & CO.
JEWELERS AND WATCHMAKERS.
409 MARKET STREET.

Pittsburgh Gazette Cable Features

SUDDEN RISE IN AMERICAN STOCKS

Englishmen at a Loss to Explain the Unusual Activity in Our Securities—The Burden of the War Tax Is Arousing Bitter Feeling Among the Britishers.

(Special Cable to The Pittsburgh Gazette.)
(Copyright, 1901, by New York Herald.)

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach is not popular on the stock exchange. Neither is that much abused word "inevitable." Even Rudyard Kipling, as the author of "Pay, Pay, Pay," might find enthusiasm vanished as compared with the vociferous chorus which greeted his refrain two years ago.

Between subscribing a million or so to the various war funds, which was the reply to Mr. Kipling's appeal, and facing the prospect of tens of millions more consols in addition to the already swollen war loan, and an indefinite increase of the income tax, all of which was hinted at rather than expressed outright by Sir Michael this week, there is a wide difference.

Nor does it mend matters that the chancellor of the exchequer has all along been but a Job's comforter. While his fellow ministers have called the war and everything connected with it "inevitable," he has persistently applied this term to the financial burden which now materializes as the result of over two years' war. His speech at Bristol a few days ago, therefore, has emphasized his unpopularity, the more so as everybody around Capel Court has long realized that the time must soon come to face the music, even though unwilling to admit as much when discussing the war.

Sir Michael's candid exposition has the uneasy conscience of depressing consols to a level unknown since the Franco-German war. It did not tend to mend matters, either that on Monday the increased rate for consols afforded evidence of a weakness in the open account of the premier security. Meantime there was not wanting evidence of a strong bear sentiment in consols, many people who may eventually have to find a large portion of the capital for the next issue being somewhat essimistic in their talk just now. The prices at which this issue will be floated is likely to make a new, if not a very satisfactory, record.

Explanations have been various as to the cause of the sudden rize and rather sudden activity of Americans. The defeat of Tammany had been discounted within a few hours after the news reached here, and why Yankees should continue to boom was more or less a mystery to Shorters court.

An abnormally large amount of business was transacted on the curb late on Friday. Arbitrage houses cleared this market pretty clean while the boom lasted and not a few operators will have to do a little quiet buying on Monday morning to straighten their books. Curiously enough, the prevailing opinion is that the present spurt is against the wishes of the former bull leaders in Wall street. The bears of Capel court have a lurking idea that their brethren in New York will come to their assistance before long.

A striking illustration of the difference between the stock of today as compared with 20 years ago has been afforded this week by the reception of the news about the French fleet in Turkish waters. One of the oldest members of the exchange in discussing this latter day callousness of Capel court, said: "I don't wonder there is no business doing nowadays. Twenty years ago the mere rumor that battleships were in the direction of the Bosporus would have knocked the bottom out of prices, while any news of the landing of troops at a Turkish port would have simply produced chaos. Nowadays we seem to have got over those old-fashioned prejudices. We hear the news of Russia moving down on Persia or fencing in half of China and the market scarcely moves.

"Reverses to our arms in Africa or to our diplomats in other parts of the world we seem to regard as something which does not concern us in the least. The stock exchange has become as dull as a meeting house. I do not wonder the public gives it a wide berth."

FIND CONVENIENT EXCUSES.

Russian Officials Charged With Embezzling Government Funds Say That Their Books Were Stolen.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 10.—(Special Cable.)—Beauracratic embezzlements are increasing in number and magnitude. Chief Engineer Stackelberg and other officials engaged in the improvement of navigation on the Volga are alleged to have stolen a million roubles and grave irregularities, involving the loss of several million are charged against officials engaged in the construction of the Manchurian railway. Documents and account books have disappeared. The officials, however, assert the Chinese rebels destroyed the books.

CASTRO FAMILY IS UNPOPULAR

Liberals Accuse the Brother of Venezuela's President of Selling Cattle to Enemy.

WILLEMSTAD, ISLAND OF CURACAO, Nov. 10.—Advices received here from Capacho Viejo, dated November 5, say that the report from President Castro to his brother, Celestino Castro, at San Cristobal, to the effect that the United States government "insists upon mediating between Venezuela and Colombia," caused the greatest excitement among the troops on the frontier. Gen. Uribe-Uribe and Gen. Modesto Castro immediately set out for San Cristobal to obtain details.

It seems that Gen. Uribe-Uribe refused to believe the report, declaring that he had no fears as to the future of the Liberal cause, because President Castro had given him a cast iron pledge not to forsake him.

"Should President Castro prove untrue to the Liberal cause," exclaimed Gen. Uribe-Uribe, "the result would be his ruin. The war will enter Colombia before Christmas."

There is considerable feeling against the Castro family among the Colombian Liberals and along the frontier, in consequence of a widespread rumor that Celestino Castro, who is commander-in-chief at San Cristobal, has been privately selling cattle to the enemy, the cattle being whisked across the frontier by means of alleged raids of Colombian Conservatives. During one of these raids a dozen soldiers were killed on both sides. It is said that the cattle change hands at a prearranged price of $30 per head. The blood thus spilled is charged directly to Celestino Castro by the indignant people of Tachira.

CURACAO, Nov. 10.—(Via Haytien Cable.)—Dr. Eduardo Blanco, Venezuelan minister of foreign affairs, has resigned his portfolio. He will be succeeded by Dr. Pachano.

The cause of the resignation was a disagreement regarding the Colombian question, particularly the answer of President Castro to the Pan-American congress in the City of Mexico, which was sent without Dr. Blanco's knowledge.

YANKEE COAL IN GERMANY.

Brings Better at Rotterdam Than the Home Article—Boerse Stagnant.

BERLIN, November 10.—The boerse has grown more stagnant, although values have been generally maintained. Some coal and iron shares improved several points on the weak, but others fell off. All other industrials were weaker. Ocean transportation shares experienced a new fall, Hamburger-American declining 2½ and North German Lloyd 4. The latter went below par for the first time in five years. The Frankfurter Zeitung explains these declines by pointing to "the growing conviction that the bad industrial situation of Europe must eventually effect the lines very unfavorably."

The Cologne Gazette argues that the competition of American anthracite with German anthracite is not to be feared, inasmuch as the price of coal delivered to Rhine boats at Rotterdam is 29 marks for the American product, whereas the German mines offer the same quality at 23 marks. To this the Berliner Tageblatt replies that the continued imports of American anthracite demonstrate the ability of the Americans to compete, and it expresses a hope that American competition will compel the German producers to reduce prices to a point where imports can be easily stopped.

The Frankfurter Zeitung reports that American speculators are inquiring whether this is a favorable time to invest in German coal shares at the present reduced prices, and that the answer is generally in the negative. "For this reason," says this journal, "the export of shares to the United States has nearly ceased, and there is only a very slight prospect of early resumption."

American railway securities were active, interest was confined chiefly to Northern Pacific, in which, however, realizations occurred toward the end of the week.

The Vossische Zeitung admits that European boerses now, more than ever, need an impulse from Wall street, since the United States is experiencing the almost universal depression to the least extent.

The money market throughout the week was very easy, the tendency being more and more favorable. Call loans were offered at from 2 to 2½ per cent.

WANT AMERICAN APPLES.

Copenhagen Merchants Complain of Our Method of Packing Fruit.

(Special Correspondence of the Associated Press.)

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 29.—The fruit crop in Denmark is nearly a failure this season. Apples are especially scarce, and in consequence dear, selling in wholesale as high as 13 cents a pound. German, Russian and French apples are being imported. Some of the commission men in Copenhagen will try to import American apples. They complain, however, of the packing and terms of sale in New York. Russian apples are carefully packed in excelsior in large boxes and will stand shipping and storing a long time. The American apples, which are packed in barrels, do not keep well.

Danish buyers say that many American apples would be sold here if packed in the Russian manner. They also complain that New York houses demand cash payment before shipment, and ship goods at buyers' risk. American apples can now be had in Hamburg, from 24 to 26 marks a barrel; in Hull, 27 to 28 shillings.

AMERICAN MUSICAL GENIUS PRAISED

German Critic Says That Composing, Orchestral, Instrumental and Vocal Talent in This Country Is Gradually Gaining a Foremost Place.

(Special Cable to The Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—America has been teaching Europe music for 20 years, declared Dr. Wilhelm Klatte, the musical critic of the Lokal Anzeiger, in an interview for The Gazette.

Prof. Klatte is delivering a series of lectures on the history of music and is according a high place to American composing, orchestral, instrumental and vocal talent. He says: "America is undoubtedly on the threshold of a great musical career. Native composition is emerging from its infancy. McDowell, Parker, Foote, Chadwick and Sousa afford rich promise. As yet, however, the German, Italian and French music influence is marked because most of the American musical exponents are fresh from European schooling. But this will decrease as the body politic loses its cosmopolitanism and becomes more typically American.

"The records of our own conservatories, patronized by Americans, show an average in a class of 200 probably one-fifth Yankees and the rest Germans. Never less than 45 Americans obtain first honors, these young people chiefly equipping themselves to teach.

"Sousa's stirring works will live, Theodore Thomas, Walter Damrosch, Emil Paur, Anton Seidl all lend a shining glory to American music. A land which raised and supports such talent will not be content until still higher artistic ideals are reached."

PARIS, Nov. 10.—(Special Cable.)—The Chicago university's offer to provide a site for the proposed French industrial school was commented on with great interest by all the evening papers. Thus far only an unofficial offer has been received by the organizers of the project, who, however, express strong appreciation of Chicago's generosity. They promise to take into account the offer before definitely deciding upon a location. According to present indications it is an even fight between Chicago and Philadelphia, although in any case the French students will not stay in a single city, but travel broadly through the country subject to a central administration.

AMERICANS ACTIVE.

London Market Redeemed from Dullness by Movement in Railway Issues.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The fall in consols, which is partially attributable to the speech of the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, foreshadowing increased war taxes, caused everything to be dull during the early part of last week, but owing to the brisk revival in American railway securities all the markets closed better. It seems to most observers that it would take but little to start a good upward movement.

With the exception of Americans there has been little increase in business, but the quickness with which they rallied has encouraged a belief that better markets are in prospect. The Northern Pacific settlement is the subject of much discussion, especially as to whether it is the beginning of a new boom. If so, the impression is that this would not receive much assistance on the European side of the Atlantic, because neither the industrial, monetary nor political condition of Europe would justify a confident attitude on the part of the old world operators.

Continental exchange has improved from the London point of view and, therefore there is no immediate prospect of gold shipments from London. The demand for gold in the open market has also diminished. The price of bar gold shows a slight decline. The movement of gold to South America, which began with the withdrawal of £118,000 week before last, seems likely to be larger than usual. It is recognized here that the French demand for gold has not been entirely satisfied by New York shipments and that it will be necessary to keep up rates in order to prevent the return of French capital.

KAISER ORDERS YACHT HERE.

Emperor William Believes That Americans Build the Fastest Sailing Boats.

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—(Special Cable.)—The kaiser, having now ordered a new racing yacht in the United States, takes the utmost interest in all the details concerning its progress. His majesty is firmly convinced that the Americans build the fastest sailing boats. The emperor is not now dealing with the United States for the first time, as he purchased the Iduna there as a sort of family boat for the empress.

In ordering a new racer in the United States, the emperor has other ideas besides that of having a fast boat. He would like to see a fleet of American yachts appearing at the Kiel regatta this coming season, and thus adding importance to the meeting and showing his rich German subjects what they might do with their money in the way of buying beautiful water palaces, for his majesty is constantly inciting his richer people to buy boats and in this way stimulate the sailor's profession, from which to recruit in time of need for his navy. Should American yachtsmen come, as the kaiser expects, they may be certain of a very cordial welcome.

FOREIGN NEWS NOTES.

Mexico.

Should American wheat, as threatened, come into Mexico in quantities large enough to warrant the poorer classes in using it for their tortillas, or unleavened bread, as the Mexicans do in Chihauhua and other border sections, it will have the effect of driving corn largely out of the market and will produce a revolution in the agricultural conditions of this country, which has used corn for the national bread for centuries, ever since Mexico had any history. Yet corn is indigenous to this country, having been found here by the Spaniards, and yields enormously, as high as 400 to one, and as a rule is a hardy growth, and this past season's set-back on account of drought, may not be repeated next year. If it should, the importation of American wheat and the increase of wheat production in Sonora and other northern states of Mexico may further popularize wheat among the poorer classes of the country.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 2.

Germany.

All Germany is laughing over the new standard for masculine wearing apparel fixed by the municipal authorities of the city of Aachen as a prerequisite for legal right to marry. Recently a young man clad in a gaily colored shirt sought to buy a marriage license. Observing his lurid front the magistrate declared the document could not be supplied until the applicant presented himself in a white shirt. The would-be benedict explained that his wardrobe consisted exclusively of striped and spotted garments, added that he had inherited objections to white shirts. When he called the following day he found the magistrate immovable and left in disgust, declaring that between matrimony and white shirts he preferred bachelorhood.

BERLIN, Oct. 29.

Italy.

The Italian army consists of 826,340 men. Of this number only 249,820 are under arms at present, the remaining 375,520 diligently drilled at stated periods of the year can be called to active service at any moment. The militia numbers another 307,656 trained soldiers, whilst the landwehr or territorial militia, organized after the Prussian pattern, can furnish 2,222,657 men. Total 3,272,409 men. The standing army counts 13,571 officers, namely: 52 lieutenant generals, 86 major generals, 314 colonels, 525 lieutenant colonels, 968 majors, 4,312 captains, 6,188 lieutenants, and 1,091 sub-lieutenants.

ROME, Oct. 29.

Switzerland.

Wine is so abundant in Switzerland this year that it is possible to buy excellent red wine for 20 centimes (4 cents) a litre (quart). These conditions do not please the winegrowers. Their profit is lower than usual. They demand an increased duty on foreign wine. The subject will be debated in parliament. At present the Swiss think they pay enough for protection, customs duty per head being 15 francs ($2 89).

GENEVA, Oct. 30.

Belgium.

Attempts made in Belgium by Boer sympathizers to bring about a boycott of British shipping, have utterly failed. The Belgian has at heart his own interest and thinks twice before launching into extremes. The trade between Belgium and Great Britain is so extensive that any attempt to bring about such a boycott here was foredoomed to failure.

ANTWERP, Oct. 29.

Holland.

The Dutch navy department has ordered from the British firm of Messrs. W. G. Armstrong, Whitworth & Company, at Newcastle-on-Tyne, the torpedo tubes for the new man-of-war, the "Hertog Hendrik."

THE HAGUE, Oct. 29.

Norway.

Prof. Birkeland of Christiania has invented an electric gun, by means of which he believes modern warfare will be revolutionized.

CHRISTIANA, Oct. 29.

HAMILTON'S

INVITE PITTSBURGH ORCHESTRA MUSIC TO YOUR HOME

Although you cannot very well have a large orchestra with you all the time, you can have its finest music rendered whenever you like if you but own the world-famous

Angelus Orchestral Piano Player

It not only plays any piano with all the nicety of genius, but it produces orchestral effects which distinguish it from all other players. The next best thing to having the Pittsburgh Orchestra in your home is to own an Angelus.

See the Angelus—hear it—there's a wealth of melody in it.

HAMILTON'S

The Hamilton Building, 335-337 Fifth Ave., Pittsburgh.

Exclusive sales department for A. B. Chase and Fischer Pianos and the Angelus Orchestral Piano Player.

Weather—Fair.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Monday, Nov. 11, 1901.

All in Readiness for Holiday Buyers.

The joyous Christmas season will soon be here, and following our usual policy of anticipating the needs of the buying public, we have assembled our Holiday Collection of Novelties, as well as staple goods, at this early date, and announce the largest and most interesting stocks we have ever displayed, at most interesting prices.

Early buyers have many advantages.

Goods carefully packed and held for later delivery.

Black Silks.

A silk store is judged by its Black Silks. Our silk business this season is far ahead of previous records. This is undoubtedly due to the extensive variety of superb silks which we have constantly shown, the completeness of the stock and the universally low prices.

The display of new silks is fascinating to lovers of fine fabrics, and of special interest is the array of sumptuous Black Silks.

And the next best thing about our Black Silks is the underprices. Indeed many women place the underprices before the variety.

Something very special follows—an importer's surplus secured at a concession—

Black Peau de Sole, $1.25 a yard instead of $1.65; $1.50 a yard instead of $2.

Pure Dye Black Taffeta, $1.25 a yard instead of $1.65; $1.45 a yard instead of $1.85.

Two Black Taffeta Specials undermentioned, very suggestive of the practical holiday present—

One-Yard-Wide Black Taffeta at 85c a yard—a dollar quality.

Twenty-seven inches wide Black Taffeta, 75c a yard—a ninety-cent quality.

Both of the above black taffetas have that soft, lustrous finish and are guaranteed for wear.

Beginning Tomorrow and Continuing Through the Week We Will Have an Interesting Opening of

Winter Millinery---

Paris Hats, Paris Toques, Paris Bonnets,

TOGETHER WITH LATE STYLES OF

Hats and Toques Similar to Those Imported to Be Worn at the New York Horse Show.

NOTE—As a fashion event the New York Horse Show sets the styles in Millinery and Costumes for the Winter season. Our late importations and designs are now ready, embodying all the correct ideas in colors and materials for millinery, costumes and toilettes.

In connection with the above we will also exhibit

New Fur Trimmed Turbans of Beaver Felt trimmed with Plumes and Flowers in artistic Paris Combinations.

Large Beautiful Afternoon Picture Hats, the latest Creations combining Irish Pointe Lace and Flowers and Furs.

Pedestrian Hats and Hats for all occasions.

Another interesting exhibit will comprise a great variety of smart effects in Hair ornaments.

This is an informal opening without cards and we cordially invite all to be present on any of the days.

Fine Napery for the Dining Table.

You would not like to pay $65 for a tablecloth? We assure you there are plenty of people who think nothing of it. And that is why there is a greater range of values in our linen department than one would probably find anywhere outside of New York.

But here is a list of excellent table napery with the regular prices they would have to sell for if bought from importers, and what we charge, being in the importing business ourselves.

$1 a dozen for Napkins—19 by 19 inches—regular price $1.25.

$3 a dozen for bleached Damask Napkins—24 by 24 inches—regular price $3.75.

$6 a dozen for fine Damask Napkins—27 by 27 inches—regular prices $7.50 and $8 a dozen.

$1.50 each for bleached Table Cloths—bordered all around—68 by 72 inches—regular price, $2.

$1.75 each for bleached Damask Cloths—68 by 90 inches—regular price $2.25 each.

$3.75 each for Damask Cloths—2½ by 2½ and 2 by 4 yards—regular prices, $4.75 and $5.

Colored Dress Goods.

Holiday news, in a measure, pushes news of dress goods aside; but we shall always find room for a mention. By the way, is there any more suggestive gift news than that of practical goods?

Many advance styles for Winter are arriving; new ideas in weaves of wool and silk and wool combined.

Here is the new Crepe de Paris—the nicest material ever wove for street wear and house gowns—made of a mixture of fine silk and wool. New shades for the street, new shades for house wear. 42 inches wide. The price, $1.25 a yard.

New Canvas Voiles—stylish, handsome. Wide, 46 inches. Prices, $1.25 and $1.50 a yard.

New Striped Skirting Cloths for Converting into unlined skirts. Oxford, brown and navy. A great width—56 inches, and the price only $1.00 a yard.

A fine special for today: 52-inch all-wool mixture Tailor Cheviot—late street shades—and we'll cut as many yards as you say for 65c a yard.

All-Wool Challis, 33c Yard.

The price did it—the rush for challis last week.

Came very near depleting this special line, but we knew where there was more.

A messenger boy—rush telegram—fast express—goods here this morning. Just as fine a lot as that to which you were treated last week.

Bless and save us, we almost omitted to say the Challis is the 50c kind. You were glad to get it at that price a while back.

Bath Room Rugs, Half Prices.

Just a small lot of Wakefield all-wool Bath Rugs—35 in all. Mottled green, blue and red centers with monotone borders.

Fifth floor Rug Department.

Sizes, 72 by 36 inches—worth $8.00—to-day $4.00.
Sizes, 60 by 30 inches—worth $6.50—to-day $3.25.

Holiday Propositions in Plain Silks at Reduced Prices.

A brace of Colored Silks, an interestingly reduced price—and a full range of splendid colorings.

$2-a-yard Satin Alaska,
$2-a-yard Alcyone de Satin,
$1.50-a-yard Crepe Meteore,
$1.50-a-yard Satin Cyrano,
$1.50-a-yard Ras de Comtesse,
Each of the five numbers reduced to ..... $1.25 yd.

And a further incentive to buyers of practical gifts is presented in the following Novelty Silks reduced. Pretty color combinations, principally white grounds and grounds in evening shades.

$1.25-a-yard and $1.00-a-yard Handsome Novelty Silks in many pleasing broche effects reduced to..... 75c yd

The Christmas Goods in the Trunk Department

are ready—fitted Bags for men and women, fitted Suit Cases for men and women—Suit Cases and Bags that are not fitted with toilet requisites, all kinds of Satchels and Hat Boxes.

Best leathers that are put into such articles.

You won't be in the department a moment until you see dozens of gift-time suggestions.

Heavy Black Dress Goods

for the unlined skirt.

Right here let us say that any of the prices mentioned below are fully 50c a yard under what they could be bought for a month ago.

These heavy black goods have just come to us from a prominent manufacturer and we bought them very much under the original price.

They go on sale this morning, less than usual, in this interesting price range—

$1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50 Yard.

Umbrellas

in the greatest variety ever on exhibition and with a range of prices that will suit everyone—from $1 to $25 each.

About every sort of in-between price that comes to mind.

We give you for $1 either taffeta or gloria coverings, best quality for the money to be found.

As something quite interesting we are showing this season a line of selected handles to our own designs which you can have mounted on any quality of silk you may select. Prices on handles are from $2.50 upwards.

Gift Furniture.

Not a whit too soon to look up Furniture gift-pieces—the Rockers, Chairs, Tables, Cabinets, Writing Desks and other pieces. All our Christmas lines are not ready, but there are enough for an interesting hour or two in this Fifth floor department.

Early choice is always the best.

Card Tables of oak—folding—30 by 30 inches—$2.75.

Round Tables—folding—covered with cloth—$11.

For card rooms, fine Tables of inlaid Mahogany—swinging reversible tops—$40 to $87.

Morris Chairs of oak, finished in golden and weathered effects—also imitation Mahogany Morris Chairs—complete with velour cushions—$10, $11 and $12.

Rockers for parlor, library, bedroom, den and hall. Splendid line in solid mahogany from $12.50 to $55. All prices between. Inlaid mahogany and oak rockers, high back, wood seat, $5.

Tabourettes in different styles and woods. Damascus Tabourettes inlaid with pearl; Teakwood Tabourettes from 12 inches to 48 inches high; Pyro-Etched and Decorated Tabourettes in all shapes and sizes—some have box seats for use of smokers; some have cupboard to use as cellarette. Prices range from $2.50 to $50.

An Extra Lot of Long Overcoats for Men.

Rushed over from the New York makers of our clothing Saturday—ready this morning.

There is a premium in New York on Long Overcoats. Buyers are there from all over the country, and they are pulling at each other for first chance like women at a fire sale.

But our tailors, the best in the country, were not to be bribed. They had our overcoats ready for us.

Special mention of a popular-priced one—$15.00. Made of the favorite dark Oxford grey—welt seams—vertical pockets—also opening to get into the trouser pockets and the pockets of the undercoat without unbuttoning topcoat—neat turn-back cuffs on sleeves—velvet collar—body lined with excellent serge, sleeves with satin.

Gentlemen, there is a fashionable long coat that reaches away and beyond anything we ever offered for the money, and that means above anything anyone ever saw for the same money.

Other new lines were rushed over at the same time—the coats selling for $18, $20 and $25. Not more graceful or wearable than the ones at $15—only finer cloths.

The Basement China Store.

Never before has this department been so wonderfully interesting to buyers of China—to exacting buyers.

Never before have we offered better or more varied assortments in both the French and English Chinas. We say French and English, as they are the recognized superiors.

Is it not worth while for you to be among the early buyers, choosing from the multifarious collection while choice is best?

It is only a matter of a few short weeks at best, and whatever you select for the holiday gift we will look after it carefully until such time as you order us to deliver your gift.

Here are some China hints to aid you—

Plates—never can have too many of them—Bread and Butter Plates, $2.75 to $35 a dozen.

Salad or Ice Cream Plates, $3 to $50 a dozen.

Tea and Breakfast Plates, $3 to $50 a dozen.

Dinner Plates, $3 to $75 a dozen.

Extra large Service Plates, $15 to $85 a dozen.

Tea and Bouillon Cups and Saucers to match at the same range of prices.

Chop Dishes to match, $2.50 to $10 each.

Chocolate Pots—popular French shapes and decorations—$1.75 to $10 each.

French and quaint Japanese Cracker Jars, $1 to $5 each.

Ramikins and Stands in newest French and English decorations, $4 to $35 a dozen.

Punch Bowls in French and English China, $15 to $25 each.

English Porcelain Bowls much cheaper.

Asparagus Sets, new from Haviland & Co., 12 plates and 1 large dish, admirably adapted, $15 to $20 the set.

Pudding Sets—3 pieces—$1 to $15 the set.

French China Dinner Sets—the china in the lowest priced as fine as that in the highest priced set, the difference in price arising from the quality of the decoration. 100-piece sets—no cast-off decorations—and the price only $25.

113-piece French China Dinner Sets—"Century," "Star," "Ransom," "Fleur de Lis" and "Derby" shapes, spray borders, small floral borders, gold and Grecian borders. Empire green borders and incrusted gold border decorations, $42.50, $60, $75, $100, $125, $150, $200 and up to $375 the set.

Today's Specials for brisk China selling—

100 dozen Ovide shape Tea Cups and Saucers—plain white French China, the kind that sells for $3 a dozen—15c for cup and saucer.

Ovide shaped Porcelain Tea Cups and Saucers—blue tint and floral decoration 12½c each.

Very thin Japanese Tea Cups and Saucers—dainty Canton blue decorations—nothing nicer for everyday use—25c.

Extra fine Japanese Oat Meal Saucers—sure to please you—$1.75 and $2 a dozen.

Beautiful new Japanese China Salt and Pepper Shakers—solid China Tops—Canton blue—12½c each.

100 tinted Milk or Water Pitchers—odd shape—not the ordinary porcelain, but genuine China—25c each.

LOCAL NEWS OF ALL PITTSBURGH

THREE CITIES,
45 BOROUGHS, 26 TOWNSHIPS

Population - 726,064
Fifth in the volume of bank clearings.
Area, sq. miles, 316.22
Fourth in rank among cities.

Brakeman Killed—H. O. Downing of Hollidaysburg, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania railroad, was killed at Sprinhill tipple, near Wilmerding, yesterday morning.

Many Before Magistrates—At the various police courts in the two cities this morning, 137 persons were given hearings, nearly all upon trivial charges. Seventy-seven of these were tried before Magistrate Bernard McKenna, at Central station.

Accepted an Indiana Call—The Rev. Alfred E. Ells, the Turtle Creek pastor who received a call from the Presbyterian church in Hammond, Ind., some time ago, preached his first service at that place yesterday, having given up his charge at the Turtle Creek church.

Missing Man Found Dead—Thomas Wilson, a veterinary surgeon, who had been missing since Friday evening, was found dead in the stable of George Whittmer, in the rear of No. 66 Preble avenue, Allegheny, yesterday morning. His son, James Wilson, lives at Cochrantown, Crawford county.

Inopportune Recognition—Joseph Shea, a prisoner charged with disorderly conduct at the Central station yesterday morning, was recognized as a man charged by A. H. Graham on October 22 with assault with intent to rob. He was held for a hearing today.

Child's Burns Proved Fatal—Novella Emerson, a 3-year-old colored child whose parents live at 400 Simms alley, Thirty-second ward, died Saturday afternoon from burns sustained in the morning. Her clothing caught fire from an open grate on the second floor. The mother was absent at the time.

Fell from a Bridge—Patrick Lynch of 2015 Mary street, South Side, was found on the Monongahela river bank near the foot of South Twenty-ninth street in an unconscious condition, and taken to the South Side hospital badly bruised. He is supposed to have fallen from the Monongahela Connecting bridge.

Revivals in Braddock—The revival season in Braddock will open tonight, several weeks earlier than in past years. The Rev. I. P. Truxal, pastor of the North Braddock United Brethren church, will hold the initial meeting of the series in his church. He will be assisted this week by the Rev. W. W. Williamson of Altoona.

An Attractive Number—High Tide, a monthly illustrated magazine, published in the Park building, has just issued a very attractive edition. It is replete with half tones of Pittsburgh's prominent people. An interesting feature in this number is a very completed index of the banking houses, showing the officials, capital and surplus.

Mill Moved to Glassport—The Ballston Spa, New York, works of the American Ax and Tool Company, will be closed permanently this week and the machinery shipped to Glassport, where it will be rebuilt, in the addition to the plant of the company already there. The workmen from Ballston Spa have nearly all removed to Glassport.

Killed in Ormsby Yards—Earl E. Mower, a switchman employed on the Union railroad, was fatally hurt in the Ormsby yards by a Pittsburgh, Virginia & Charleston train yesterday morning while on his way to his home in Duquesne. He was taken to the West Penn hospital, where he died an hour later. He was 28 years old and married.

For Felonious Cutting—D. M. Spear of Vickory street, was fined $50 yesterday morning by Magistrate E. C. Negley on a charge of felonious cutting. Spear was arrested early in the morning by Officer S. L. McLane, for cutting Mrs. Ada Latelle in the arm with a butcher knife, during a row at the latter's house on Brushton avenue, late Saturday night.

Organized a Branch—The local officers of the Catholic Total Abstinance union made a tour to Latrobe and Derry yesterday. A society was organized at the former place. A large and interesting meeting was held at Derry. Officers selected in the Latrobe branch were: President, John Kennedy; secretary, John Rensel, and treasurer, John Kelly.

Boys' Prank Ends Seriously—While a number of boys were teasing a Hungarian in Costume alley, South Side, last night the fellow drew a knife and struck at them. The boys turned to run, but he overtook John Yeager, a lad of 15 years and stabbed him in the back. The lad fled and Yeager was taken to his home, 2715 Cabden street, Twenty-seventh ward. The wound is not serious.

Told a Strange Story—Dominic McMicliof, aged 64, of 2416 Carson street, picked up on the bank of the Monongahela river, near South Twenty-fifth street, at 10 o'clock last night with his left hip dislocated. He was taken to the South Side hospital. He told a story about some boys who put him in a car on a coal incline at that point, from which he had fallen when the car was started. He was not clear about the incident, however.

To Dedicate a New Chapel—Bethlehem chapel, the new Bohemian Presbyterian mission on Troy Hill, Allegheny, west of the reservoir, will be dedicated next Sunday at 4 p. m. The service was to have been held yesterday but was postponed. The sermon will be preached by Rev. V. Losa of McKees Rocks. The chapel is named after Bethlehem chapel in Bohemia, founded by John Huss, who introduced the Protestant faith in Europe.

Smith Issues Statement—Secretary D. P. Smith, secretary of the school controllers of McKeesport, who it is alleged changed several hundred names on the school tax books, raising the occupation tax from $100 to $2.00, yesterday gave out the following statement: "I do not intend to resign the secretaryship of the school controllers, and would not for $5,000. There has been no demand made upon me to resign, and I would not if there was."

Spasms Cause Three Deaths—Spasms caused the death of three infant children in Lawrenceville yesterday, according to reports made to the coroner. James Vedmer, the 10-day old child of Mrs. Mary Vedmer, died at 9 o'clock, at the latter's home, No. 4815 Harrison street; Charles L. Wills, Mrs. Cecelia Wills' two-months-old child died at 10:30 o'clock at No. 3 Thirty-fifth street; and Joseph Zatbel, five-months-old child died at its home at Fifty-second and Carnegie streets, at 3 o'clock.

May Come to McKeesport—The United States Drawn Steel Company has written to Homer A. Stewart, cashier of the First National bank of McKeesport, asking for information, concerning that city, as a manufacturing center. The company manufactures set-screws, cap-screws, hardware specialties for carriages and bicycle pedals. It is capitalized at $100,000, and employs 125 hands. An effort will be made to secure the location of the company in that city.

Dead at the Water's Edge—The body of an unknown woman about 50 years old was found on the banks of the Allegheny river at Oakmont at 8 o'clock this morning. It was removed to Coroner's, but was not identified. There were no marks of violence on the body. The woman had been dead only a few hours. One foot was encased in a shoe, the other being bare. The body was lying under the bridge of the Pittsburgh, Bessemer & Lake Erie railroad crossing the Allegheny river.

To Go Home for Christmas—Within the past week more than twenty Hungarians, Slavs and Poles, of McKeesport, have started back to the old country, intending to remain until after the holidays. It is estimated that fully five hundred foreigners from Braddock, Duquesne, Homestead and McKeesport will cross the ocean this year to spend Christmas. The exodus this year is entirely owing to the prosperity that has been enjoyed by the workers in the Monongahela valley.

Dead in a Pool of Blood—William McNelley was found dead in bed in a pool of blood yesterday morning at 2101 Penn avenue by William McNelley with whom he boarded. The cause of death is not known. McNeley is said to have fallen on Penn avenue Saturday night while intoxicated, and to have struck his head against a curb. Friends took him home and seemed to have partially recovered when he went to bed. Doctors think internal hemmorrhage may have caused death. The man worked at the Howe, Brown & Co. mills at Seventeenth and Pike streets.

Epidemic of Diphtheria—McKeesport is confronted with a serious outbreak of diphtheria. There are dozens of cases scattered about the city, and the prevalence of the disease is being blamed upon the public schools. It is claimed that improper care on the part of physicians and parents of children who are suffering from contagious diseases, has resulted in the outbreak. The family most seriously afflicted is that of Attorney William A. Applegate, whose wife and two children are down with diphtheria, while a third child is suffering with scarlet fever.

Pole Used a Knife—Mike Sander was stabbed by Rudolph Movienholz at the boarding house of George Pechlot, 2028 Sarah street, early yesterday morning. The men had been drinking together Saturday night and finally went to Sander's room, where they quarreled, and when Pechlot entered the room he found Sander with a knife cut under the right arm pit. Movienholz and Pechlot were arrested and Sander was sent to the South Side hospital. His wound is not serious. At the hearing yesterday Pechlot was released and Movienholz sent to jail charged with felonious assault and battery.

Aged Man Beaten—Edward Norton and John Murray, who are accused of brutally beating Edward Barrett of Braddock, aged 55 years, were arrested on Library street, Braddock, by Officers George Brethold and Samuel Bear yesterday morning. At a hearing before Burgess John Brennan, it developed that Larrett had been cut across the lips and his cheek torn open and bruised about the body as if knucklers had been used. His scalp was lacerated. The two men were fined $10 and costs and released, but charges of assault and battery will be entered this morning. Barrett is in a very serious condition.

New Switch Device—A device for operating switches without dismounting from the street car or stopping the car has been invented by Charles W. Mower of McKeesport, a machinist in the Westinghouse works at Wilmerding. Application for letters patent has been made, and the invention will be tested in McKeesport soon. It consists of a steel shoe for turning the switch by means of a lever operated by the motorman. The shoe operates directly in front of the wheels and catches the switch rail, opening or closing it, according to the desire of the motorman. A company consisting of C. W. Mower, the inventor, H. W. Hitzrot, a McKeesport physician, and D. J. Grifith also of McKeesport has been formed to introduce the device.

ALMOST A DOUBLE FUNERAL.

One Brother Dead, One Dying—Pathetic Scenes in a Braddock Household.

John Brooks, a well-known merchant of McKeesport is dead at his home in Summit street, in the Fawcett plan. His brother James, who was connected with him in business, is lying at the point of death at his residence in Locust street in the same city.

The brothers were partners in the meat business on Locust street, McKeesport, for many years. Both were stricken ill at the same time, one with brain fever and the other with enlargement of the liver. Shortly after being taken ill the men were removed to the McKeesport hospital, but after a time were discharged from that institution because the physicians had given them up. Both were taken to the hospital at the same time and also removed on the same day.

James Brooks cannot recover, and his relatives have been advised not to inform him of his brother's death.

John J. Brooks was aged 39 years, and a widow and five children survive him. He was a member of St. Peter's Roman Catholic church, of which the Rev. Father C. A. McDermott is pastor. The funeral will take place from the family residence, 100 Summit street, Tuesday morning, and the remains interred in St. Joseph's cemetery. Services will be conducted in St. Peter's church with the Rev. Father McDermott officiating.

TWO WIVES, BOTH IN TOWN.

One of Them Caused Patton's Arrest for Desertion, Another Alleges Bigamy.

Oscar Patton is locked up in the Allegheny police station, and will have a hearing today before Alderman David McKelvey of Allegheny on a charge of bigamy.

The charge is brought by a woman who until a few days ago believed she was his wife. Last Thursday Patton, who was employed as a porter at the Hotel Anderson, was arrested on complaint of a woman who claimed to be his wife. She wanted to make a charge of bigamy against him, as she said she had found out that he was married and was living on Fremont street, Allegheny. She was informed that she could not bring the charge herself, so made information against him charging him with desertion and non-support. He was arrested and gave bonds in Alderman John Downey's court.

Late Saturday night Catherine Nethercourt Patton, or wife No. 2, went before Alderman David McKelvy and swore out a warrant charging him with bigamy.

Wife No. 2 came here but a short time ago from Kentucky. Wife No. 1 lives on Liberty avenue, and was deserted by Patton last February, she claims.

Thin Hair

You can't expect a half-starved child to prosper. Neither will half-starved hair prosper, either. Growth demands food. Then feed your hair. Feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor, the only genuine hair-food.

"My hair was falling out rapidly, and my head was nearly bald. I then began the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor, and less than two bottles stopped my hair from falling out and made it grow rapidly. It has done wonders for me."
Ruth Lawson, Detroit, Mich.

$1. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

CARNEGIE HAD A QUIET DAY

THE GREAT IRONMASTER SPENT SUNDAY WITH HIS HOST.

Important Developments Are Expected from Meeting With Committee on Proposed Polytechnic School This Afternoon—Mr. Carnegie Will Probably Outline His Plans at the Meeting.

Andrew Carnegie spent a very quiet day yesterday. He stayed close to the residence of his cousin, George Lauder, with whom he is stopping, during his visit here. Today will be the steel king's first day of real activity. It is probable that, before night, he may have donated some more millions for the development of Pittsburgh.

This afternoon at three o'clock Mr. Carnegie will meet the committee on plan and scope of the proposed technical school. The meeting will be held in the Carnegie building, and very important developments are expected.

This committee has had in charge for one year the task of mapping out the exact kind of school to be erected. With that end in view it has consulted with many eminent educators of the country.

The meeting this afternoon will be the first Mr. Carnegie has had with the committee. His opportunity to talk with the individual members will give him a great deal better idea of their researches than correspondence could possibly have done.

While it is hardly expected that any definite action will be taken, the general discussion is expected to give Mr. Carnegie a sufficient idea of what the committee considers advisable to permit of his making a decided statement of his own ideas. William McConway is chairman of the committee.

It is possible that during Mr. Carnegie's visit here he may devote some time to the pension disability fund that he started some time ago. At that time Charles L. Taylor was put in charge of $4,000,000, the interest of which is to furnish sick benefits to the thousands of employes of the Carnegie Company. The fund is in its infancy yet and is not operative. The directors of the company are trustees of the money, while Mr. Taylor has general charge.

MUEHLBRONNER SAYS QUAY FAVORS HIM

The Allegheny Senator's Campaign for Re-Election Gets New Strength.

"Senator M. S. Quay is in favor of my election. I have talked with him."

This interesting statement was made yesterday by Senator Charles A. Muehlbronner of Allegheny. It will mean much in his coming contest with ex-Mayor Charles Geyer, and may result in his not having any opposition. As for the latter condition, Mr. Muehlbronner says that is further along.

For some reason Gov. W. A. Stone issued orders that Mr. Muehlbronner was to be turned down for re-election. Recorder John R. Murphy hastened to carry out the edict, and at the same time get rid of a formidable rival for the recordership. He slated ex-Mayor Charles Geyer for the senatorship. Aside from sending Mr. Geyer to see Senator William Flinn, and receiving that gentleman's assurance that he would give every assistance to defeat Mr. Muehlbronner, little has been done in the contest.

Senator Muehlbronner says that he has nearly all of his delegates set up. "They are all strong men," said he, "and I have no fear of their ability to win. The opposition has not done much."

"Senator Flinn says that he will be against you," was suggested.

"I have expected his opposition," said the senator. "It must be remembered that from now on Mr. Flinn will have considerable knitting to attend to at home and will not have a great deal of time to devote to whipping me."

"Has Senator Quay declared for you?"

"I have seen the senator and he says that he wants me returned to the senate."

"With him for you, will not your opposition here have to get out of the field?"

"That is a question to be decided later along. It may be that I will not have much of a contest after all."

W. M. Laird Co.

WOMENS FINE SHOES

Welt Extension Edge or Turn Soles, mannish or dainty effects.

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $5.00 $6.00 — Made from Ideal Patent Kid--soft and flexible — or Imported Patent Leather, and Calfskins or Kidskins in all finishes.

The finest lines of Womens shoes shown in this market. The Shapes—the Sole—the Fit—insuring perfect contentment.

We attempt to confine you to no one maker's goods—but give you the range of price

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00
$5.00 $6.00

and covering the product of a dozen or more makers of the Highest Class Shoes for women—realizing as we do from actual experience that no one line of shoes can suit all tastes — or one price—suit all purses—

W. M. LAIRD CO.
TWO STORES } 431-437 Smithfield 402-408 Market St

1110g

Eureka Harness Oil is the best preservative of new leather and the best renovator of old leather. It oils, softens, blackens and protects. Use

Eureka Harness Oil

on your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top, and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes from half pints to five gallons. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

Oliver McClintock Co.

A Carpet Bargain.

You'll not want to miss this opportunity—It's the kind of a carpet opportunity that doesn't come very often—

Best Tapestry Brussels
65c a Yard, instead of 85c.

Splendid patterns and colorings—and whole pieces—not remnants—see the window display.

219 FIFTH AVENUE.

Fall Suitings.
In all the latest patterns.
PITCAIRN'S, 434 Wood street.
1018yuwh

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

J. B. MURDOCH & CO.
Successors to A. M. & J. B. Murdoch.
TEL. 420. FLORAL EMBLEMS. 510 Smithfield St.

DEATHS.

BLACK—On Sunday morning, November 10, 1901, at York, Pa., LOUISE DAWSON BLACK, only daughter of the late Mary Dawson and Chauncey Forward Black.

HERLIHY—On Friday, November, 8, 1901, at 6:45 a. m., JOHN HERLIHY, beloved husband of Johanna Cronin and a member of St. Peter's Beneficial society. Funeral from the family residence, No. 32 Marshall avenue, Allegheny, Monday, November 11, at 8:30 a. m. Requiem high mass at St. Andrew's church, Beaver avenue and Brady street, at 9 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

HOLP—On Saturday, November 9, 1901, at 2:10 p. m., at his late home, corner Fifth and West street, Homestead, RICHARD HOLP, aged 57 years.
Interment at 2 p. m., Tuesday, November 12.

LOWRY—On Friday morning, November 8, 1901, at 10 a. m., MRS. MARGARET LOWRY in her 72d year.
Funeral from her late residence, 1301 Veto street, Allegheny, Monday November 11, 1901, at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Tel. 2222. 250 Fifth Ave. 10th

Banner Baking Powder
Always the Best.

K. WM. SCHUCHMAN
Insurance, Stocks, Bonds and Investments,
Both 'Phones. 309 Fourth Avenue.

Buy Furs Right—
$7.50
Gives you a choice of the finest line of
MINK, SABLE and MARTEN SCARFS
that were ever put on sale in these two cities—
These Furs are exhibited in our window—but come in and examine them. Compare them with the $10.00 goods you see other wheres—comparison is the test of values—
We'll take our chance on making the sale.
McCORD & CO. 509 Wood St.
1111uyg

IF YOU DON'T SAVE
you'll never prosper—A bank account—with a good strong bank—that will earn you 4 per cent annual interest is a life necessity that every man, woman and child should possess.
This bank has assets over $6,000,000.00.
GERMANIA SAVINGS BANK,
Wood and Diamond Streets.
1111uyg

DO YOU WANT a Warm, Comfortable House?
TheSpecialty and Active Fortune
Hard or Soft Coal or Gas Furnaces will keep it so—
W. H. RAMALEY & CO.
No. 130 Ninth St., Pittsburgh.
Bell 'Phone 3034 Grant.

PATTERSON DRY GOODS CO.
Successors to Hugus & Hacke—
Announce their first general opening — continuing all the present week—
Each Department contributes special bargains in seasonable goods, at greatly reduced prices, and the array of money saving merchandise arranged for this week is indeed inviting—
Womens Suits—Jackets—Skirts, Silks, Dress Goods—Blankets, Comforts—Linens—Flannels — Hosiery, Underwear—and all the trimmings, notions and fancy goods usually found in first-class Dry Goods Stores are here in profusion—and the occasion will be impressed upon every visitor—by the unprecedented price cuts—
Come every day this week and see the daily inducements—come any day—but be sure and be here one day—buying or not—Welcome.
Patterson Dry Goods Co.
Cor. Fifth Ave and Market St.

Talk Doesn't Make a Good Stock, but a good stock makes talk. Our stock has been talking for over half a century. Its quality is in itself our best advertisement. We offer nothing but high quality goods.
THIS WEEK WE OFFER YOU
Genuine Imported Princess Languedoc Soft Shell Almonds. New goods. Finest you ever saw. Price ..... 15c per lb.
Genuine Jersey Tomatoes; 3-lb. cans, extra quality, 6 can limit. Price ..... 10c per can
Plascus Bros.' genuine Home Made Jellies, 8 varieties, usually 15c per tumbler 25c per jar. Price 15c
Special Drive in an Olive. Ask for it. Price ..... 15c per bot
Extra Sliced Peaches for Cream, 3-pound cans, new goods. Price ..... 10c per can
Imported Sliced Pineapples, 1-pound cans, new goods. Price ..... 10c per can
Most complete line of New Canned Goods, Dried Fruits, etc., in the state. Would be pleased to explain our line and the quality.
WM. HASLAGE & SON,
18 DIAMOND (MARKET) SQUARE.
Branch, Beaver and Chestnut Sts., Sewickley, Pa.
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MICA AXLE GREASE
Lightens the load—shortens the road.
helps the team. Saves wear and expense. Sold everywhere.
MADE BY STANDARD OIL CO.

If Your Dealer Doesn't Give
Penn Amusement Stamps
Send his name to 628 Park Building, or 'Phone 3013 Main on the P. & A.
And tell Him you want the stamps.
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MANUFACTURERS.
ESTABLISHED 1863.
OLIVER Iron & Steel Company
MANUFACTURERS OF
Soft Welding Steel and Iron, Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements, Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies.
General Offices at SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

B. & B.

rich fancy silks, 65c

—beautiful effects, choice colors, and quality that shows plainly they're Dollar Silks.

Most of them are dark color effects with a lighter overstripe, woven figure grounds—neat figures.

Silks both pretty and good, on the basis of a dollar for sixty-five cents makes an occasion that every woman who reads or hears of will heed.

Nothing to equal them has been seen or sold this year.

Last of the fine lustrous Paillet de Soie, 50c, out on the counters to quickly follow the first of them.
Quickest big Sale ever the Silk aisle experienced.
Beauty of the Silks and the unheard-of price the reason.
No more duplicate pieces now in reserve—no more at the mill.
No other time to get them than now—most fashionable satin silk of the year.
Nearly all colors yet.
Lot of 24 and 27-inch best quality washable Colored Taffeta Silks, 75c yard
—absolutely the best quality made—soft and luxurious.
All Evening and the principal street shades.
Another lot of Wash Taffetas, regular width, regular 75c quality, 50c—10 shades.
More of the Dollar Crepe de Chenes, 65c
—24 to 25 inches wide, all the Evening shades and Black.
Embossed Silks, are often advertised as Crepe de Chene, but it's the genuine article herein mentioned and genuine Dollar quality, as you'll see and appreciate when you come.
Two thousand five hundred yards very superior and lustrous

black taffeta silks 50c

—excellent for Waists, while for Linings or any use of that kind it's a regular windfall at the price.

velveteens

This is a season for velveteens and you can get lots of ordinary sorts roundabout—better, of course, one place than another—but we want to introduce for your consideration the queen of all velveteens—31 inches wide, $2.00 a yard
—superb quality—best in the world.
Other Black Velveteens, 24 to 27 inches wide, $1.50, $1.25, $1.00, 75c, 50c.
Full line of Colored Dress Velveteens, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50.
Have some at 50c, but don't consider it good enough for dresses.
Novelty Velveteens—lot of neat pattern printed ones—a variety of attractive colorings, 22 inches wide, 50 cts.

something black

you'll be glad to get for 85c a yard—50-inch fine all-wool $1.25 Armure Cheviot.
Why any concern would let such goods go at a sacrifice price is hard to understand, but they did and we didn't stop to question.
You get it on the basis it was bought on—85c a yard, instead of $1.25.
Another good thing in the Black Goods section you want to see is 50-inch Granite Cloth bought and being sold below price, but not as much so as the Armure Cheviot—Dollar Goods, 75c.
One very fine thing and then that's all we'll say about Black Goods this time—
56-inch Satin Finish Broadcloth, $2.00 a yard.
Actually and positively half a dollar under price.

real lace collars

Importation arranged for Christmas business came in a little ahead of time.
Those who are interested in them for that purpose, will serve themselves well by an early inspection. Lace Dept.
Real Duchess Lace Turnover Collars, $1.00 to $3.50.
Real Pointe Lace, $2.50 to $6.00.
Real Irish Crochet Lace Collars—round and square effects—$6.00 to $15.00.
Lot of 8-inch Black Chantilly Lace Petticoat Flouncings — 10 patterns—50c to 75c goods, 25c yard.

chappie pictures

—effective colored ones—Golf girls and Dancing girls—also Darkey Cake Walk Pictures, mounted with Red or Cream Mats, sizes 11 by 14 and 12 by 12, Only 25c each.
Lithograph reproductions of signed Water Colors—25 different subjects, mounted with mats 15 by 20 inches, 10c each.

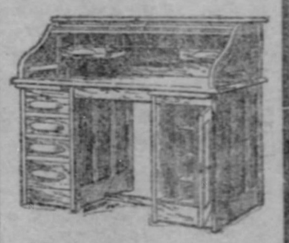
BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny

A Fur Special.

We are making this fall an exceptionally fine Marten Scarf to sell at $15—
Made in our own shop—from carefully selected skins—
Much better than you could buy ordinarily for that money—
Another very special offering is a jaunty Persian Lamb jacket—made of fine skins and richly lined—$95—
The fur display is now at its best.
J. G. BENNETT & CO.,
Wood and Fifth.

Office Outfitters

If you want a good Plain Oak Desk—something that will give good service and at the same time be low priced, this desk at $14 will please you.
Come and see it.



We have many other styles and grades up to the finest and best desks made. We carry always in stock a large line of Globe-Wernicke goods—Elastic Bookcases, Filing Cabinets, etc.

Baker Office Furniture Co.
308 WOOD STREET.

The Keeley Cure has been successfully for 21 years Cures Drink Habit and Drug Users.
The Keeley Institute 708 PENN AVE. Pittsburg.

See that Spot!

You dont, but your friends do.

Why don't you have it covered It can be done. The trouble is not chronic, but functional. It is caused by a weakened condition of the hair follicle, due to a microbe that feeds upon and destroys the delicate mucous membrane with which it is lined.
The hair-root, deprived of its nourishment, gradually becomes weakened, shrivels up and the hair easily falls from its collapsed follicle.
This very common condition—known as premature baldness—is overcome by the use of Cranitonic Hair and Scalp Food, the only safe and scientific cure for all hair and scalp diseases. It strikes at once at the seat of the disorder, destroys the microbe that causes it and assists in feeding the weakened hair-follicle back to health.
Cranitonic Hair and Scalp Food is not greasy or sticky, and contains no disagreeable or dangerous sediments. It is clear, pure as crystal, and delightful to use. Its odor is pleasant—yet not pungent. The important thing is—it grows hair.
For Sale by Druggists at $1.00 the bottle, or sent, expressage prepaid, upon receipt of price by the Cranitonic Hair Food Co.
SPECIAL NOTICE—If you have a thinly-covered spot like that shown above you are becoming prematurely bald. Don't wait until your case becomes chronic. Write the Cranitonic Hair and Scalp Institute, 526 West Broadway, New York City, and send a small sample of your hair combings; state in your letter if you have dandruff, falling hair or itching scalp, when our physicians will make a microscopic examination of the hair, mail you a report upon its condition and prescribe curative treatment free of charge.
To all who send hair we will mail free a 48-page illustrated book, entitled "Hair Cure;" also a sample of the Cranitonic products.
ADDRESS,
Cranitonic Hair Food Co.,
526 WEST BROADWAY.
New York City.

AMUSEMENTS.

ALVIN—TONIGHT AT 8:15. MAT. WED. and SAT.
AMELIA BINGHAM CO. in THE CLIMBERS.
Next Week—"MISS BOB WHITE."

GRAND | THE NEW STOCK COMPANY.
Second and Last Week. Mon. Nov. 11th. Boucicault's Enchanting Romantic Drama, THE SHAUGHRAUN.
Next Week—"Saving The Wreck." Sale now on. 1111p

Bijou Bargain Mats. Wed. & Sat. Best Reserved Seats 25c & 15c. This Week CHAUNCEY OLCOTT IN GARRETT O'MAGH
Next Week "Sign of the Cross."

EMPIRE THEATER. Reserved Seats by 10 Direct Car Lines. Cor. Penn Ave. & 6th Sts. Cable Cars Pass Door.
This Week A GAMBLER'S DAUGHTER.
Popular Prices, 15 to 75c. 25c Mat. Wed. Mat. Sat. 15 to 50. Next week—Caught in the Web. 1111p

DUQUESNE Matinees Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday.
EDWIN MILTON ROYLE & SELINA FETTER ROYLE
9 OTHER VAUDEVILLE FAVORITES. 1111p

THE PITTSBURGH BREWING CO.'S BEER HAS NO FAULT.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh's Third Annual
FAT STOCK SHOW
Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday, November 15, 16, 17 and 18, 1901.
CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, EAST LIBERTY.
A Free Exhibition to the Public.
PITTSBURGH DAY
SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 17th.
Housekeepers specially invited to see the kinds of meats they eat when they purchase HOME DRESSED MEATS.
1110e

HARRY W. WILLIAMS' ACADEMY OF MUSIC
WEEK Commencing Monday Eve. NOV. 11
Matinees NEW YORK STARS
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NANA
Last days of Greatest Picture in the world. The popularity of the pictures is very great here. Thousands of people are throwing to see it at 545 Smithfield street daily from 10 to 10. 25c, Seats 10 cents.

CLOSE OF THIRTY-FIVE YEARS' WORK FOR PITTSBURGH'S YOUNG MEN

Col. McCook the Principal Speaker at the Anniversary of Young Men's Christian Association Last Night.

PENNSY'S GENEROUS ACT ANNOUNCED AT PITCAIRN

Superintendent Robert Pitcairn Tells the Railroad Association of the Appropriation of $35,000 by the Company for the Pitcairn Branch, at Their Anniversary Meeting—Great Celebration at First Presbyterian Church.

Members and friends of the Young Men's Christian association held two great Sunday rallies. The thirty-fifth anniversary of the founding of the association in Pittsburgh was celebrated in the evening in the First Presbyterian church, the eloquent Colonel J. J. McCook of New York addressing an audience that packed the large auditorium to the doors. In the afternoon, at Pitcairn, Colonel McCook had addressed the members of the railroad branch of the association on the occasion of the eighteenth anniversary of the railroad department of the association. That meeting was rendered doubly memorable by the announcement of Supt. Robert Pitcairn of the Pennsylvania railroad that the directors had appropriated $35,000 for the erection of a home for the railroad association at Pitcairn.

Mr. Pitcairn assured the railroaders that the building would be erected as speedily as possible, and that it would contain every provision for their comfort and convenience.

Last night's meeting in the First Presbyterian church opened promptly at 7:30 with an organ voluntary, and an anthem by the church choir. After the reading of a scriptural passage, the Rev. Dr. John Crockar White led in prayer. Vice President William T. Lyon of the Central Young Men's Christian association read the annual report, and then introduced Colonel McCook, who said::

Col. McCook's Address.

"Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen: I esteem it a great pleasure to be here tonight in the old First Presbyterian church of Pittsburgh, the place where the association, in connection with which we are meeting tonight, was organized some 35 years ago. These anniversaries come along so rapidly that those who are a little older than the average of the men now represented in the association, feel as if hardly a month passes between each of these recurring anniversaries, and we are deeply impressed with the fact that the years of them remain to us.

"With this impression in my mind I should like to say a few words tonight in relation to the great events developed by the efforts and existence of the Young Men's Christian association in North America. I might mention many of these circumstances as great events, but the first one that impresses itself upon my mind is the discovery of the value and importance of young men in this country. It used to be thought that the boys and young men could take care of themselves. They didn't amount to much anyhow, and they were sometimes in the way; they were sometimes a nuisance and a trouble, and we had to see them mature and ripen before they became of very much importance to the city in which they lived, or the country of which they were a part.

Young Men at the Front.

"In our great civil war, when the country had to depend upon its young men to see that its lifeblood was saved, we then, in America, began to appreciate at his real value the American young man. It is not noticed, as it should be by many, that at the battle of Gettysburg, which was called the high tide of the rebellion, fought upon Pennsylvania soil, when everything looked dark and gloomy, the men who stood in the ranks under the flag of the United States were of an average age of less than 23 years. If it had not been for the young men of that period we would not have a united country today to be proud of and to be thankful to for the privileges we enjoy.

"Young men are now appreciated more, because more attention is paid to their education, or they have shown themselves powerful and effective in business. In what city in the world does the young man occupy such an important place in business affairs as here in the city of Pittsburgh? If there is one city in all this country that should value and do everything in her power to strengthen, to build up, to make her young men what they should be, it is this very city of Pittsburgh.

"There are some very striking things in connection with this Young Men's Christian Association work. One is that it is, while a distinctively religious work, carried on by laymen. From the very beginning this work has had the support of the clergymen and of the churches—thanks be to God for that. They needed that support badly enough, and they must count upon it always, if it is to secure the full power and influence it ought to possess. The work of the association, as such, is carried on by laymen. The presidents of the international and state committees, the officers of the local organizations, the secretaries, the men who do the active work, all are laymen. It is a notable thing in this century that such a work can be carried on efficiently and effectively by laymen.

Young Men Should Assist Others.

"The next point to which I would refer is the fact that it is a work of young men, for young men. There is no interest greater in all the world than that of young men grouped together, whether in our great cities, in our universities, or wherever it may be, with some high ideal, with some lofty ambition, with a desire to do good to themselves and to others in association with them. The work has been, from the beginning, largely done by the young men for their friends and for other young men.

"Another distinctive point established by the work is that it is possible to establish a bond of interdenominational unity in a country like this, where our Christian people are divided and separated by so many lines, which are, when we get down to the bottom of it, less real than they appear on the surface. In this work we have had, from the beginning, the cooperation of men of all the churches, of all the denominations, and yet we never hear any denominational suggestions made, and the relations of the members of the associations are only known, so far as they relate to the different churches, as matter of statistics.

"At that most remarkable convention, the Jubilee convention, at Boston, in June last, when the delegates from the different parts of the world marched in procession into Trinity church, it was a very remarkable body of men, but the most notable thing was the presence, in their clerical dress, of two priests of the Greek church.

"They had come from Russia, with the full authority of the Holy Synod, the highest authority of their church, and with the consent and approval of the civil authorities. It was a most interesting thing that that eastern branch of the great church had come by way of the far north in Europe to the North American continent as delegates representing the Christian effort of the Young Men's association.

Catholics Are Sharers.

"This is a thing of which we have a right to be proud, and I would like at this time to remove an impression which is in the minds of many, that the work of this association has not been able to meet with a responsive return from our brethren of the Roman Catholic church. In certain branches of our work, and distinctively in that of the railroad work, we have more men sharing the benefits of these associations, who are either members of, or affiliated directly or indirectly with the Roman Catholic church than of any of the great Protestant denominations. This is rather a startling statement; it is one which has surprised many, but it is true. It is a thing that Christian men in this country have a right to bear with interest that our brethren, not only in the Protestant churches, but the representatives of the Greek church and of the Roman church, can be in active accord with us in Christian work.

"The work as conducted by the association, as most of you know full well, covers as it is commonly stated, a threefold condition. Every attention is given to the development of the physical power of the young man. That is a good thing in itself, for we all admire manly beauty; we all appreciate what it is to be well in body as well as in soul. The physical side has careful attention. Then on the side of intellect every effort is made to instruct and to encourage the study, work, development and elevation of the mental side. I am glad to say, and I am always glad to call attention to it, that by very far the most important element is the spiritual element. We cultivate also the social aspirations of young men. We do all we can to give them gratification in that way, but we must never lose sight of the fact that this is a Young Men's Christian association, and the association will be successful in its work just in proportion as it confines itself in the line of its name. We can have no blessing except as we have it from God, through His son, our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

Work Begun in Cities.

"The work was begun in the city associations, such as this, the Central association of Pittsburgh. It was done largely with young men in commercial life, but it was soon found to be so suitable to all branches of work that the main work resolved itself into six different and complete branches. I might mention as the first of these one which has become very attractive and very influential, not only in the United States, but throughout the world. I refer to the work in the universities, colleges and preparatory schools and theological seminaries, which is even now being extended into the professional schools.

"These associations have gone on and on in their influence and power in our universities and colleges, so that they have changed the status there in many respects. In the future we who are interested in university work must expect the Christian power to be developed in our young men more and more, through instrumentalities like the one we represent tonight. In such an organization as Princeton or Yale, or at the other universities where they are powerful, the service is voluntary and therefore all the more effective, and we find a power and influence growing up there, so that the young men who are leaders and active in the religious work, have the esteem and confidence and respect and admiration of their fellow students as well, and in as high a degree as those who have excelled in athletics, in literature, or in any branch that makes a man popular and influential in his university life.

The Third is "Rot Out."

"It is a great power. Bismarck is quoted as saying that one-third of the men who enter the German universities drop out, because of the hardness, attrition and difficulties of their university course. A second third, he says, rot out, because of dissipation and drink, but he also notes that the remaining third govern Germany—and so they do, practically, in every country where the university has been fully developed. Now, if this be so, and the men coming from our universities are to have such an influence in the government of the world, how dare we, as Christian men, permit the opportunity to pass to do everything to advance those interests? The world's confederation of students has been brought about by its organization; it has gone around the world. Universities of India, China and Japan, where a missionary, or a man going there to teach religion distinctively, could not get a foothold; but here as a students' organization the Young Men's Christian association finds its place.

"Now, if we can save some of that second third that Bismarck described as rotting out, and the other third which survives, and they can be inspired with the motive, the underlying principle of this association, with the life and power through Jesus Christ, what will that do in the conquest of the world? Such a thought brings the far east very close to us, such a thought should magnify in the minds of all true Americans the importance of this association. We dare not ignore it. There are 1,560 such college and university associations now in existence throughout the world, 655 of them being in North America.

Work Among Railroad Men.

"Another very remarkable development of this work is among railroad men. I wish those who are here tonight could have seen a meeting out in the suburbs of Pittsburgh, at Pitcairn, this afternoon. That great roundhouse that many of you have seen when passing on the train, was subdivided and arranged for an anniversary meeting of the railroad association. It would have done your hearts good to look into the eyes of those people and see the enjoyment and satisfaction they received from such an organization. It would have done your hearts good to have seen the satisfaction on their faces when Mr. Pitcairn announced to them that the directors of the Pennsylvania Company had appropriated $35,000 to be expended there for the building of a railroad association home. Do the directors of the Pennsylvania Company know what they are doing with their money? Are they weak-minded, improvident, foolish men?

"If I had the time, as I have not, I should like to tell you of the work that has had the backing and support of such men as Cornelius Vanderbilt, George D. Roberts and that line of succession in the presidency of the Pennsylvania Company. Men like Sidney Dillon—hard-headed old Sidney Dillon—building the Union Pacific railroad, but leaving in his will $25,000 for the railroad branch of the Young Men's Christian association, to be expended on the lines of the Union Pacific railroad.

Railroads Contribute Heartly.

"Some of you may not know to what extent this work has earned the confidence of the railroad managers of America, but I must stop, by saying that the companies that control 70 per cent of the railroad lines in the United States, are now contributing toward the support of this work, and during the last year they gave $190,000 for current expenses, not to speak of the more than $1,000,000 devoted to the construction of new buildings. There is something for the practical business man to think about—as to whether this work pays or not. If it does not, the railroad managers of America seem to be making a very great mistake, after a very long study of the subject.

"Another branch that developed itself very rapidly of late was that of the army and navy. I have hardly time to tell you about it, but when the Spanish war came on, in the spring of 1898, it was when all of our great religious organizations and churches were getting ready for their summer vacation. Assemblies and conventions were about to be held and to be attended, to, and apparently none of our great churches were ready for that work. But this association was ready for it. They then had representatives in the state camps in Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and New Jersey. When war was declared they had tents and had the men. We withdrew the men who were on their summer vacations at the colleges, and put them at once into the field.

Work During the War.

"Now that that short war is passed, a great many persons have forgotten some of the difficulties that were involved in it. It does not seem very important, the furnishing of the writing paper, envelopes, ink and pens and other facilities that enabled those men in the field, in our southern camps, Cuba, Porto Rico, and later in the Philippines, during the 100 days of that war, to write letters to their friends to the number of over three millions. That does not seem to be a very important matter, but when you think of the mothers at home, and of those who had a deep interest in those men, who would not have had those letters but for the furnishing of the stationery by this association, it means a world of relief to the hearts of the mothers, who are the ones who suffer most when their boys go forth to war.

"The army people did not believe in it much, but after the battle of Santiago, when 75 per cent of the regimental, brigade and division commanders' reports came in to the war department on Young Men's Christian Association paper, with the colored flag at the top, they began to think there was something in it after all, and now there is no man in connection with our army or navy who is not glad to give his influence and to do everything in his power to advance these interests. I might give you many instances of this kind if there were time.

"What others think of a young man as a soldier my mind turns back to '61. When a student in an Ohio college, I had a roommate, who was a boy, a lad, not yet 18. As I think of him now, he was the handsomest, manliest, finest fellow I ever knew.

A Story of the Civil War.

"Shortly before the declaration of the war, we were studying Horace, and he came upon those lines with which we are all so familiar, and which are so frequently translated, 'It is sweet and glorious to die for one's country.' He was familiar with the words in translation, but I remember he seemed to be thrilled when he found them there in the classic Latin. He learned them by heart, and they seemed to inspire every thought of his heart, because the newspapers were full of impending trouble, and no one knew what might happen. Finally the flag was fired on and Sumpter fell, and this young roommate and true friend started for home. He went to the front, and was at that dreadful disaster of Bull Run. His regiment was covering the rear guard and retreat of the army, and as he was passing to the rear of the company he saw his father, an aged man even then, who was at work in a hospital nearby. He stopped to speak with him, and while he loitered there his regiment moved on, and he was almost alone. His father said, 'Charlie, join your regiment; you belong there.' The boy wished to remain with his father, but turned and joins his regiment. Before he had gone hardly 100 feet five cavalrymen came dashing up and demanded his surrender. He was an expert in the use of the bayonet, and placing his back to a tree, he used his rifle so seriously wound one of the men and kept the others off with the bayonet. They shouted for him to surrender, and his father also called to him, 'Surrender, surrender.' But he said no, he would never surrender to rebel against his flag. One of these men, fully armed, turned—they could not be longer delayed in the pursuit of the retreating army—and while he probably hesitated to do the act, when they saw the boy's youth and beauty, fired, and the young man dropped, seriously, dangerously wounded. His father ran to him, and as he lifted his head upon his knee, the boy said, 'Tell mother I was not afraid to die for a country like ours.' He was unable to speak more; but, as he rested there upon his father's knee, his father put his ear down, and he could hear the boy saying, repeating over and over the Latin words that he had learned so well—'It is sweet and glorious to die for one's country.' And his young life ebbed away. But a life like that does not die in the dying, and such an experience so thrilled the young men of our day that many of them were ready, if need be, to die in the same way for their country.

Spirit of Devotion Needed.

"Now it is that spirit of sacrifice, of service, of devotion that we need in the young men of today, just as much as we needed it in the war time. They are sorely tempted, they are distressed in every way, they are pursued in ways that they were not in the earlier days; and here we have these young men coming by thousands into these great cities, and we find them beset with every temptation, and where have they to go? Is there a home open to them better than the home of this association? No. There they find comfort, and counsel and guidance and support. They find the sympathy of friends; they find instruction in the things that are best in life, which they might not find elsewhere. I would like to tell you more of this work if there were time, but I cannot do it; but I wish to emphasize the fact that this work is becoming more distinctively Christian every day for the reason that it is engaging many, in a manner that is hardly believed by some of you, in the study of God's word. The increase (I will not trouble you with statistics), since 1866, up to 1900 has been enormous. If the young men go back to the Bible they have a safe guide. This institution is doing a great work in that direction. I was never more impressed with the power and value of the learning of the truth of God's holy word by men when they are young, than a little more than a year ago when our government was called upon to settle the war with China. You may have noticed in the newspapers that the position of the United States was in the direction of lenency and forbearance; of saying that we were a Christian nation, and more might be expected from us than from others.

McKinley's Lesson from the Bible.

"I asked President McKinley at that time why it was that he was so firm and clear in his views upon that point, when even the great Christian powers of England and Germany seemed to differ from us. Without hesitation that great man in his simplicity and earnestness answered: 'I could not have done otherwise. In my youth I had learned from the Bible one verse that came to me during that period, and I could not get it out of my mind. It is "What is required of thee, Oh, man, but to do justly, to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God." Now if a man such as President McKinley got his greatest comfort and consolation and inspiration in his best things from this word of God, how dare we deny any privilege and opportunity for the young men of our day to attain such light and truth? It is before us in such a way that we dare not avoid it.

"Now, before I sit down I must say a word about the subject matter of the report we have heard read tonight. I notice that this association has purchased property looking to enlargement. I do not believe there is a business man in Pittsburgh who has had the experience of the last five years who thinks very highly of any business enterprise that has not had some expansion during that period. Would any steel work or any other kind of work that had not grown, put in new machinery, or a new plant or appliances, be considered up-to-date and in a position to do business? No, I do not wait for your answer, I know what it is. Any business man, anybody, who would undertake to work with a plant 10 or 15 years old would be, to express it in the mildest way, behind the times.

Plea for the New Building.

"Now Pittsburg occupies a great deal of the view of the people in other parts of this country. Especially down in New York, we think a great deal about what is going on in Pittsburgh; we read a great deal about it and we think we have some information upon the subject. But a man has got to come out here every two or three weeks or he will find himself behind the times, or behind Pittsburgh at least. Yesterday I walked with one of your prominent citizens through the magnificent new Pennsylvania station, and I said, 'How splendid this is.' I remembered the old one when I used to come up on the Panhandle from Steubenville and I said, 'How splendid this is.' And what do you think that old Pittsburgher said to me? He said, 'Oh, yes, it is very fair, but it is entirely inadequate for a place like Pittsburgh.' It was hardly finished, and it was too small to meet the situation. Now that is exactly the situation of this Young Men's Christian association. You expect to carry on this work in an old fashioned, inadequate, unsatisfactory plant; if you expect it to go on in that way you would have what you would have in any one of your old plants, unsatisfactory work.

"I see a dozen men in front of me who I feel sure if I should come on from New York and should say, 'Here is a very good piece of business that you do not wish to miss; if you care to be in, you have got to make up your mind at once'—and, of course, anybody in New York would be glad to have anybody from Pittsburgh in with them in any business proposition. But I see a number of men here before me who, if I came here with that kind of a proposition, would not let me out of a hospital nearby. I do not tonight, this is Sunday night, but wouldn't let me get out of where I made the proposition without saying they wished to share in that business.

Need the Building Badly.

"I wish to say as an outsider, and perhaps you will not thank me for saying it, but I can say it without anybody blaming me for it or for any mistake I may make in saying it to the men of Pittsburgh who have made it what it is in a great measure, a city the greatest of its kind in the world—we do not make exceptions when we speak of Pittsburgh as the greatest city in its class—but these men of Pittsburgh can no more afford to allow this association to remain with that land unpaid for and without that $500,000 building upon it, than they can afford to make any other blunder in their ordinary business. It is a thing that you need and it is a thing that is offered to you, not by this association coming and begging you to do something, but by giving you the privilege of participating in the best business venture you have been in for the last six months.

"Now, I most earnestly hope before the following week has passed that the men of Pittsburgh will rise to this privilege, as they have arisen to every other occasion that has confronted them in life, and they will do for this association what they ought to do, give it this land and give it this building, and give it the material that will enable the association to perform its duty of saving the lives of the boys and the young men who are to be the future masters and controllers and active minds of this great city."

The meeting closed with the benediction by the Rev. Maitland Alexander, who is a brother-in-law of Colonel McCook.

Association's Annual Report.

The annual report of the association, read by Mr. Lyon, was in part as follows:

This first year of the twentieth century, fraught with so much of interest to all people, is notable to us in the fact that it marks the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the Young Men's Christian association in America.

In the year 1851, in the city of Montreal, was formed the first Young Men's Christian association on the North American continent, and a few days later, in the same year, in Boston, was established the first association in the United States.

In the year 1866 our own association was organized, and we have attained the 35th year of our history and are assembled tonight, as so often before, within the sacred walls of the old First Presbyterian church to celebrate our anniversary.

Reviewing the work of the past year we survey the greatest year in our history. We began with 2,305 members, the largest number ever upon our roll, and close the year with 2,592, a gain of 287.

New evening educational classes were added, and the number of students increased from 375 to 515, and this new year opens with an enrollment of more than 700. During the opening sessions it was hardly possible to find even standing room in the building. A new classroom has been opened in the adjoining building on Seventh street and furnished from funds derived from forfeited class deposits received from students.

Improvements in Gymnasium.

The gymnasium has been improved with 100 new dressing boxes, increasing the number to 739, all of which are rented and used by members taking systematic exercise under the direction of a competent instructor employed for his entire time. Of the whole membership nearly 50 per cent avail themselves of this helpful department. The attendance at the gymnasium classes conducted by the physical instructor has been larger this fall than in any other year since 1885, and often the space on the floor is taxed beyond its capacity.

At nearly all hours of the day and evening the reading room, reception room and parlor are crowded with young men to such an extent that there are no chairs available, and if additional chairs were provided there is no room for them.

For the coming year we need $7,500 in addition to the membership fees, the annual expense being about $17,000.

Mention was made in our last annual report of the need of a new building for the association, and the sum of $300,000 was asked for this purpose. A few months afterward a way which seemed providential was opened before us, and by the unanimous action of both the board of directors and the board of trustees the property adjoining the present building and fronting 150 feet on Seventh street with 60 feet on Liberty street, was purchased at a cost of $226,000. Toward this amount there has been subscribed by members and friends the sum of $56,000, leaving a balance of $170,000 yet to be secured. The entire property now in possession of the association is 240 feet on Seventh street by 60 feet on both Penn and Liberty streets, which affords space, with good light and location, for the erection of a new building, if funds can be secured.

COL. J. J. McCOOK.

The Principal Speaker at the Thirty-Fifth Young Men's Christian Association Anniversary.

THE MEETING AT PITCAIRN.

Supt. Robert Pitcairn's Announcement Received With Cheers.

At 2:45 yesterday afternoon a meeting of the railroad department of the Young Men's Christian association was held in Pitcairn at the car shops, to celebrate the eighteenth anniversary of the founding of that department. It was a large and enthusiastic gathering.

Col. J. J. McCook, who was the chief speaker at the evening meeting in the First Presbyterian church, addressed the railroaders. Then Superintendent Robert Pitcairn of the Pennsylvania spoke. It was a brief address, but it brought great rejoicing to the railroaders. He opened with the announcement that the directors of the Pennsylvania railroad have appropriated $35,000 for the building of a home for the railroad department of the association at Pitcairn.

The building will be erected soon and will be complete in every detail.

A special train, run from Pittsburgh to Pitcairn, carried many city people to the rally.

DR. YOUNG AT EXPOSITION.

Third Gospel Meeting and Sacred Concert Attended by Crowd That Filled the Auditorium.

Exposition hall was filled yesterday afternoon at the third people's gospel meeting and sacred concert. Duss' band again furnished the instrumental music, while the Harris quartet and the Second Presbyterian church choir sang under the direction of B. F. Butts. The Rev. S. Edward Young preached. Next Sunday, and hereafter, these popular meetings will be held in the Bijou theater, owing to the difficulty of heating the exposition hall.

Dr. Young's subject was "The Man With a Generous Soul." His text was "Neither will I offer burnt offerings unto the Lord my God of that which costs me nothing."—II. Sam., xxiv:24.

Among other things he said: "Sublime slap at stinginess! On the spot where pestilence fell dead, David builds an altar. Owner Araunah gives the ground gratis. David protests and pays out of his private pocket the $10,000. Three cheers for David, the hero, patriot, poet, priest, prophet, paragon of princes. But God got highest in thee, David, when thou didst purchase Araunah's threshing floor.

"Crawl into some crevice of oblivion, wilt and wither and weazen, O wretch, of a wish to revel in delights, with never a denial, success with never a scratch, heaven with never a hardship."

FOR A NEW CHURCH.

Etna Members of Sharpsburg German Catholic Church to Withdraw. Scored by Father Otten.

Over 50 members of St. Mary's German Catholic church of Sharpsburg held a meeting in their school house last night and decided by a vote of 60 to 4 to form a church in the borough of Etna. Michael Reidy, Nicholas Snyder and Frank Snyder are leaders in the movement.

The Etna members of the Sharpsburg church applied to Bishop R. Phelan some time since for permission to organize. The bishop instructed them to get 50 signatures to a petition. After a short canvass 60 names were obtained, and the meeting last night took the formal action.

G. A. Chalfant of Etna has been asked to use his influence with Mr. Spang, the owner of the Spang & Chalfant mills in Sharpsburgh, to obtain a lot for a church at Butler and Bridge streets.

The action of the Etna members was scored yesterday by the pastor of St. Mary's, the Rev. Father John Otten. The negotiations with Bishop Phelan had been carried on without the knowledge of the pastor.

CALLED A KENTUCKY PASTOR

First Christian Church of Allegheny Chooses Successor to Rev. W. J. Lhamon.

Rev. George Gowan of Louisville, Ky., was extended a unanimous call to the pastorate of the First Christian church of Allegheny at a meeting of the congregation yesterday, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the present pastor, the Rev. W. J. Lhamon, who leaves January 1, to accept a call to the presidency of the Bible college of Missouri University, Columbia, Mo.

The Rev. Gowan has been literary editor of The Guide, a religious paper devoted to the interests of the Disciples of Christ, published at Louisville. He is also pastor of the Broadway Christian church of that city, and has filled some of the most important pulpits in the South. His congregation is now one of the largest in Kentucky, and his sermons have been attracting much attention. He preached at the First Christian church on November 3. It is not certain that he will accept.

SAVED GIRL'S LIFE.

Lodger in House of Robert Eisenbeiser Rescues Servant Girl from Flames and Warns the Family.

The barber shop and residence of Robert A. Eisenbeiser, at No. 1509 Carson street, South Side, were burned at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. The timely arrival of a roomer saved the family and a servant girl. They escaped in their night clothes.

The servant girl occupies a room above the kitchen. The room adjoining is occupied by a lodger. He came in about 3:30 o'clock and heard faint calls for help from the servant's room. He broke in the door but was met by a volume of thick, black smoke. He dragged the girl out and then awakened the other members of the household. The servant was almost suffocated.

Mr. Eisenbeiser said yesterday that he had no idea how the fire originated. The servant girl told him that she was awakened by the roar of flames and the smoke. As she went toward the stairs leading to the kitchen, the flames drove her back and it was with difficulty that she reached the door of the roomer, as she was almost suffocated. Mr. Eisenbeiser said his loss would be about $1,200, on which there was $1,000 insurance. The loss on the building will be about as large.

Miners' Strike Averted.

WILKESBARRE, PA., Nov. 10.—The 5,000 miners of the Temple Iron Company will not go out on strike Monday. At a conference last night between a committee of the employes and officials of the company a satisfactory agreement was reached and the miners discharged will be reinstated.

Catarrhal affections, like all Colds, are best reached by Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant.

Latest Fall and Winter Novelties.
In suitings, trouserings and overcoatings.
PITCAIRN'S, 434 Wood street.
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CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CHINA'S PEACE IS TEMPORARY

ACTIONS OF OFFICIALS BUT A MASK FOR REAL FEELINGS.

A Letter from the Rev. Robert R. Galley Tells of the Real Condition of Affairs in the "Flowery Kingdom"—Vice and the Saloon Have Followed the Soldiers—Were Unknown Before.

(Special to The Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SWARTHMORE, PA., Nov. 10.—The Rev. H. E. Jackson has just received a letter from the Rev. Robert R. Galley, one of the American missionaries to China, which gives a graphic description of the present condition in the "Flowery Kingdom." The Rev. Mr. Galley will be recalled as the famous "Bob" Galley, of the Princeton football team. With Mrs. Galley he has been stationed for several years past in China, and at the time of the "Boxer" uprising narrowly escaped the fate of other less-fortunate missionaries.

Mr. Galley's letter is written from Tien-tsin. He says: "We are all well and happy and hopeful. And that is saying a good deal for this country and in these times in North China. It is now over a year since the outbreak. The armies of the world have been here and have made a great demonstration and display of armament, military equipment and tactics, and have incidentally killed a few Chinamen in their march to the relief of Tien-tsin and Peking, but the situation remains essentially the same as that of a year ago. The Chinese are for a time held in check, but few people have any doubt as to what they would do if they had their way.

Queen Dowager Still Rules.

"It seems incredible that things should be as they are in China. The empress dowager is the ruler of China today and yet everybody knows that she was primarily responsible for what took place last year, and is having things pretty much as she wants today, with present indications that she will rule China. In what way she will do this and what disposition she will make of the emperor, Kuang Hsu, remains to be seen.

"The missionary party that had gone into Shansi province with relief for the starving and to see after the scattered flock in those persecuted regions, has reached Tai Yuan Fu, the capital of that province, in safety, and their reception there by the officials has been reported as very grand. But one cannot help feeling that there is a good deal of 'bunk' about the whole performance.

"The officials are ordered to show these foreigners due respect, but the people and merchant class are very insolent and full of hate. At one town, Shou Yang, the head official came out to meet the party, after regular Chinese fashion, but the sham of the whole affair is evident when it is shown that that official himself last year put to the sword the sister of one of this missionary party, together with other members of their mission, including her husband and child, not to mention the wholesale murder of Chinese Christians at his command.

Infested With Armed Robbers.

"Just take Tien-tsin for example—why, the whole country around is infested with armed robbers and only the other day the captain of river police was fired on from ambush and shot through the helmet and hand.

"Business with inland merchants is at a standstill because there can be no protection from highway robbers. It will be some time before the country will be quiet and safe for foreigners to travel as they have done before.

"It is pretty hard to see the good of war when you are right in the smoke and noise of the battle. History shows instances of good brought to pass through war, and I believe that is the attitude we should take with regard to this affair in China. But when you think of the magnitude of evil that accompanies and follows one army, it helps us to get some faint idea of the evil that is done by seven armies put together. Here in Tien-tsin we have been at the focus of these combined armies and you can readily see that our community has suffered.

"So far as I know, there never was European vice within our borders, but now the streets are full of the vilest kind of characters. Formerly our streets were free from the grogshop, but now the Taku road is lined with them."

Men and Girls Sentenced.

UNIONTOWN, PA., November 10.—(Special.)—The court yesterday imposed sentences on the two girls and two men who were arrested in October at the county fair here, when the police raided an immoral show. James Harris and Charles Phillips were fined $100 and six months to jail each, and Maud Fisher and Marie Benjamin were given six months in jail and $50 fine each. The girls are not over 18 years old.

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP MAKES THE SKIN SOFT AS VELVET

I want every woman who wishes to improve her complexion—who wishes to have her skin soft as velvet—who would like to have her face free from all skin eruptions and facial blemishes—to use my Witch Hazel Soap. I want every mother to try this soap on baby and see how quickly it will relieve the little one of all hives, baby rash and chafing. Makes baby sweet as roses.—MUNYON.

If you wish your skin to glow with youthful freshness and vitality, keep your digestion in good condition by using Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure. It makes worn-out stomachs almost as good as new. Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap leaves the skin vitalized and healthy. The Dyspepsia Cure will cure all the troubles inside and the Witch Hazel Soap will take care of the outside. The Dyspepsia Cure will enable you to eat what you like, all you like and when you like, and make good, rich blood, which gives sunshine and beauty to the whole system. It cures dizziness, constipation, sleeplessness and that worn-out feeling.

Munyon's Cold Cure, now being distributed free from leading drug stores in Pittsburgh and Allegheny today. See advertisement.

PURE SOAP

Walker's Soap washes out dirt. Common soap—full of alkali—eats out dirt, and continues to eat the cloth even after ironing, while you wear the clothes. Walker's Soap is a pure soap—nothing but soap. It *separates dirt from the clothes*—leaving the fabric white, but strong as ever.

WALKER'S SOAP

Is good soap. Contains no alkali.

It is made from pure, sweet cocoanut oil and edible tallow. It will not injure the most delicate fabric or the most sensitive hands—yet it cleanses almost without effort. It saves half the washday work. Look for the Game Rooster on the wrapper.

ASK Druggist for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.
Ely's Cream Balm
Gives Relief at Once.
It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c. Trial Size 10c. at Druggists or by mail.
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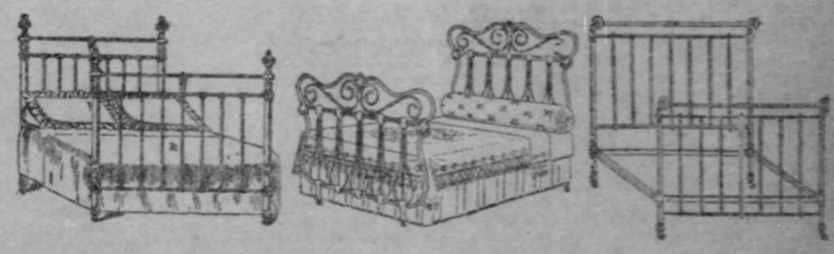
Made possible to offer by having placed our orders before last advance by the factories. Look around all you possibly can, then come here and compare prices—we'll get your order.



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One of the prettiest designed brass and iron Beds made, heavy brass scrolls in head and foot, and finished fine as it's possible to enamel iron..... $23

A prettily designed Iron Bed, with extra heavy brass top rods on a goose neck roll, heavy pillars..... $8

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Anyone unable to purchase a copy of the Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the fact to this office.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1901.

TWELVE PAGES.

The Loss to Allegheny.

While there is a distinct moral loss to the whole community in the lowering of the tone of the districts in Allegheny City afflicted with gambling dens and speakeasies, there is an accompanying money loss that should be considered. Property over a considerable area is made less desirable because of the presence of the hotbeds of iniquity to which The Gazette has called attention. It can be rented only at a reduced rate except to those who would use it for unlawful purposes. Its value as an investment is thus partly destroyed and owners, when they sell, are compelled to dispose of their holdings at a sacrifice. But the owner of property in the territory immediately affected is not the only sufferer from this condition. The reduction in real value necessarily involves a reduction in taxable valuation, and the loss of taxes to the city that must be felt soon if it is not already felt will distribute itself over the entire municipality. Other property must of necessity make good the deficiency from this quarter. The establishment of dens of vice in certain sections of Allegheny is, therefore, a matter that concerns every citizen who is a property owner.

France and the United States.

However faithful or good the copy, it is the original that is the masterpiece and achievement. Masterpieces are not produced by imitation, but are born of creative power and developed by hard work and strenuous endeavor. These thoughts are inspired by reading in our special cable dispatches that France will send a colony of students to study American methods in manufactures, and will send similar though smaller colonies to England, Germany and Russia. France has heretofore dispatched individuals abroad to learn the methods of foreign manufacturers and the secrets of their success, but it is said the result has not come up to the government's expectation. It is doubtful whether the new project will be much more satisfactory. Imitation can confer but temporary benefit. Creative force is needed to work out a permanent gain. We suggest to the French officials who have the scheme of student colonies in charge that the first task of the young men should be to delve to the foundation of American success and learn on what it is based. It will profit them more than anything else to find out that it was independence of thought and not imitation that won for the United States its first place among manufacturing nations. The United States is producing masterpieces. France may learn to do the same not by imitating the methods in vogue here, but by developing her own creative faculties. The world as well as France is studying the United States. But it was by studying itself for the development of its own powers and capabilities, and not by studying and imitating others and their methods, that the United States grew to be worthy of the world's regard.

Is the Filipino Intractable?

Advices from Samar indicate that a settled and well defined policy of suppression, and if necessary of extenuation, has been inaugurated by the military power as a reprisal for the recent treachery and slaughter of American soldiers by the inhabitants of that island. This course may be subject to some modification by future events, and with this hope in view, the plan to exercise positive and even extreme methods can be approved as a wise one on the part of the United States authorities. There has been recently published some interesting information about the Filipinos by persons who are in a position to know what they are talking about that puts the whole question of the subjugation and civilization of the inhabitants of those islands in a new light.

One of the most interesting of these is an article in the current Review of Reviews from the pen of Capt. H. L. Hawthorne, who has had extraordinary opportunities to study the situation in the Philippines, especially so far as it relates to the character of the islanders themselves. Capt. Hawthorne's conclusions would seem to make any understanding of the alleged "treachery" and insubordination of the Filipino impossible without a careful study of his antecedents. According to his observations the Filipinos at no time have been united against the United States. Their first outburst of enthusiastic cordiality for the Americans was founded upon their joy over the downfall of the Spanish oppressor. There never has been the slightest parallel possible between the Filipinos and the American colonists for the reason that the inhabitants of the Philippines have no knowledge of independence in the sense that our forefathers longed for it. They believed in power and authority and could not understand how a nation could be strong and great and at the same time treat with a show of indulgence and leniency a conquered people. Spain had taught them just the reverse through long generations of rule at the point of a gun and by the most revolting and cruel practices.

"Immediately after Dewey's victory," says Capt. Hawthorne, "the people were united for independence, but it was according to their own idea of it." This feeling was "founded on such shallow principles and was fostered by such questionable methods that it ceased to be self-sustaining so soon as the power and real purposes of the United States were fully disclosed. Thus, the first hostility to the Americans gave way to fear, that in turn to dread of the insurgents, that to repudiation of the irreconcilables and that to admiration for the new government."

According to Capt. Hawthorne only 60,000 Filipinos ever were in arms. A movement can hardly be called national when a people numbering 10,000,000 can put an army of only that size in the field.

With this view before us it is possible that a strong and vigorous policy of suppression in the case of the Samar rebels will be just the thing to restore to the Filipinos a rational view of our determination and purpose. The natives in the main are eager to learn, and the progress already made in the establishment of civil government has been most gratifying. To have suddenly withdrawn the mailed hand of power and authority from a people accustomed to nothing else and with only the most rudimentary conception of independence was an experiment that has had as one of its results at least the bringing of American sovereignty and authority into disrepute among the people we hoped to most benefit by that enlightened form of assimiliation.

Higher Education of Women.

President Eliot of Harvard said in a speech before the Twentieth Century club of Boston on Saturday evening that in educational advancement woman had shown herself the equal of man without in most cases impairing her health. Had he contented himself with this bare statement the information would have been only of commonplace importance. He goes farther, however, and raises a doubt as to whether the superior education to which modern woman aspires and in a majority of instances, attains, does not after all impair her usefulness in the higher spheres of marriage, domestic life and motherhood. The Harvard oracle dodges this issue after introducing it by saying that the final test has not yet been determined. If, as President Eliot says, farther on, quoting President Thomas of Bryn Mawr college, 50 per cent of our women are incapacitated for the normal functions and duties of womanhood by misdirected education, then it would seem that the final test has been made and against the higher development of woman's educational and public capabilities at the expense of her position as the nation's home maker.

The truth is, discussions relative to woman's position in the modern economy are academic and useless. In this sphere the operating law is the old one of supply and demand, and woman's relation to the world's work may be expected to be adjusted largely by the force of circumstances by which she may find herself confronted.

A Greater Music Hall.

A greater music hall in the Carnegie institute? Why, certainly. It is needed. Make no mistake on that point. There is to be a greater institute and we assume that the greater institute will include a greater music hall. But no music hall—great, greater or greatest—will be large enough to hold all the people who want a seat on Founder's day. But let no thought put on paper be interpreted to mean that the hall should not be larger. It should be and we think Mr. Carnegie intends that it shall be. A larger hall is needed for the organ recitals. It is needed for the orchestra concerts. It is needed for numberless other occasions that call the people together. If it were larger more people could be accommodated on the great anniversary in each November that is looked forward to by the whole community as the opening of the fall and winter season. But even then some of us would find the crowd so great that we would be glad of the privilege of standing room. The matter of enlargement is in good hands. Those who are responsible know the need. Therefore, it isn't worth while to worry about it. We are in the hands of our friends.

Dr. Wagner's Attack.

We understand the reason for the attack made by Dr. Hans Wagner of Berlin, in the German colonial organ, on President Roosevelt and the United States. It is one of the dearest wishes of German officialdom to have strong German colonies. The large German population of the United States does not beget love for this country in the breast of the ultra-patriotic German, to whom the Fatherland is everything. His countrymen who come to better their condition under the spreading wings of the American eagle are forever lost to Germany. They are thenceforth devoted to building up their adopted country and the strength they add to it is just so much strength taken away from the land of their birth. The German government would have all Germans who leave the Fatherland remain under the shadow of the German flag and build up German colonies to be bulwarks of the empire. This feeling is concentrated and finds its fullest and sometimes fiercest expression in those agencies devoted under government protection to colonial extension and development. It is entirely natural that they should bitterly resent the steady drain of the best blood of Germany into the life of the American republic. The abuse of President Roosevelt and the accompanying belittlement of the United States is merely an expression of resentment and not an honest, thoughtfully considered, carefully weighed, unbiased judgment. Remembering this, we may pass lightly over the doctor's declaration that "the president is a poor imitation of the kaiser," that "rowdyism is the only form of patriotism extant in the United States," that "the president of the United States is only a tool of his advisers," that our patriotism is "the patriotism of the dollar" and cuts "a very sorry figure in the family of nations where might, glory and love of country rest upon centuries of history;" that "it is uncertain whether the unwillingly united orient will not break the bond when strong enough;" that "the southern states still stand aside;" that "no one knows whether the Americans' bloated commercial development is not a hothouse plant which will snap in the first storm," and that "a body saturated with all these sores is not fit for a large role." Were any of these things true Dr. Wagner's abuse would touch us on a tender spot and make us squirm. But as we understand the animus we can smile with a conscious superiority that is materially added to with the arrival of each shipload of future American citizens from the ports of the Fatherland. So long, at least, as the brain and brawn of Germany continue to be added to our population none of the mean things said of us by Dr. Wagner can become true.

Lord Salisbury's Optimism.

In making the lord mayor's banquet on Saturday evening the occasion for a renewed expression of confidence in the government's war policy, Lord Salisbury only partly succeeded in gaining from the London public an indorsement of views that he himself holds rather weakly, but which he has once before expressed with great vigor and eloquence. His speech of Saturday lacks convincing force, and it is not surprising, therefore, that it was received with only half-hearted interest by the immense gathering assembled in Guild hall. The English public as a whole is thoroughly loyal and patriotic, and is ready to go much further in its support of the government's policy in South Africa than it has so far gone; but it is not ready to accept the statement that there have been no blunders made and that the reverses suffered by the army in the Transvaal do not in any way indicate bad generalship on the field or bad management at home. This is drawing it a little too strong, and the prime minister's hearers on Saturday night plainly showed it by the listless applause with which they greeted his statements.

Lord Salisbury is thoroughly wise and diplomatic in his ardent defense of the government's war policy, but his broad generalizations too nearly resemble the attitude of the small boy who invariably whistled in the dark to keep up his courage to carry much weight or enthusiasm with them.

Southern political agitators are being taught that President Roosevelt can distribute federal plums with the same dignified independence that he exhibits in selecting his dinner guests.

After the wiseacres in Washington who know nothing about the subjects get through their prophecies congress will come along and take care of both the tariff and reciprocity.

Turkey's new grand vizier's name is Abdurrahman Hall Fa Jenuze. The sultan's bad luck would seem to be playing a continuous performance.

The Philadelphia football team is in a position to sympathize with several prominent candidates during the recent political mix up.

London is having trouble with more than one kind of a fog if the general sentiment on the Boer question has been rightly sized up.

The Pennsylvania insurgents still cling to the hope that with a rapid fire check book at their disposal they will yet win out.

The Hon. Arthur Pue Gorman blushes modestly every time the Maryland senatorship is mentioned in his presence.

According to Washington dispatches President Roosevelt is showing a disposition to pull off the man with a pull.

Have Hon. Chauncey M. Depew's marriage arrangements been overlooked in the general excitement?

The man behind the pigskin is preempting a large share of public attention just at this time.

Sixto Lopez is another distinguished insurgent who is sadly in need of a vindication.

THE STATE PRESS.

Mr. Cleveland, no doubt, now realizes that he has made a mistake in residing at a distance from Pittsburgh all these years.—Scranton Tribune.

If Mr. Roosevelt should kindly step out of the way for a moment Mr. Low would be pleased to be proposed as a presidential candidate.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

Mrs. Cleveland is regarded by the Pittsburgh papers as a very handsome woman, even without drawing a contrast between herself and husband.—Franklin News.

It now begins to look as if Admiral Schley has a chance to win the naval battle in which he has been engaged for so many weeks at Washington.—Bradford Era.

The advertisement of the Pittsburgh Gazette appears on page five. The first number will appear tomorrow, with 52 pages, in six sections, including comic colored section and beautiful cut-out art supplement. It promises to be one of the best Sunday papers in Pittsburgh.—Braddock Herald.

It may yet become our painful duty to warn Andrew Carnegie not to give his millions away too fast. When he made the announcement that he would give his fortune away during his lifetime many people began to question if such a thing were possible, but his latest magnificent gift to Pittsburgh begins to look as though he knew more about that than other people.—Scranton Republican.

Our old-time friend, J. Edd Leslie, is the editor of the Sunday edition of the Pittsburgh Gazette, which will appear for the first time tomorrow. He occupied a similar position with the Pittsburgh Dispatch until he left to assume charge of the latest Sunday paper in that city. Mr. Leslie is an old-all region journalist, having been the editor of the Edenburg Herald in the palmy days of that town. He is recognized as one of the leading men in the profession which he so ably adorns, and the Sunday Gazette is certain to be a winner as regards contents and get-up.—Franklin News.

NEW YORK NOTE BOOK

New City Administration May Open Saloons During Certain Hours on Sunday to Do Away With the Evils of the Present Raines Law Hotels.

The Pittsburgh Gazette Bureau,
Herald Building, NEW YORK, Nov. 10.

It looks as if saloons legally open on Sunday might become a feature of New York life. It will depend upon the legislature, but so many prominent men favor a relaxation of the laws as to Sunday closing that it is certain a great deal of pressure will be brought to bear upon the lawmakers of Albany when the question comes up for action. Justice Jerome talked about this innovation before election, and he has on his side such men as Dr. Rainsford, and possibly Bishop Potter. The argument of Jerome and his fellow-reformers is that present conditions are immeasureably worse than they would be if liquor dealers were allowed to do business on Sunday in certain hours when divine service is not in progress. The unspeakable Raines hotels, that flaunt their violations of the spirit, if not the letter, of the law, all day on Sunday, and practically all Sunday night, would be swept out of existence in their present form by the passing of a wise, beneficent law which allowed intoxicating liquors to be sold at the dinner hour and in the middle of the day, but demanded that drinking places should be rigorously closed on Sunday evening. There is little doubt that illegal liquor selling will be lessened, if not abolished altogether, under an administration that will not permit the paying for police protection for lawbreakers, but it is the desire of the new city government to add to the comfort of the citizens in general, and it is a fact not to be controverted that a large portion of the population like a glass of beer, wine or even whisky on Sunday. The reformers insist that persons who desire to drink should be allowed to do so, if the doing so does not interfere with public order and convenience. The fanatical opposition to any use of malt, vinous or spiritous liquors, which made possible the passage of the Raines law, is held largely responsible for the abuses that have made the name of Tammany a stench in the nostrils of decent people everywhere. The movement to open saloons for a certain number of hours on Sunday is in embryo, but it will be vigorously pushed after the first of January.

Van Wyck a Marked Man.

It has been found that 12,000 ballots cast last Tuesday were rendered invalid because the voters, in their anxiety to make repudiation of Van Wyck for supreme judge emphatically unmistakable, marked the tickets in such a way that they could not be counted. On many of them a heavy black line was drawn through Van Wyck's name. This killed the whole ballot, but there is no evidence that, if all these tickets had been counted, it would have changed the result, although some such Tammany claim has been made by the more sanguine followers of Richard Croker.

Golf Players Laugh at Cold.

It was rather windy for golf today in this part of the country. But golf was played nevertheless. The chilly atmosphere was just right for violent exercise, and every golfer will testify that he got plenty of exercise in his favorite sport. So there was as great a number of attendants at the various links in West Chester county, Long Island and New Jersey as on any of the fine Sundays that we have had all through the autumn, and the game was going in excellent mood. On the other hand, the attendance at public worship in Greater New York was so large as to please the pastors. Everybody is back from the country now, and there is no excuse of the heat to keep them out of church. This is the time of year when, if ever, the churchgoer can do his duty, and the church services in every part of the greater city were properly observed today.

Hard on Matinee Hero.

Charles Hawtrey, the English actor, who is playing in this city in "A Message From Mars" and is the theatrical sensation, has been interviewed in due form, and somehow does not seem to have pleased his interviewer as greatly as one might have expected in a recognized matinee hero. Perhaps the interviewer is unjust; certainly he is plain spoken. He sums up the London pet of the stage thus: "Hawtrey is not illuminative. He is more interesting when a playwright tells him what to say than when he has to worry it out himself." But could not this truthfully be said of several well known American star actors who are favorites with the people and therefore entirely satisfied with themselves It is comforting that the playwright gets his meed of credit once in a while.

O'Neill Biding His Time.

O'Neill, the policeman who bearded "Chief" Devery in the trial room at police headquarters several weeks ago, has been taken care of since that dramatic incident. He made speeches for the fusion ticket in the campaign. He did not fail to score Tammany and all its works, and if he did not say much about Devery personally it was because he considered it might be in doubtful taste and not for want of inclination to give the deputy commissioner of police a few digs. He received a weekly salary from the "Acorns" for his services, and some of the business men who are behind that youthful and extremely active institution have provided him with other employment which will keep him going comfortably until the first of January. So soon as the new municipal administration has taken charge of the city O'Neill will apply for reinstatement on the force, and get it. It all remains with him whether he goes high in the department or not. If he displays ordinary ability and industry, he will have every opportunity to pass his fellow patrolmen a-flying.

"Sacred Concerts" Losing Favor.

"Sacred concerts" in the theaters of New York on Sunday nights seem to be losing their vogue. There are very few on Broadway. The New York (which used to be Hammerstein's Olympia), and Proctor's Fifth avenue, where "continuous" performances are given during the week, each has a Sunday entertainment. But that is all on the main thoroughfares. Koster and Bial's, where the Sunday "sacred concert" used to rage every week, has been torn down and nothing has arisen to take its place. Sunday concerts were given at the Metropolitan opera house for a time, but they did not attract enough people to make it pay, and were dropped. It seems as if people do not find the quality of entertainment offered on Sunday nights worth the price asked for admission, and the patronage is nothing like so good as it was a year ago. Managers find difficulty in engaging clever people for Sunday, because the performers are busy all the week, and do not care to work an extra night for an ordinary salary. Vaudeville talent has become somewhat frayed at the edges of late, and only the really big acts are received with enthusiasm by the public. The few theaters that give this kind of entertainment perhaps make it pay, but it is not the mine of wealth it used to be.

Will Honor Schiller's Birthday.

How many people in Pittsburgh know that tomorrow will be the birthday of Schiller, the poet? It is always celebrated in New York at the Irving Place German theater by Chevalier Conreid, the manager, who puts on a Schiller play for the occasion. The play tomorrow will be "Wilhelm Tell," with the full strength of the splendid Irving Place Company in the cast. It is known to New York theater-goers and to many from other cities that the performances here are equal to any in New York, and better than those in five out of six houses where the English language is spoken. Visitors from Pitsburgh who have never attended a performance in this pretty theater in Irving Place have a treat in reserve.

New Plays This Week.

There will be two new productions in Broadway theaters tomorrow night. Maude Adams will open at the Knickerbocker in her new play by J. M. Barrie entitled, "Quality Street," while at the Theater Republic Grace George will introduce Lottie Blair Parker's new drama, "Under the Southern Skies." This latter tells a tale of Louisiana life with a great deal of love in it. Miss Adams' new piece is a simple love story, the scene laid in England in the early part of the last century, and the characters, therefore, costumed in the quaint and dainty sentiments that are now well-known to the theater-goers. Mr. Barrie is said to have written a story that requires no study. It is simple and direct, its charm consisting in its very simplicity. On this account it should suit Maude Adams' style exactly. This popular young actress will stay at the Knickerbocker for eight weeks, and besides the Barrie play, she is to be seen in "L'Aiglon" and "As You Like It." Grace George has been unfortunate in selecting plays for her use for the past two or three years, but both she and her husband, William A. Brady, believe she has the right one this time. There is no question that she is a talented actress and if she has the right vehicle her success is assured.

Enthusiastic Over Maud Adams.

Strangers passing along upper Broadway for the last two or three days have wondered whether there was a riot at Thirty-eighth street. They could not have believed that it was a serious one, because the crowd of struggling persons there were nearly all young women, who had merely a bargain-counter eagerness in their faces, without showing a disposition to be bloodthirsty, or even disorderly in the police sense. In fact, they were simply wild adorers of Maude Adams, who felt that they just must get good seats to see her in "Quality Street." There is a Maude Adams' cult in New York, just as there is in Pittsburgh and other American cities, and so soon as the announcements of tickets on sale at the box office is made, there is a rush of her worshipers to get them. That has been the trouble at Broadway and Thirty-eighth street, at which corner is the Knickerbocker theater, where Miss Adams is to begin her eight-weeks' engagement tomorrow evening.

New Climate for Present Mayor.

Mayor Van Wyck is so disgusted with the result of the election, particularly as it concerned him personally, that he will depart from this country soon after New Years, it is said. This is the only rumor, but it is confirmed by close friends of the present mayor. He has long desired to make an extended tour of Europe but has been unable to arrange his business affairs hitherto. As he is not to be a supreme court justice this time, he has plenty of leisure, and can go where he pleases without causing dismay to the people of New York city. He expects to remain away until after the municipal campaign of 1903. Corporation Counsel Whalen will most likely be his traveling companion, and the report is that they will form a law partnership when they return.

Lillian Burkhart In "Diana."

Lillian Burkhart, the Pittsburgh girl, who used to be known as "the daughter of the regiment," because she gave her services for the benefit of the G. A. R. so frequently, has long been a vaudeville "headliner" in New York. She usually appears in a one-act comedy or drama, and has never failed to make a hit. Now she has a new play for next season, written by her husband, Charles B. Dickson, himself well known in Pittsburgh as the star of "Incog." and other popular comedies. Miss Burkhart's new play is entitled "Diana."

L Road's Good Record.

It is the pride of New Yorkers that there never has been a serious disaster on the elevated roads since they have been in operation. There have been isolated killings and injuries, but nothing in the way of wholesale slaughter, as sometimes occurs on other roads. There came near being a horror on the "L" yesterday, however, when a car backed half way over the end of the road at Fifty-ninth street and Sixth avenue, and was only saved from a fall to the street below by the strength of the couplings that held it to the rest of the train. The fact that there has never been an accident of this kind, speaks well for the excellent system under which the road is conducted. Millions of people ride on the "L" every year, but no one ever seems to think of the likelihood of a smash-up of any kind. There is plenty of grumbling about the service, as there is everywhere about any public institution, but New Yorkers think pretty well of the elevated roads of Greater New York, after all.

GEORGE C. JENKS.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels today:

WALDORF-ASTORIA.

Miss Gladys Painter, Benjamin Thaw, Jr., F. B. Hussey, Miss E. Chambers, E. W. Pengry, Theo. R. Hostetter, Mrs. B. Thaw, S. D. Thaw, Miss M. H. Pickering, Reid Kennedy, Mrs. E. W. Pargny.

HERALD SQUARE.

Robert A. Schlegal, L. C. Scott, Mrs. L. C. Scott, George Dilm, James Rae, Alex. A. Patterson.

IMPERIAL.

M. W. Achason, Jr., Theodore Sproull, W. H. Nimick.

GRAND.

George B. Damon, Edgar S. Love.

HOLLAND.

H. W. Hartman, Mrs. M. Laughlin, Arthur Warren, Mrs. Arthur Warren, F. T. F. Lovejoy, Mrs. F. T. F. Lovejoy, Mrs. Gunnison.

ALBEMARLE.

E. Groetzinger, Jr.

FIFTH AVENUE.

J. A. Frauenheim, Joseph Ritter, A. F. Putvinsky, W. H. Robbins.

ASTOR.

H. C. Evert.

How the Sections Say It.

From the Mobis (Ala.) Register.

The woman from New England buys a "table spread," while her sister from the south buys a "table cloth." The woman from Nova Scotia orders the servant to "lay the table," while with the most of us natives of the United States the command is to "set the table." In the country the hostess says to her guests, "Sit by," when it is time to eat; in town it is "Please sit down"; in the city among swells there is no further invitation than the announcement of the servant that "Dinner is served."

EYE-OPENERS.

Not a Sure Test.—He—You must have known from the first that I was in love with you, by my actions. She—But it's natural for some men to be foolish.—Puck.

"Could you do the landlord in the 'Lady of Lyons'?" asked the manager of a seedy actor. "Well, I should think I might; I have done a good many landlords."—Tit-Bits.

Not Past the Mark.—"This is my birthday." "And I suppose you feel as young as you ever did?" "No; I don't believe I'm quite old enough yet to feel as young as I ever did."—Brooklyn Life.

"What business brings the heaviest returns?" asked the man who "wanted to know." "The literary business," sighed the struggling author, as he opened a two-pound rejected book manuscript.—Philadelphia Record.

Those Girls Again—Tess—I saw her in her new dress today, and she seemed really happy. Isn't it remarkable? Jess—How remarkable? Tess—That some people can seem happy, no matter how they look.—Philadelphia Press.

Not Explicit.—Mary—When Georgo took me to a stylish restaurant for supper last night he said I had the appetite of a bird. Ann—He did? But he didn't explain whether he meant a canary or an ostrich, I suppose?—Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.

"What, you here again!" exclaimed the woman at the back door when Weary Willie presented himself. "I thought you were dead!" "Oh, no," replied Weary, touching his hat. "I didn't eat that piece of pie you gave me last time I was here."—Yonkers Statesman.

A Little Dubious.—"Do you really think it paid to give Josh all this education?" asked Farmer Corntossel. "Course I do," answered the fond mother. "It's wuth money to know better 'n to say 'crops are bad' instid o' 'crops is bad.'" "Well, if you say so, I reckon it's all right. But I can't say as I see how it kin make any difference to the crops."—Washington Star.

CARLYLE—CROMWELL

An Unpublished Letter Referring to the Statue Proposed in 1849 Now Finds Its Way Into Print—Opinion of the Great Englishman.

A correspondent sends to the London Times the letter printed below from Thomas Carlyle on the statue of Oliver Cromwell which it was proposed to set up at St. Ives in 1849. St. Ives being the place where Cromwell spent five years of his life as a farmer. It is called out now by the fact that a statue of Cromwell was to be unveiled at St. Ives on the 22nd day of last month, the proposal of 1849 having failed. The Carlyle letter, the correspondent says, has never before been published. Readers of the chapter on "Hudson's Statue" in the "Latter-Day Pamphlets" will recall the reference which Carlyle there makes to having written such a letter:

Chelsea, 16th April, 1849.

Sir: You are very kind to me, and I am much obliged to you. I retain a very lively, interesting and by no means unpleasant recollection of St. Ives, and if ever I go thither again, which surely may be among my hopes, I shall like the place much more, indeed, by the sight of some fit memorial to your great townman, openly claiming him as yours, and by the thought that I myself for his sake have found well wishers among you.

In the Birmingham newspapers some ten days ago a blazing article was sent me about a general "people's statue" for Oliver, to be set up at London, Huntingdon, or, failing both these, at St. Ives, or in Naseby Field. Some considerable notion I find otherwise has gone abroad of commemorating Cromwell in the public statue way. To all which I have hitherto made little answer or none at all.

My private suspicion, I confess, is that the present generation of Englishmen—who have filled their towns with such a set of "public statues" as were never before erected by any people, ugly brazen images (to mere commonplace adventurers with titles on them, and even sometimes to mere paltry scoundrels, worthy of immediate oblivion only), and who have winded up their enterprises in the statue or memorial like by subscribing £25,000 to a memorial for King Hudson—are not likely to do themselves or anybody much good by setting up statues to Oliver Cromwell. I fear they have forfeited the right to pretend to remember Cromwell in a public manner. Cromwell's divine memory, sad, stern, and earnest as the gods, says virtually to them "Forget me and pass on, ye unhappy canaille—carry your offerings to King Hudson and strive to emulate him." Nevertheless I have privately resolved, if such a thing do go on, to subscribe my little mite to it on occasion, and to wish privately that it may prosper much better than I can with any assurance hope. I think it will be very difficult to avoid the introduction of such an ocean of flummery and mere idle balderdash into the affair (if the "public" are fairly awoken to it) as will be very distressing to any one who feels how a Cromwell ought to be honored by the nation that produced him.

With regard to you and your townsmen, however, I perceive that so far you have sure ground to stand upon; ground that is sure and will carry such an enterprise in all times, even in the Hudson, Dundas, and brazen Duke of York times. St. Ives wishes to claim authentically for itself the honor of having once been Oliver Cromwell's place of abode, an honor that is likely to last it and be its most peculiar one for a thousand years to come.

Proper, good every way, and right on the part of St. Ives; while you keep within these limits the soul of Oliver himself if he looked down upon you could not disapprove. Not to do Cromwell honor—that, owing to Hudson &c., we unfortunately cannot at present pretend to try; not to do him honor, but to claim publicly our own property in him and to do honor to ourselves and our town—that we can pretend to and will. So far I say your enterprise is founded on the rock; and however much further it may go I think you should take special care to maintain that particular foundation and let nothing shift you from it. Namely, that your enterprise is to point out Oliver Cromwell's indisputable connection with you, and to claim this publicly, and assert it in brass or stone for the coming ages and all persons that may forget or do not know it.

In this point of view—let me at last get to say, for that was the main purport of my letter—I feel considerably apprehensive as to the site you propose for your monument. There should be no uncertainty, no shadow of dispute, that the site chosen was verily a spot related to Cromwell. Any possibility of cavil as to this I should regard as a decided permanent misfortune. Take ground that is neutral, that belongs to St. Ives in general, and to everybody in St. Ives; very well, but if you pretend that it is Cromwell's ground do not tell posterity uncertainties about that; be sure of it as you are of the sun shining, or else forbear to mention it in monumental brass, and as it were in a religious manner like this.

"Tradition" I have everywhere found to be the most worthless of all guides in respect to Oliver; a mere candle of stupid ignorant oblivion, not in any case to be trusted except you can otherwise authenticate it. That Oliver's house ever stood on the site of the present for late, for it seems to be pulled down since I was there) House of "Slepe Hall" I have not the least vestige of real evidence, and I clearly think you must either try with success to find better and even good and indisputable, or choose some other site for your memorial. Oliver's fields, I believe, by the side of the river are better, or perhaps completely ascertainable; and perhaps in old registers and records, if well searched into the house itself, might still be recoverable or some authentic account of the Slepe Hall family at that time; a judicious antiquary of real learning and diligence (if there should be such a one in Hunts; I know such in some counties) might set the matter completely at rest, and then you would proceed with eyes open.

But at rest the matter ought to be set one way or other; in for this reason, if you find no antiquarian help and can in short discover nothing, would not the market place or center of St. Ives town itself be the surest and fittest of all places? Here Oliver beyond any doubt habitually was; his name still stands, does it not, still stands in your church book as "Overseer of the ——" of St. Ives. I decidedly advise some indisputable place, and indeed otherwise think the market the suitablest rather for reasons of its own.

With many good wishes to you and your pious project, Yours sincerely,

T. CARLYLE.

Rev. I. K. Holland.

Testament in Scotch.

The Rev. William Wye Smith of St. Catherines, Ont., has issued from a publishing house in Scotland "The New Testament in Broad Scotch." Here is a rendering of Revelation xxii., 1-5:

"And He airtit my een till a river o' the Water o' Life, as clear as crystal, flowin' oot frae the thron o' God and the Lamb.

"And aitween the river-street and the river on this side and on yon, the Tree o' Life, gleam twal' fruitfus; month by month gleam its fruits, and the leaves o' the Tree to mak the nations hale.

"And nae curse sal be ony mair; and the thron o' God and o' the Lamb in her sal be; and His servitors sal ca' His service.

"And they sal look on His face, wi' His name cairyt on their brow.

"And nae nicht sal fa' mair; and they need hae licht o' lamp nor shine o' sun; for the Lord God will shed licht upon them; and they sal reign for ever and aye."

Japanese Folk Lore.

If you take a light out on a snowy night you will meet a big demond behind a tree.

If you have a mole under your eye drop three red beans into a well and it will disappear.

He who puts a clog on one foot and a sandal on the other on a rainy day will become lame.

He who weds a woman of uncommon beauty will fall into serious illness within three years of the marriage.

Footwear left outside on the night of the winter equinox should be thrown away; he who wears them will shorten his own life.

When the white fox of the shrine yelps the harvest will be plentiful. The family that hears three yelps of the fox will reap an extra crop.

PERSONAL.

W. B. Carroll, a dealer in machinery and plumbing supplies of Guadalajara, Mexico, passed through the city last night on his way home. "I purchase my supplies in the east," he said, "because I get better prices, and cheaper freight rates. My purchases are sent by sea to Tampico, Florida, and thence by rail to Guadalajara. The Mexican Central railroad, which has been under construction since 1885, will shortly be completed. There yet remains 45 miles to finish, which will cost $15,000,000, as many bridges and steel trestles will have to be built. It is thought that it will take at least two years to complete this portion of the road. When the road was first projected it was in the control of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, but it is now controlled by the Standard Oil Company. When completed this road will give a much shorter route to China, Japan and the Philippines."

Among the visitors to Pittsburgh yesterday were Dr. Moritz Wiederhold of Tangel, Germany; Henry Wiederhold, manager of the Vulcanite Paving Company of Philadelphia and New York; William H. Brooks, chief clerk of the bureau of highways, Philadelphia; R. G. Pilbert, president, and William C. Martin, secretary and treasurer of the Susquehanna Steel and Iron Company. They are at the Henry and stated last night that their visit to the city was simply one of pleasure, and that the party would visit the Homestead steel works and other large interests during their stay here.

J. M. Watson, dealer in ship supplies of New York, was a passenger west on the limited last night. "Horse show week promises to bring the congestion of the big New York hotels to an extremely acute stage. The Waldorf-Astoria was full to the roof all last week, and I understand that nearly 1,500 applications have been made at this house for restaurant seats for the opening date of the show."

George Peck of Peck & Co., Amsterdam, Holland, is at the Duquesne. The firm deals in American machinery and tools. "Our trade," said Mr. Peck, "is with Holland and the colonies. We buy all our bolts and tubing in Pittsburgh. The strike delayed many of our orders and caused us to cancel many others. During the strike we were compelled to purchase much of our stock in England and Germany."

The leading hotels yesterday housed many out-of-town visitors who came to the city to see the big "mum" show in Schenley park. Two excursions came in over the Allegheny Valley from Oil City and Valley Camp. There were about 1,800 people on the two trains.

James McCrea, first vice president of the Pennsylvania lines west, went to Chicago last night in his private car.

Neighbors Visiting Pittsburgh.

At the leading hotels last night the following friends and neighbors from nearby towns were registered:

Lincoln—C. F. Foster, Apollo, Pa.

Victoria—George Wells, Parkersburg, W. Va.

Anderson—David Barry, Johnstown, Pa.; James L. Bott, Bridgeport, O.

Seventh Avenue—W. McKenon, Bradford, Pa.; J. C. Frederick, Leechburg, O.; S. G. Maxwell, Titusville, Pa.; Charles Phipps, Franklin, Pa.; C. McDonald, Oil City, Pa.; Augustus Pearce, Franklin, Pa.; George W. Thompson, Leechburg, Pa.; L. C. Heyman, Wheeling, W. Va.; L. Spence and Harry Warner, Johnstown, Pa.; Artis Noffler, Mahoning, Pa.; J. H. Richards, Saltsburg, Pa.; H. B. Dares and John R. Steele, Oil City, Pa.

Duquesne—A. E. Franklin, Butervills, Pa.; J. E. Miller, M. M. Simon, Daniel Brown and M. Simon, Franklin, Pa.; E. H. Williams, Sharon, Pa.; F. R. Shyrock, Meadville, Pa.

Henry—Frank Vandergoe, Oil City, Pa.; A. H. Sisson, Newark, O.

Griswold—E. P. Wilkinson, Wheeling, W. Va.; J. R. Miller and J. C. McVicker, Morgantown, W. Va.; A. J. McHugh, Uniontown, Pa.; J. C. Howard and wife, Somerset, Pa.; F. Burke and wife, Beaver Falls, Pa.

Monongahela—John A. Moore, Wheeling, W. Va.; W. K. Cooper, New Kensington, Pa.; E. H. Williams, Sharon, Pa.

Newell's—P. A. Gilbert, Warren, Pa.; J. M. McCarty and J. A. McGreal, Oil City, Pa.; Benton Haynes and wife, Salem, O.

WAR DEPARTMENT MEDALS.

The Relative Values of These Marks of Distinction.

From the New York Evening Post.

The medal of honor conferred by the war department is a trophy of which the winner may well be proud. It means that the person to whom it is awarded has performed some act "of such a conspicuous character is to clearly distinguish him for gallantry and intrepidity above his comrades—service that involved extreme jeopardy of life or the performance of extraordinarily hazardous duty." So read the regulations governing the medal issue. Not many have been granted of late years—scarcely a hundred to veterans of the Spanish-American war and the Philippine service.

But the value of one of these medals depends very much on the date of issue. Of the 2,820 put out since the law was passed in 1863, nearly half are little better than counterfeits. Immediately after the civil war the medals were often issued with a blundering carelessness, tending to detract from the honor which should rightly attach to their possession. The Twenty-seventh Maine infantry, for example, was stationed at Arlington Heights, just south of the capital, in June, 1865. The term of enlistment of most of the men was about run out, when the threatened invasion of Pennsylvania by Lee made it desirable that they remain in service a

ART EXHIBIT WAS FAVORITE

Thousands Flocked to Carnegie Institute to See the Pictures.

THE ORGAN RECITAL AND 'MUM SHOW POPULAR

Crowds Were Large at Parks Yesterday—Hall's Recital Well Received—Many Watched Antics of Zoo Inmates at Highland.

Great crowds visited Schenley and Highland parks yesterday. At Schenley the art exhibit and the chrysanthemum show, together with the organ recital by Walter P. Hall, proved strong attractions and the crowd was one of the largest of the year.

The feature which attracted the greatest interest yesterday was the art exhibit. There was a steady stream of people throughout the afternoon. Around the favorites there was a constant jam. Mr. Carnegie's loaned picture, "The Storm," received much attention.

An interested crowd struggled continually to get a vantage point from which to best view the prize winners in the recent international contest. Alfred H. Maurer's gold medal winner, "An Arrangement," was admired by lovers of art, and praised by those who knew art.

Ellen Wetherald Ahren's "Sewing—A Portrait" came in for a great share of the crowd's admiration, and Edmund C. Tarbell's "A Venetian Blind" was by no means neglected. The crowd was in the broadest sense "popular." It was made up of all classes and conditions of Pittsburgh society, chiefly, however, of those who have only Sundays for recreation.

Organist Hall Is Applauded.

Mr. Hall, when he appeared in Carnegie Music hall, was warmly greeted by the audience and received liberal applause at the end of each selection. The program opened with the "Grand Solemn March," Smart's majestic composition, and closed with Massenet's "Scenes Pittores," transcribed for the organ by Mr. Hall.

A number that showed the organist's perfect mastery of the instrument was "Toccata in C. with Fuga," by Bach. Mr. Hall's own composition, "Minuet and Gavotte in G," charmed the audience, with its stately movement and tuneful melody. "Evening Time," by Buck, was perhaps better liked by the audience than any other selection.

The first part of the program closed with the overture from Wagner's "Tannhauser."

After a ten-minute intermission, Mr. Hall continued the program with his transcription for the organ of Beethoven's "Andante," from the fifth symphony; Handel's "Allegro, from Cuckoo and Nightingale Concerts;" "Pastorale and Finale," "First Sonata," Guilmant, and closed with four movements from "Scenes Pittores."

Thousands Saw the 'Mum Show.

Before the concert began, thousands visited Phipps conservatory and admired the beautiful dispaly of chrysanthemums. Superintendent Faulkner said the crowd was fully as large as that of the previous Sunday, but he politely declined to make an estimate. He was willing to say that the figures which would measure the crowd was somewhere between 20,000 and 40,000, but that was as much as he would venture.

William R. Smith, superintendent of the United States botanical gardens, Washington, D. C., is Mr. Faulkner's guest and was at the "mum" show. He considered the crowds almost as interesting as the show. Tonight the florists of Pittsburgh and Allegheny will give a reception to Mr. Smith in Cyclorama hall, Irving street, Allegheny.

Enough of the beauties of autumn are on hand, Mr. Faulkner says, to keep up the show for about two weeks. There is a large supply of blooming plants in the propagating rooms, and as fast as the flowers now on exhibition fade, they will be replenished with fresh blooms. The exhibit will gradually become smaller, however, as the season lengthens.

Large Crowds at Highland.

Highland park zoo drew an unusually large crowd yesterday afternoon. Thousands watched the monkeys picking their teeth and the elephants eating baled hay. But the most attractive cage seemed to be the one occupied by the pair of seals. This was largely due to the advertising done by one of the arctic inhabitants. His barking could be heard as far as the big gates at the park entrance. The cool weather made him feel so good that he "could not help hollering," as one of the attendants said.

One of the big black bears did not like the position of his kennel, so he proceeded to move. This he did in approved bear fashion, by grasping one corner of the house with his great jaws, and tugging and pulling, until he had turned the door of his house away from the scrutinizing crowd.

JONES & LAUGHLINS NOT IN NEW COMBINE

B. F. Jones, Jr. Denies That Firm Is Involved, but Confirms Report.

B. F. Jones, Jr., of the Jones & Laughlins, Limited, yesterday said that the Philadelphia report of a new combine of the producers of steel plates does not concern his company. "We have given no option, nor have we made an arrangement of any nature to enter such a combine. Nearly every combine formed has carried our name in the preliminary reports and the business community knows what all have amounted to so far as we are concerned.

"On Saturday I received my first information in relation to the reported plan to combine the plate manufacturers. The report was practically true as given in the newspaper reports this morning."

Outsiders call attention to the fact that it is absurd to talk of Jones & Laughlins, Limited, being absorbed in a $50,000,000 corporation, with nine other concerns. The great Pittsburgh limited partnership could itself organize as a stock company on a capitalization well above this figure.

That a movement is under way to combine the other independent plate producers receives some credit here. The Luckens Iron works of Coatesville, Pa., and the Central Steel Company of Harrisburg are both extensively interested in steel plate manufacture. The Harrisburg company has a large modern plant in operation.

ACCIDENT ON WARSHIP.

Gunner Left Breech Open and Six Men and an Officer Killed.

ATHENS, GREECE, Nov. 10.—A terrible gun accident occurred Saturday on board the British warship Sovereign outside of Astako harbor.

An artilleryman forgot to close the breech before the gun was fired. One officer and six artillerymen were killed outright, the bodies being terribly mutilated, and the captain and 13 sailors were seriously injured.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SUNDAY GAZETTE A GREAT SUCCESS

POPULAR DEMAND FOR IT KEPT PRESSES GOING AT TOP SPEED.

There Were Fifty-Two Pages Filled With Up-to-Date News and Choice Literary, Scientific, Religious and Other Features, and the Demand for Advertising Space Was Strong. A Brief Resume of Art Supplement.

The first Sunday issue of The Gazette had a gratifying reception. Long after the hour at which it was supposed the demand would have been fully supplied the presses had to be kept running. The people insisted on having more. The paper was of fifty-two pages including an art supplement and strong news and literary features. The pressure for advertising space was almost unprecedented. Advertisements poured in until no more could be accommodated in justice to the other features of the paper. Just below the mark of 130 columns it was stopped and the remainder of the paper was reserved for reading matter. Three entire pages and more were claimed for classified advertisements, proof that The Sunday Gazette springs at once into popular favor.

The Sunday Gazette was made up in six sections. The first four sections were devoted to news and literary features. Section five was devoted to The Gazette, past and present, the first page showing the modest building from which the first Gazette was issued in the eighteenth century and the handsome and substantial edifice from which it is now issued in this glorious twentieth century. Succeeding pages of the section were devoted to the recital of a visit from John Scull, the founder of the paper, telling of the many surprises he encountered as he was shown through the building, from "machinery hall" in the basement where the power to run the mechanical plant is developed, on up through the various departments to the other "machinery hall" on the topmost floor where the batteries of linotype machines "set up" the paper. The remainder of section five was devoted to the army of workers and their various departments, to the new five-story building, the making of a great paper, etc., the whole accompanied with elaborate illustrations.

Section six das devoted to humorous matter. The first page was Coon Hollow Folks," and more will be learned of them on succeeding Sundays. They are an amusing lot. Page 6, also handsomely coloerd, was devoted to "The Adventures of Billy Bounce, the Hot-Foot Messenger," and Billy will continue to appear week by week. The intervening pages were filled with illustrated comic matter that must be seen and read to be appreciated.

On the other sections, sections one and two were devoted to foreign, domestic, local, legal, sporting and financial news, forming a complete panoramic view of the leading events of the day throughout the world, with our own magnificent city as the center. From all points of the compass the news was gathered by our own reporters and correspondents. The wires and cables were kept busy all Saturday and Saturday night that the readers of The Gazette might have all the news.

A strong feature of section 3 was a letter from Scoul, the capital of Korea, by Dr. Robert Coltman, who writes for only The Gazette in Pittsburgh. Dr. Coltman was physician to Li Hung Chang during that great statesman's life and attended him in his last illness, as shown in the cable reports. Dr. Coltman's letter tells of present conditions in the former hermit nation and of the immense influence of the Japanese in its affairs. "Europe's School for Kings," by Prof. Lyncaus, whose book, "A Realist's Philosophy," was suppressed by the German government, was another striking feature. Of special local intereest was an article on "The Origin and Growth of Photography," by John A. Brashear, and another telling of a visit some prominent Pittsburghers are making to the south. The theaters, the debutantes and the women's clubs also received extended notice.

There was no more interesting or edifying department within the compass of the 52 pages than "Our Home Service," by the Rev. S. Edward Young. The religious page will be eagerly sought for every week, if its excellence is maintained, and we expect it to improve. The literary department, "Books and Bookmen," from the pen of George Seibel, is an expansion of the unsurpassed literary feature with which readers of The Gazette have been familiar for more than a year. In the Sunday Gazette there is more of it and the more there is of it the better it is.

In the fourth section there are departments of fashion for men and women a page for the juniors, a page of good fiction, and last but not least, the Hon. "Buck" Hinrichsen gives the public a chapter on "Practical Politics," and a staff writer of The Gazette gives the national guard of Pennsylvania, just such information as all its members from the major general commanding, to the private in the rear rank want to know.

The first Sunday issue of The Gazette was a good one and hard to beat, but succeeding issues will be better. The public showed its appreciation of the first number and the management will strive to merit a continuance of it.

WANTED AN ALLY.

Unpublished Letter of Bismarck Shows He Tried to Form an Alliance With Scandinavians.

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—(Special Cable.)—The newest diplomatic sensation is the publication by Prof. Friedricksen of Denmark of an hitherto unknown letter which Bismarck, while prime minister, sent to Prime Minister Blixen of Denmark in 1882, proposing German-Scandinavian alliance.

Bismarck assured Blixen such an alliance could rule the world.

DEAL IS NOW DECLARED OFF

Federal and Pittsburgh & Allegheny Telephone Companies Disagree.

SCHEME OF MERGER FALLS THROUGH

Officials Say Negotiations Have Ceased—Disagreement Occurred Over Price Asked for Maryland Concern, a P. & A. Ally.

A deal for the merger of the Federal and Pittsburgh and Allegheny Telephone Companies of this city is understood to have fallen through last week, when it was about to be brought to a close. It may, however, be taken up again, under new terms. It is said that the hitch in the deal was in relation to the Maryland Telephone Company of Baltimore, an affiliated corporation of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny. The Baltimore and Pittsburgh and Allegheny interests are said to have insisted on the Baltimore property being included in the deal, at terms which the Federal syndicate would not consider.

The Federal Telephone Company has many exchanges in the Pittsburgh district and a trunk line east, but no Pittsburgh entrance. The initial capitalization of the company is understood to have been $1,000,000, but the owners have several times materially increased its investment and capitalization. The Pittsburgh and Allegheny company is capitalized at $1,500,000 and the Maryland at $1,000,000. Both are controlled by the United Telephone and Telegraph Company.

Fred DeLand, treasurer and general manager of the Federal company, says that the deal was on, but is now off under the terms that were being considered, but intimates that a new arrangement may be concluded. In relation to these matters, Mr. DeLand last night dictated this statement:

"The Pittsburgh and Allegheny Telephone Company is owned by Baltimore capitalists, while the Federal is owned by Pittsburgh people. There is no deal on for the sale of the Federal to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny, the Federal has never been offered to the Pittsburgh and Allegheny, nor has the Pittsburgh and Allegheny ever tried to purchase the Federal; but the Pittsburgh and Allegheny property has been offered to the Federal twice, and both deals fell through, though the Federal had its money all up in the form of certified checks.

"It is unfortunate for the Pittsburgh and Allegheny subscribers as well as the Federal subscribers that the deal fell through, for with Federal connections, Pittsburgh and Allegheny subscribers could talk to 57 towns in the counties of Allegheny, Westmoreland, Fayette and Washington, which now can only be reached by Bell toll lines."

K. A. Wilson, acting general manager of the Pittsburgh and Allegheny company, said last night that he doubts that any deal will be carried through. He says that President George R. Webb has only recently started east from a vacation in California, and that recent advices he has had from Baltimore headquarters admitted nothing of such a deal. He said: "The Federal people have been fighting us in our effort to get a franchise through McKeesport councils, and I believe the report of a deal has been put out to influence the situation there. There have been a number of reports of traffic and merger deals with the Federal company, and I do not believe there was foundation for any of them." Henry A. Parr and other executives of the Baltimore and Pittsburgh and Allegheny interests are located in Baltimore.

PAUL REVERE DEAD.

Grandson of the Revolutionary Hero Who Inspired Longfellow's Poem, Expires at Morristown, N. J.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—Paul Revere, great grandson of Col. Paul Revere of revolutionary fame, died here at 4 o'clock this morning of pernicious anemia.

He was born in Morriston 50 years ago and always lived here. His parents were Gen. Joseph W. Revere, whose name is well known in connection with the civil war, and Rosanna D. Lamb Revere, both of Boston. He was educated at the academy here, and after a preparatory course entered Harvard law school, where he remained one year. He then studied law in Newark and was admitted to the bar in 1875.

Mr. Revere was the vice president general of the Sons of the American Revolution.

AN AUDIENCE OF FIFTEEN

DIVINE HEALER HAD FEW HEARERS AT OPENING LECTURE.

Talked to Allegheny People About Their Lax City Government—Predicts the Downfall of England and the Supremacy of Russia and the United States, in the Two Hemispheres—Claims He Is Persecuted.

Dr. Charles McLean, known as "Schlatter, the divine healer," lectured to an audience of probably 15 yesterday afternoon in Grand Army hall at the corner of East and South Diamond streets, Allegheny. For his subject he took "Modern Infidelity," but deviated from this theme and entered into a harangue against vice and an arraignment of the government for curbing the freedom of speech.

As a prophet, Schlatter thinks he is the real article, having predicted the death of President McKinley and the succession of Theodore Roosevelt to the presidency two years before the assassination of the president. He says he foretold the death of Queen Victoria and Garret A. Hobart while both were enjoying good health.

He predicted the Boer war, and says it will last for 11 years. Along with this prediction he foresaw the conflict between the Chinese and the alliance of the nations, but he predicts that with the progress of the Boer war the alliance will rapidly disappear. He says England with her many colonies will pass into oblivion, and at the end of the war but two powers will remain, Russia and the United States.

In appearance the divine healer is anything but attractive. His eyes are small and bleary, and their incessant blinking wears on the nerves of his listeners. Deeply set in his head, they are scarcely discernable. In walking, his head is bent toward the ground. He wears a life's growth of hair and a shaggy beard. The great shock of hair is uncombed and uncombable. Dozens of hair pins hold the locks in place, and were it not for the free use of this feminine necessity his eyes would be completely hidden. The beard hides his mouth, and when talking to an individual the voice is scarcely ever raised above a whisper.

Conversation is monopolized by the healer. With eyes and arms and body in rapid motion, one is scarcely able to follow him. He quotes Scripture freely on and off the platform.

Schlatter is stopping at the Commercial hotel, Sixth avenue. He claims to be persecuted. He is denied the privilege of bringing in the lame, the halt and the blind to be cured, he says, and he has found this to be a drawback when searching for a hall. When he secured the hall belonging to Post 88, G. A. R., he was instructed to refrain from taking patients on the platform, and for this reason he made no attempts at healing other than to offer a prayer in their behalf.

Schlatter possesses diplomas issued by the Glasgow university and the Chicago Medical college. He says he was ordained by the Free church of Scotland as a minister. The power is God's, he says. He was born in New York 55 years ago and educated as a physician, but asserts he received a message telling him to save his fellow men. He says he has cured 7,000 people, and raised seven from the dead; saved the lives of Rudyard Kipling and Richard Croker and has traveled seven times around the world. If he is able to secure a hall he intends remaining in the city a week, but if his entreaties go unheeded he will, "like Paul, shake the dust of Pittsburgh from his feet."

SPENT PERILOUS NIGHT.

Captain, Wife, Children and Crew Rescued from a Wrecked Schooner.

MENOMINEE, MICH., Nov. 10.—The schooner Emily Taylor was wrecked at Zelzer Bay, twenty miles north of here, last evening and the crew, consisting of Captain Charles Stone, his wife, two children and two sailors, spent a perilous night on the wreck before they were rescued by fishermen.

The schooner is owned by Captain Stone and hails from Gladstone. She had loaded wood at Arthur Bay for Green Bay City and was caught in the blow yesterday afternoon.

Nicaraguans Honor King Edward.

MANAGUA, NICARAGUA, Nov. 10.—(Via Galveston, Tex.)—The Nicaraguan government raised and formally saluted the British flag yesterday in compliment to the birthday anniversary of King Edward VII.

As a worm-destroyer, Dr. D. Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge is unequaled, and to the weak and sickly, it is wonderfully helpful as a strength-giver.

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
library furniture—

We are not only being complimented on the completeness of our stock of Bookcases and Library Furniture, but on the prices and character of the designs.

Nobody who sees the selection, and wants to purchase anything in this line, will be able to resist the opportunities.

But what we say of our Library Furniture is true of our other lines. The progress and growth of the house makes it true. Each season puts us farther ahead—in a position to present greater advantages to our customers.

The Bookcase shown above is here at $27, an unusually low price. It is of English design, made in quartered golden oak or weathered oak, 41 inches wide by 55 inches high.....$27.00

McELVEEN'S
(McElveen Furniture Co.)
525-527-529 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SCOTCH and IRISH WHISKIES
All the leading Brands by the Gallon, Case or Bottle.
SCHUETZ, RENZIEHAUSEN & CO.
100—Market Street—102
Cor. First Ave.
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AXSALA SEAL JACKETS
REGISTERED
Equal in Appearance to ALASKA SEAL
THE FUR AND LINING GUARANTEED.
AT ALL UP-TO DATE Fur Departments.
Look For Label.

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Consult Gazette classified columns carefully continually. Constant search and use of them will bring certain success and ceaseless returns. 1c per word, each insertion.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

ANCHOR LINE
United States Mail Steamships from New York Every Saturday for
GLASGOW VIA LONDONDERRY
Cabin Passage, $50.
Excursion Ticket, $90.
Second Cabin, $32.50 and up.
Third Class, $26 and upwards.
For new illustrated folder and further information, apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, General Agents, 17 and 19 Broadway, N. Y., or J. J. McCORMICK, 840 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh. 410jr

JAPAN-CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS VIA HONOLULU, Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: Hongkong Maru, Nov. 16, 1901; China, Nov. 23, 1901; Doric, Dec. 3, 1901. For passage and freight rates, reservations, passage orders and information, apply to P. B. Choate, Agent, 1309 Park Bldg., Pittsburgh. 161h

RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh & Morgantown Packet Co.
Steamers leave daily for Morgantown, 3 p. m., except Sunday at 8:30 a. m. For Brownsville, 4 p. m. daily, except Sunday, taking freight and passengers for all points on the Monongahela River. First class fare, meals and berth included. Pittsburgh to Morgantown and return, $4. For freight or passage apply to John Britton, Supt., T. J. Wood, President, Wharf foot Smithfield st. Telephone 2368 Court. 726th

RAILROADS.

B. & O. DUQUESNE LIMITED
—TO—
Philadelphia & New York
Leaves Pittsburgh 6:30 p. m. daily, arrives Philadelphia 6:35 a. m. New York 8:10 a. m. Fare to Philadelphia, first-class $8, second class $7.80. New York, first class, $9; second class, $8.50. Vestibuled train carrying Pullman sleepers and dining car. 1011h

WHEN
Thanksgiving Comes
Cloudy glazed Shirts, Collars and Cuffs will not be the proper thing. BRACE BROS. will make you presentable among your fellow men. The absolute perfection of their DOMESTIC FINISH in Shirts, Collars and Cuffs has made them famous as launderers. BRACE BROS.' wagons go everywhere.

Telephones { Bell { Court 1779 / Wilkinsburg 23 } P. & A. { Main 1779 / East 763 }

1111g

PITTSBURG: 309 Fifth Avenue.
REGAL SHOES $3.50
PITTSBURG: 309 Fifth Avenue.

HOW DO YOU LIKE THIS?

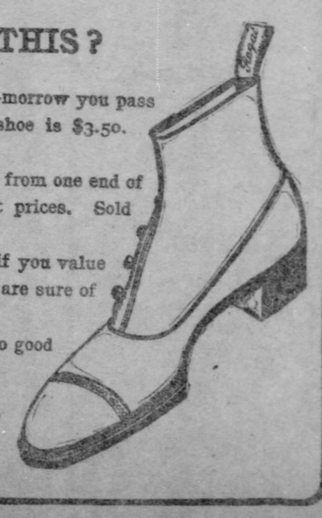
KING CALF

To-day you buy a pair of shoes for $5.00. To-morrow you pass the same store and the price of the same shoe is $3.50. Where's your $1.50?

Buy Regals! Always and only $3.50—no deviation from one end of the country to another. No "bargain" sales, no cut prices. Sold direct from Tannery to Consumer for $3.50 all the time.

You are never sure of fit at "bargain counters"—if you value your comfort buy Regals—all sizes, all widths—you are sure of complete shoe satisfaction.

No better shoe at any price—no other shoe nearly so good at anything like the price.



The Regal is the only shoe sold at $3.50 direct from Tannery to Consumer in its own stores from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Regal Dressing gives the most lustrous and lasting polish, makes the shoes soft and easy, and preserves the leather indefinitely.

CAMPBELL'S
Dress Goods and Silks.

Better able to meet your demands than ever before—all the choicest and newest styles are here, and whether you wish to pay 25c or $4.00 a yard we can show you a large variety and give you positively the best value for your money.

Dress Goods.

A dollar a yard is as much as many people wish to pay for their Dress Goods, and we are offering the very best value in this city at that price. We can give but a mere hint of the superior merit of this line. Here are a few of the fabrics:

52-inch Satin Finished Prunellas.
Imported Crepe Granites.
Satin Soliels and Whipcords.
52-inch Melange Hopsackings.
Homespuns, Cheviots, etc.
All at, per yard.....$1.00

Fine Imported Prunella Cloths, 46 inches wide, rich lustrous finish, all the leading shades of the season—a quality that would be extra good value at $1.50. Special for Monday, per yard.....$1.25

Camel's Hair Zibelines, with a rich mohair finish, such as comes only in the best imported qualities; a very stylish fabric for tailor-made costumes. Per yard.....$1.50

Specials from our Magnificent Line of
Black Dress Goods.

Heavy black Costume Cheviot—finish similar to a Foule—52 inches wide and the right weight for separate skirts or full suits. Special, per yard.....$1.00

52-inch strictly all-wool Black Prunella, handsome finish—a quality actually worth $2.00. Monday, per yard.....$1.50

Silks.

27-inch "Guaranteed to Wear" black Taffeta, an excellent quality for linings and waists and superior value at, per yard.....$1.00

19-inch heavy black Taffeta, soft rustling finish; worth 69c a yard. Special for.....59c

Rich, lustrous black Peau de Soie, 21 inches wide, a very popular silk for waists and dresses. Per yard.....$1.00

Fancy Waist Silks, plain colored grounds of white, blue, red, old rose, pink and yellow, with narrow black lace-like stripe; soft finish; regular $1.25 quality. Special, per yard.....89c

Handsome Foulards—these popular silks will be worn all through the winter—a splendid collection of patterns of the regular dollar kind. Special, per yard.....68c

Challies.

All-wool Challies, pretty styles for waists and dresses; worth 50c a yard. Special for.....30c

The very finest imported Satin Striped Challies, including the popular Persian designs—a bewildering assortment of the very best French and German printings. Per yard.....75c

Basement Specials for Monday.

250 pairs of strictly All-wool Country Blankets, in plaids and plain whites, actual $3.50 value. Per pair.....$2.25

10 dozen Bed Comforts, tufted or stitched, filled with fine white cotton. Each only.....$1.00

50 pieces choice styles in Printed Fleecy Wrapper Flannels. Per yard.....10c

Choice line of plain white Silk embroidered Flannels for skirtings. Per yard.....39c

20 pieces of extra heavy and wide round thread Table Linens, splendid styles. Per yard only.....50c

500 ready made Bed Sheets. Each only.....35c

2,000 yards of best makes of Calicoes, in robe patterns, for comfort covering. Per yard.....5c

2,500 yards—yard wide soft finish Bleached Muslins; worth 8c. At, per yard.....6¼c

The People's Store, 327-333 Fifth Ave.

R·I·P·A·N·S

My daughter suffered fearful with pimples and was cured by Ripans Tabules.

At Druggists.

The Five-Cent packet is enough for an ordinary occasion.
The family bottle, 60 cents, contains a supply for a year.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & LAKE ERIE RAILROAD.
CLEVELAND SHORT LINE.
Schedule in Effect Nov. 3, 1901.

Central Time.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chic. and Cleve. "Flyer"..	*7:00 am	†11:15 am
Youngst'n & Cleve. Mail..	* 8:25 am	* 9:00 am
Buffalo and Erie Express..	† 9:25 am	† 9:45 pm
L. Chautauqua Fast Line..	†12:20 pm	6:30 pm
Buffalo and Erie Express..	† 2:20 pm	†11:15 am
Cleveland and Chicago Ex..	† 2:50 pm	† 1:00 pm
Chicago & Cleve. "Flyer"..	* 5:10 pm	* 6:20 pm
Buffalo and Cleveland Ex..	*10:20 pm	* 6:05 am
Cleve. and Young'n Accom'l	† 5:35 am	† 5:10 pm
Beaver Falls Accom'dation	† 9:30 am	† 8:30 am
Beaver Falls Accom'dation	†10:00 am	† 4:40 pm
Beaver Falls Accom'dation	†12:10 pm	†12:50 pm
Beaver Falls Accom'dation	† 2:30 pm	† 4:10 pm
New Castle Express.....	† 4:20 pm	† 7:22 am
Beaver Falls Express.....	† 5:20 pm	† 9:30 am
Fayette City & N. Haven	* 6:50 am	* 8:15 am
McKeesp't & Fayette City	†11:50 am	†12:35 pm
Fayette City & N. Haven	† 3:20 pm	† 4:50 pm
Fayette City Express.....	† 5:20 pm	† 7:55 pm

Trains depart for Ellwood City, *5:35 a. m., *8:25 a. m., †12:50 p. m., *2:30 p. m., †4:20 p. m.

P., C. & Y. trains for Carnegie and Beechmont, †5:35 a. m., 10:30 a. m., 12:00 p. m.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

‡Note—8:30 a. m. train on Sundays to Youngstown only.

City Ticket office, 337 Fifth ave., Park Bldg.

J. B. YOHE, Gen. Supt. L. A. ROBINSON, Gen. Pass. Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE RAILROAD (Central Time). Trains leave Allegheny, P. & W. Station (for Buffalo, Erie, Girard, Meadville, Greenville, Mercer and Grove City), 7:00 a. m. and 2:25 p. m.

E. D. COMSTOCK, General Passenger Agent. Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH & WESTERN RY.
Schedule Effective May 19, 1901.
Leave B. & O. Station, Pittsburgh, Central Time.
For Chicago, †3:25 a. m., *2:30, *8:45 p. m.
For Cleveland, *3:25 a. m., *2:30 p. m. Arron, Youngstown, New Castle, Ellwood City, *3:25 a. m., *2:30, *6:45 p. m. Leave P. & W. Station, Allegheny, Central Time, for Cleveland, Akron, Youngstown, 12:00 a. m., Kane and Bradford, 12:00 a. m.; Clarion, Foxburg, 12:00 a. m., 12:25 p. m., New Castle, *7:00 a. m., *4:30 p. m.; Ellwood City, *7:00 a. m., 12:30, *4:30 p. m.; Butler, 7:00, *10:55, 12:00 a. m., *12:30, 12:25, *4:30, †6:15 p. m.; B. & O. Depot, *2:30 p. m.; Erie, Meadville, Mercer, 12:00 a. m., 12:25 p. m.

Pullman Sleeping Cars on all through trains between Pittsburgh and Chicago and Cleveland.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

C. W. BASSETT, G. P. A.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER and PITTSBURGH RAILWAY.
PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION LINE.
From P. & W. Station, Allegheny.
Eastern Standard Time. | Leave. | Arrive.

Buffalo, Rochester, Pumpsy..		
DuBois & Bradford Ex..†	* 9:00 am	* 6:45 pm
Punxsy. and DuBois Accom	4:10 pm	†11:00 am
Buffalo & Rochester Ex..†	*10:00 pm	† 7:30 am

*Daily. †Week-days. The 9:00 a. m. train has cafe and reclining chair cars. Pullman sleeping cars on 10:00 p. m. train between Pittsburgh and Buffalo and Rochester.

Ticket office, 500 Smithfield st., cor. Fifth ave.

E. C. LAPEY, Gen. Pass. Agent. C. G. PASCAULT, Dist. Pass. Agent, Rochester, N. Y. Div. Pass. Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station.
Pennsylvania Lines
By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS. | LEAVE. | ARRIVE.

Chicago and Cincinnati.... | 1:30 am | 6:40 am
Indianapolis and St. Louis.. | 1:30 am | 6:40 am
Ft. Wayne and Chicago.... | 1:30 am | 6:40 am
Tiffin and Toledo..... | 1:30 am | 6:40 am
Indianapolis and St. Louis.. | 4:50 am | 11:10 am
Wellsville and Bellaire.... | 7:20 am | 11:10 am
Wellsville and Bellaire.... | 8:30 am | 1:40 pm
Alliance and Cleveland.... | 8:40 am | 1:40 pm
Alliance and Orrville..... | 9:00 am | 1:40 pm
Ohio Valley Express..... | 9:00 am | 4:00 pm
Ft. Wayne and Chicago.... | 9:00 am | 4:00 pm
Tiffin and Toledo..... | 9:00 am | 4:00 pm
New Castle and Jamestown.. | 9:00 am | 4:00 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula.. | 9:00 am | 4:00 pm
Limaville and Erie..... | 9:00 am | 4:00 pm
Mercer and Oil City..... | 9:00 am | 4:00 pm
Cleveland Fast Line..... | 9:00 am | 4:00 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati... | 9:00 am | 4:00 pm
New Castle and Jamestown.. | 12:00 m | 6:40 pm
Columbus and Chicago..... | 12:00 m | 6:40 pm
Alliance and Cleveland.... | 1:00 pm | 6:40 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.... | 1:00 pm | 6:40 pm
Alliance and Crestline..... | 1:00 pm | 6:40 pm
New Castle and Erie..... | 4:00 pm | 11:10 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula.. | 4:00 pm | 11:10 pm
Mercer and Oil City..... | 4:00 pm | 11:10 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.... | 4:00 pm | 11:10 pm
Cleveland Special..... | 4:00 pm | 11:10 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire.... | 4:00 pm | 11:10 pm
Chicago Special..... | 4:00 pm | 11:10 pm
Chicago, Toledo and Detroit. | 4:35 pm | 11:10 pm
Chicago and Cincinnati.... | 4:35 pm | 11:10 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati... | 4:35 pm | 11:10 pm
Ind'pls, Louisville & St. L.. | 4:35 pm | 11:10 pm
Beaver Falls & New Castle.. | 4:40 pm | 11:10 pm
Alliance and Cleveland.... | 11:00 pm | 6:40 am

Leave for Washington, Pa., 6:00 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Wheeling, 10:45 am, 8:20 pm. Cincinnati, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Chicago, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Columbus, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Steubenville, 6:00 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Zanesville, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Mansfield, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Akron, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Cleveland, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Toledo, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Mansfield, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Akron, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Cleveland, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Toledo, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm.

Leave Allegheny for Rochester, 1:30 am, 6:40 am, 12:01, 4:30 pm. Leave Allegheny for Salem and Alliance, 12:00 pm. *Every day. †Week days only. Sunday only. Time tables, tickets and sleeping car space may be obtained at 639 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street; at Union station, Pittsburgh, and at Ft. Wayne station, Allegheny.

G. L. PECK, General Manager. R. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
In effect October 1, 1901.
Trains leave Union Station, Pittsburgh, as follows (Eastern Standard Time):

FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON:
Atlantic Express, daily..... | 7:00 a. m.
Pennsylvania Limited, daily.... | 10:15 a. m.
Day Express, daily..... | 7:10 a. m.
Mail Line, Express, daily..... | 12:01 a. m.
Harrisburg Mail, daily, except Sunday | 12:01 a. m.
Harrisburg Express, daily..... | 4:40 p. m.
Philadelphia Express, daily..... | 7:00 p. m.
Mail and Express, daily..... | 11:55 p. m.
York only, through buffet sleepers.. | 7:00 p. m.
No coaches..... | 3:00 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily..... | 3:00 p. m.
Fast Line, daily..... | 3:00 p. m.
"Pittsburgh Limited," daily, for New York, Baltimore and Washington only..... | 10:00 p. m.
Philadelphia, Mail, daily, except Sunday.. | 8:40 a. m.
For Buffalo and Niagara Falls, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. daily.
For Erie, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m. daily.
For Oil City, 4:35 and 9:00 a. m.; 1:00, 5:00 and 11:00 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m., 8:05 and 11:00 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 9:35 and 9:00 a. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m.
For Titusville only, 1:30 p. m. week-days.
For Du Bois, 9:00 a. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m.
For Kane, 9:00 a. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m.
For Butler, 4:35, 9:00 a. m., 1:00 and 5:05 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 9:00 a. m. and 11:00 p. m.
For Allegheny City (via Delaware River Bridge), 4:35, 9:00 a. m. and 5:05 p. m. daily.
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 5:30, 8:35 a. m. and 4:20 p. m. week-days.
For West Brownsville and Uniontown, 10:35 a. m. and 4:20 p. m. week-days. For Mt. Vernon and West Brownsville, 4:00 p. m. week-days. For Connellsville, 4:35 and 6:25 a. m. week-days. Sundays, 8:35 a. m. and 11:00 p. m.
For Bellevernon only, 9:40 p. m. Sundays, 11:00 p. m.
For West Elizabeth, Brownsburg and Monongahela City, 5:00, 8:35, 10:20 a. m., 4:20, 5:25, 6:25 and 11:35 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 8:35 a. m., 1:35, 5:00 and 5:40 p. m.
For West Elizabeth and Dravosburg only, 3:30 p. m. week-days.
From FEDERAL STREET STATION, Allegheny City:
For Butler, 7:00, 8:45, 10:45 a. m., 2:40 and 6:10 p. m. week-days. Sundays, 2:35 a. m., 2:30 p. m.
The Pittsburgh Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time Cards and full information may be obtained at the Ticket Offices, No. 639 Fifth Avenue, corner Fourth Avenue and Try Streets, and Union Station.

J. R. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. T. W. WOOD, General Passenger Agent.

President Dreyfuss Wants Baseball Agreement Amended

WERE HOT AFTER SOME PIRATES

American League Tried the Trick in July, but Local Officials Caught On.

DELEHANTY WAS ACTING AS AGENT

St. Louis Stars Might Have Been Saved Had Harry Pulliam's Advice Been Followed—Looks Like Spalding for League's Leader.

BY JAMES M. NELLIS.

It has never heretofore been told, though often hinted at, how close the agents of the American League came to making inroads on the champion Pirates. It was this same little bit of experience that hastened President Dreyfuss into getting his men under cover by having them sign contracts as early as last July, at what were practically their own figures. The boast that has been made by the Ban Johnson crowd that they did not intend touching the Pittsburgh players, but would weaken the other clubs and leave the Pirates so strong as to make next season's pennant race a walkaway, was all stuff and nonsense.

When the Philadelphia club visited this city in July last to play a series of games with the Pirates, it was known then that Nick Delehanty had flopped over to the American league, and all that "hope to live" business he put on afterward when the Philadelphia club owners got looking into the contract-jumping matter was simply fudge. When the Quakers came here they were accompanied by Frank Hough, who alleged his mission was one of peace, and that he was seeking a way to patch up a truce between the warring leagues. President Dreyfuss and Secretary Pulliam took him at his word and proceeded to shower attentions on him and to make his visit to this city a pleasant one.

Delehanty Was Acting Agent.

On the day following this declaration Secretary Pulliam discovered that Delehanty and the Philadelphians were trifling with the Pittsburgh players. The first man approached was Bransfield and engagements were made with Philippe, Beaver, Beaumont, Wagner, and others. It was discovered that Bransfield had visited Delehanty at the Monongahela House and was taken to the Henry where Hough was stopping, and the trio were closeted in the room and overtures made to the Pirates' first baseman. Bransfield refused to sign a contract at once and asked for time to consider the matter. This was reluctantly granted and Bransfield, after consulting with some of his fellow players, wrote Hough a rather stinging letter, declining to desert the Pirates.

Secretary Pulliam was the one who discovered this and a little investigation on his own part convinced him that the players were being tampered with. He notified President Dreyfuss and the pair proceeded to get at once. They started after the players with contracts and soon had them all signed. The last one to sign was Chesbro, who had some thought of quitting the game, but he afterward changed his mind and signed his contract. The club officers, by the way, have just heard from Chesbro, who is at his home in North Adams, Mass. He had his arm examined by a specialist who informed him that a good rest will bring it around as well and strong as ever.

Had the owners of the St. Louis club heeded the timely advice handed out to them by Harry Pulliam, instead of depending on the loyalty, brought by years of association with Burkett, Wallace and others, they would have saved themselves as well as their manager time, worry and money. When the Pittsburgh club visited St. Louis in the latter part of July, the secretary of the Pittsburgh club told the Robisons that Delehanty was acting as an agent for the American league and to keep an eye on him, but they merely laughed at the report and said there was no danger, in fact they acted very much as though they were disinclined to believe the report. On a later visit Secretary Pulliam discovered that the American people were at work in St. Louis, and the man they first went after was Wallace, believing if they could get him the others would be easy. Pulliam conveyed the information to the St. Louis owners only to be laughed at again. They said they could depend on the loyalty of such old employes as Wallace and Burkett, and they bided their time about signing their players. The defection of Burkett, Wallace, Heidrick, Padden and Powell has probably taught the St. Louis owners that loyalty and cash are quite different things.

Only Wants One Change Made.

When President Dreyfuss of the local club goes down to New York in December to attend the annual meeting of the league he will go there armed and ready to fight for a change in that 16-player agreement. He wants the number extended to 17 and gives first class reasons for his stand in the matter. He says that the club owners owe it to the public to have their teams so fortified that in case of accident there is an equally good player to take the place of the man who is forced out of the game. His idea is that a club should be allowed to carry five pitchers, three catchers, four regular and one substitute infielder, three regular and one substitute outfielder.

Mr. Dreyfuss points out that under the 16 rule that a club carrying the requisite number of pitchers and catchers could only carry one substitute, which as a rule would be an infielder, as those players are more likely to injury from base runners, etc., than outfielders. He says that supposing Fred Clarke had been injured last season; the only thing to be done was to put a pitcher in the outfield. This move, he says, is a bad one, because no matter how good an outfielder the pitcher might make the work would tell on him, and he could not be used in the pitcher's box for some time. It is a fact that pitchers and outfielders, to a certain extent, train differently. The pitchers look out for their arms and the upper portion of the body, and do not pay much attention to their legs. Thus, if a pitcher is worked in the outfield his legs become stoved up and that unfits him for pitching work. Mr. Dreyfuss says he does not favor any changes in the playing rules, being satisfied to let well enough alone. That much abused foul strike rule has become one of the best liked rules of the game by the players.

To-Day's Latonia Entries.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 10.—The entries for tomorrow's races at Latonia are as follows:

First race, selling, 1 mile—Silpi, Frank McConnell, Chief J., Maydine, King's Pet, Assassin, Alva's Pet, 104; Hand D., Dandy H., Dr. C. C. Ayres, Charlie Shane, Albert Vale, 107.

Second race, selling, 6 furlongs—Lady Brockey, Netherland, Margie S., Ada S. G., Lulu Slight, Prebsie, 105; Insolence, Arstas, Outlet, Miss Marion Letty, Eliza Dillon, 110.

Third race, selling, 1¼ miles—Deloraine, Nellie Morris, 97; Sara Gamp, Clay Poynter, Firestone, 102; G. W. W., 105; Dalkeith, 108; Miss Gerry, Chorus Boy, Zazel, 107; Elsis Sprinkle, Watermouse, 110.

Fourth race, selling, 6 furlongs—Queen Quality, Sister Kate II., Ida Penzance, Zack Ford, Guesses Rose, 97; Syncopated Sally, Saline, 99; Xanthos, Arachne, Sad Sam, 102; Harry Henry, 105.

Fifth race, 5½ furlongs—Siphon, All About, Blue Jay, Azares, Jealify, Frank Jones, Martin Beckett, Light Hunt, Bar le Duc, Le Cheval, Woodmansten, 107; Boaster, 112.

Sixth race, selling, 1 mile—Tony Licalzi, Judge Magie, Sam W., Ed Garland II., The Sailor J., Silver Ethel Davis, 104; Jewel, 108; Teucer, 111; Jena, 112.

WON'T PROTEST YALE'S TACKLE

BUT PRINCETON MANAGER CLAIMS GLASS IS INELIGIBLE.

Tiger People Fear the Team Will Not Know How to Fight for Victory When It Meets Yale Next Saturday—Just the Same the Students Are Practicing New Songs for the Game.

BY H. G. LEACH.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 10.—The controversy over the eligibility of Edgar T. Glass, Yale's big tackle, is the topic of all footballists at Princeton. The sentiment is that he is not eligible to play, but Princeton has not protested. Glass was a student at Syracuse university and spent a year at Mercersburg, and on these grounds Yale argues the right to play him.

Manager R. C. Gordon of Princeton gave out a signed statement to the Alumni Weekly Saturday, of which the following is part:

"Some weeks ago Yale authorities asked for a conference upon the matter. It was held at the Murray Hill hotel, New York, and attended by Head Coach George Stillman and Manager Charles D. Francis of Yale, Head Coach Langdon Lea and Manager R. C. Gordon of Princeton. The eligibility rules were taken up and discussed.

"Princeton representatives gave Yale the assurance that Glass would not be protested, but they did not formally admit that Glass was fully eligible to play in the Yale-Princeton game.

"Princeton left interpretation of the Yale rules and the administration of them to the Yale authorities. Princeton holds that Yale rules determine a man's rights at New Haven, as Princeton's rules at Princeton, and does not understand how, under these rules, Glass is permitted to play."

Only one week yet remains before the Princeton 'varsity football team will end its schedule for 1901 with the game against Yale at New Haven. This means that the Tigers have little or no time for further development before the contest comes off. While the captain, coaches and students are hopeful of victory, they know that the Princeton team has still many faults and are weakened by the loss of several good men on account of injuries.

To-day's practice was secret, but in the practice game on Thursday the team showed a marked advance in aggressiveness. Whatever may be attributed as the cause, it is a fact that Princeton's team has not up to this time shown a spirit of gameness which is necessary to win a victory. In almost every practice game this year the scrub has done almost as good work as the 'varsity. It is a question whether the men will know how to fight for victory when they get in the Yale game. All the schedule games so far, with two exceptions, have been merely play work and that not so much on account of Princeton's strength as on account of his opponent's weakness.

The mass meeting held Wednesday night for the purpose of arousing enthusiasm among the students proved a good move. One thousand of them marched down to the field Thursday and gave the team a series of cheers and songs which made the practice look like old times. "We must beat Yale" is now heard on all sides. This enthusiasm will go a great way toward helping the team to retrieve the 29-5 defeat of last year.

Mills is out of the game for good. He had a ligament torn in the Cornell game. His absence from the line-up will affect the strength of the team greatly. Sheffield may be able to get in the game again.

Ten new songs have been practiced by the students for the Yale game. One to the tune of "Good-bye, Booze" follows:

Oh, good-bye, Yale, for evermore,
Your football days are surely o'er.
You play good ball and that is true,
But wait till we get through with you.
Good-bye, Yale, for evermore.
The other is to the tune of "Show me the way to go home, babe:"
We know the way to beat Yale, boys;
We know the way to beat Yale.
We've done it before,
We'll do it once more,
We know the way to beat Yale.

Manager Paull of the freshmen team, who is from Pittsburgh, is not saying a good word for the Yale freshmen management these days. The Princeton youngsters were just getting on the train for New Haven where they expected to play a game to-day when a telegram came from New Haven saying the game was cancelled for faculty reasons. By an appeal to Manager Francis of the Yale varsity team a game has been arranged for Saturday at New Haven. The Princeton students think such an act from Yale is a discourteous one to put it very mildly. Inasmuch as the game has been scheduled for a month the faculty would have forbidden the game being played before this late date. All through the fall the freshmen managements at Princeton and Yale have been communicating in respect to this game. That the 'varsity management at Yale finally gave Princeton her regrets is a proof that the freshmen management has not been acting as the men at Yale wout dnave it.

WERE FEW SURPRISES.

Results of Local and Eastern Football Games Saturday—Interest in Coming Contests.

Some of the most interesting contests in the history of football were played on local gridirons Saturday. There were a few surprises in the east. The season is now in its height and the attention of all lovers of the sport is turned to the coming contest between Yale and Princeton at New Haven next Saturday. Interest locally is also increasing in the Lafayette-Homestead game next Saturday, and also in the Washington and Jefferson-Homestead game, which will virtually close the season here on Thanksgiving day.

Bucknell stock fell below par at Exposition park Saturday afternoon when W. and J. scored 11 points to their opponents' 5. The Homestead Stars had their goal line crossed at Steel Works park by the Lalus team and Western University laid out Geneva by a 12 to 5 score. Shadyside academy put Kiskiminetas to the bad with a 17 to 0 score, and Bill Inglis' Ohio Medical university team won from Marietta by a narrow margin of one point, the final score standing 6 to 5.

In the eastern games Pennsylvania went away back and took a seat out of the famous Big Four after Harvard's severe trouncing of 33 to 0. West Point twisted the Tiger's tail by holding Princeton to a 6 to 6 tie, while Yale did a little cake walk with Orange Athletic club to the tune of 35 to 0. Syracuse put Columbia down and out with an 11 to 5 score and Cornell chalked up 51 points to Lehigh's 0.

Will Play Basketball.

The Manchester Jr. and Sharpsburg Reserve basketball teams will play tonight in the Manchester Turner hall. A large audience of Lower Allegheny basketballists is expected. This will be the first game of the season for both teams. The game promises to be a hot one, as the teams are about evenly matched. The whistle will blow at 8:30 sharp. Little, the official of the Junior league, will referee the contest. The Manchester Jr. team would like to hear from all first-class junior teams in Western Pennsylvania. Address William Roth, 923 Western avenue, Allegheny.

Among the Amateurs.

The Montour A. C. will play Sherman A. C. on their grounds Thanksgiving morning, and would like to play the W. D. Shocklales in the afternoon. For games address Joseph Galuzza, 10 Montour way.

The Bedford A. C. played a tie game with the S. J. Tools yesterday afternoon, the score being 5 to 5. The Bedfords were outweighed but put up a strong game. The Bedfords would like to hear from some 80-pound team for Sundays. Address H. Daniels, 1226 Webster avenue.

The Original Franklins are requested to report for practice without fail this evening at 7:30 sharp. The Franklins that were defeated on Saturday by the Pirate A. C. are not the Franklins that defeated the Pittsburgh college reserves by a score of 6 to 0.

LOCAL ATHLETES LEAVE A. A. U.

Basketball Players Could Find No Return for Expense of Registration.

SHADYSIDE AND P. H. S. MAY YET MEET

Students Say They Will Arrange Their Own Game -- Too Much Squabbling in Interscholastic Circles.

BY J. N. PATTERSON.

None the less significant because of the little attention which it has excited, one of the most important steps ever taken in local amateur sports was recently consummated when the Western Pennsylvania Basketball league deliberately, with due thought and what was considered abundant provocation, severed connection with Amateur Athletic union, the time-honored dictator, not only in local but national amateur sporting circles. At the annual meeting of the association for reorganization the rules of the Eastern National league were adopted to be used this season for the first time in the history of basketball in and about Pittsburgh. These new rules while they would permit of professionalism if the league so desired will make no change in the local status of the gymnasium sport, it is claimed, as no salaries will be paid, according to the management of the league.

The dissatisfaction with the A. A. U. in local sporting circles is an old story and in most quarters there is decided approval of the break, though it is realized that if the governing body had acted fairly which would also have been wisely, the breach would never have occured and amateur sports throughout the country would certainly be safer in the hands of a body requiring the strictest adherence to amateurism in every particular.

A. A. U. Made Trouble for Itself.

The A. A. U. has itself killed the goose that laid the golden egg as far as the local nest is concerned, while that the trouble is not only in the imagination of the Pittsburgh kickers is evinced by the general dissatisfaction in other parts of the country. The Atlantic division of the Amateur union recently threatened to break away and there was promise of a new association at the meeting of the A. A. U. in New York city.

The grievances of the local adherents of sports are many and of long standing, but the straw which broke the camel's back, turned up last winter at the boxing championship of the A. A. U. held in this city by the D. C. & A. C. It had long been claimed that the A. A. U. was managed for the sole benefit and financial aggrandizement of certain officials, who, whenever they needed spending money levied a new tax fee. At the last year's boxing tournament the management of the tournament was insulted, as they viewed it, by the sending of a special representative of the A. A. U. who counted every penny, and it is claimed roped in an undue and niggardly share of the receipts. As a consequence the Duquesne club lost money and succumbing to this last of a long series of blows went out of existence.

The basketball league claims the A. A. U. was a constant expense, and that no benefits of real protection was received. The teams were in danger of suspension every time they played a club that was not registered and only a small proportion hereabouts were.

Probably the most immediately apparent result of the break from the A. A. U. and adoption of the rules of the Eastern National Basketball league is the playing of this season's contests, which will all take place at Duquesne garden in a cage of wire. There will be no passing of the ball out of bounds into the crowd, no opportunity for spectators to give the players rough treatment as they near the edge of the crowd, and the game will be rendered much speedier than ever before by the fact that the ball will be in continual play.

Disappointing School Squabble.

One of the most unsatisfactory features ever connected with a local interscholastic football season was the closing of the Shadyside schedule yesterday in the game with Kiskiminetas at Saltsburgh without a second meeting being arranged between the Academy and the Pittsburgh High School, always the great school rivals of Pittsburgh. In view of the decisive defeat administered to High School in the contest played early in the season, there would not be so much importance attaching to the much-discussed second game but for the fact that trouble occurring in the first game threatened to end in a serious breach between the two schools.

In view of this and the failure of the managements to fix upon a second game, it will be the best of news to the supporters of the respective schools as well as to the wellwishers of interscholastic sports in the Pittsburgh district that the boys have taken the mater into their own hands and state most positively that a post season contest arranged by the players of the two teams will undoubtedly take place. Unless the intentions of the school athletes change materially the game can be looked upon as assured, as both teams are anxious for the meeting.

Couldn't Agree On a Date.

The story of the trouble between the schools in the first game is now an old one, and the greatest regret now is that after the breach was apparently patched up and both managements agreeable to a second contest, they should be unable to settle upon a date. Shadyside desired to close its season yesterday and was willing to play last week, but High School could see nothing to it but November 22, the date originally set apart on the High School schedule for the usual second contest with Shadyside, though none had been actually arranged. The High School management claimed that it could not play two games a week and that this was therefore the only available date. In consideration of the trouble between the two schools it would have been better for the game to have been arranged by the managements upon almost any date, just so they met. Shadyside's plea that the game be arranged for some date nearer to the end of its schedule than November 22 seems a fairly reasonable one, but High School is not in the best of shape now and was probably for that reason opposed to another meeting with Shadyside in the near future.

Too Much Trouble In School Circles.

The trouble between the school teams in their meetings has been entirely too frequent this season for the good of true sportsmanship, and the spectators have repeatedly been thoroughly disgusted that schoolboys, who should be the most mindful of the ethics of the sporting field should threaten to leave the grounds and thus disappoint a crowd, upon the slightest provocation of an official's decision, or question of dispute between the managements of the two teams. Time and again has trouble which threatened to end a game occurred while the small boys always forming a considerable and noisy factor in the crowd, have brought disgrace upon local lovers of interscholastic contests by the hurling of mud, stones and whatever manner of abuse they have a mind to, at one or other of the competing teams.

Telephone or send a postal card to have the Sunday Gazette left at your home.

YALE IS AFRAID OF THE TIGERS

THAT IS THE OPINION OF AN EXPERT AT NEW HAVEN.

The Blue Eleven Has Been Badly Torn Up By Lack of Skillful Handling, and Is Not as Strong as It Was a Month Ago—The Matter of a Capable Fullback Still Bothersome.

BY ALBERT H. BARCLAY.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., Nov. 10.—The Yale football team has practically finished its training for the game with Princeton, which contest is generally conceded is likely to be the blue's hardest game of the season. The question that is foremost in the minds of every football enthusiast is what are Yale's chances to win this game.

It is difficult to compare the Yale and Princeton teams of today because there is no accurate standard of comparisons. It is not difficult, however, to compare the two rival elevens with the average of Yale and Princeton teams of past seasons. The blue, in the first place, had an extraordinary team in 1900. Princeton, on the other hand, had a team that was below her average. Today Yale has an eleven that is far below her team of 1900 and hardly up to the Yale standard. The Tigers are today far superior to their team of 1900, and by it is the general opinion that they are up to old Nassau's best teams of the past.

Yale's Team Afraid of the Tigers.

There is no question that Yale is afraid of Princeton, and there is every reason why the Elis should be afraid of the Tigers. Princeton has played consistent football all fall and has made a much better record than the wearers of the blue. The Tigers today have more material and it is in better condition than Yale's. When it comes to fighting spirit, the boys from New Jersey always have been just as good as Yale. The fact that this year's game is to be played on the blue's own gridiron does not mean much for the Elis, for it was here in 1899 that Princeton scored her last great triumph over blue on the gridiron. The Tigers have always fought just as well away from home as they have when playing on their own sandy plains at Nassau.

The outside public does not seem ready to believe that the Yale team is in as poor condition as it really is. It is the general opinion that Yale has just about as good a team as she had a year ago. In a word, the glory of the 1900 team has, in a measure, descended on this eleven. This has caused Capt. Gould's team to be overrated. His eleven has from the beginning of the season been short of material. The team has had some notably good qualities, which have caused its weak points to be overlooked. For example, three weeks ago, this eleven had the science of team play more thoroughly mastered than any Yale team of the past at a similar period of the season.

From the very beginning of the season, however, there have just been eleven players, and among these players there has been no man who could punt with safety or accuracy. The hard games of the past month and various other changes have used up some of the best players. This has made it necessary to rearrange the team, and this changing and shifting has upset the team play. Finally, the lack of a punter has left the team dangerously weak in the kicking game. During the past week the coaches have been tearing their hair in a last frantic effort to find a man who can kick the ball for more than 10 yards.

Chances Less Than a Month Ago.

The result of this has left the team in rather poor condition, with the Princeton game only one week ahead. The chances for the blue's eleven are really considerably less than they were a month ago. In a word, the team has not rounded out and finished off as it should. The explanation for this is not hard to find.

Yale has lacked the method and splendid system which she had a year ago when Gordon Brown was captain. There have been no breaks among the coaches this fall, but Capt. Gould has not had the success that Gordon Brown achieved a year ago. It is true that this team has been handicapped by lack of material. This, however, does not excuse the lack of method which has been so noticeable. It is not excusable when a team, with only 10 days left of practice before its biggest game of the season, has to begin to experiment with fullbacks who have never before played the position. This, however, has been the record of this team.

No one knows today who will be the fullback in the Princeton game. Weymouth, a strong defensive player and a valuable man in rushing the ball, has demonstrated that he cannot punt. Capt. Gould has tried to play fullback, and while he met with fair success in punting, he has to give it up because of inexperience in the other requirements of the position. Ferguson, another end rush, is a possibility, but probably the most likely man is Harvey McClintock of Pittsburgh, a junior who has shown remarkable ability when it is considered that he never played the position until Tuesday of this week. Wilhelmi, who played fullback early in the season, is exactly like Weymouth. He cannot punt. From among these players the coaches will have to pick a man to play this position.

WANT TO PLAY HOMESTEAD.

Franklin Football Team Wants a Contest With Stars—May Play Lalus.

The management of the Franklin (Pa.) football team is trying to arrange several games with Pittsburgh teams. With that object in view W. J. McConnell, a member of the team, came to Pittsburgh yesterday for a conference with Manager Davy Fultz of the Homestead team. McConnell wants the Stars for a post-season contest at Franklin, and also tried to arrange a game with the Lalus Athletic club for next Saturday.

McConnell is playing center rush on the Franklin team this year, which position he filled for the Duquesne Country and Athletic club a part of last season. He is an old Yale player. The Franklin team this season is an exceptionally strong one. Contests with Oil City and teams from other surrounding towns have been played and so far the Franklin aggregation has not lost a game. In their game with Kittanning last Saturday they run up a score of 30 points.

Texas Matthews, the ex-Wash.-Jeff. star, is a member of the team and is doing the principal part of the coaching. It is not thought probable that Homestead will go to Franklin for a game this season. Their contest with Washington and Jefferson at Exposition park on Thanksgiving day will probably be the last game for the Stars.

The Lalus team will likely give the Franklin team a game and the contest between the two teams should be an interesting one. The latter team has twice scored against Homestead this season and last Saturday held them down to the lowest score they have made against any opposing team this year.

Outdoor Cycle Races Close.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The outdoor cycle racing season in the east was brought to a close at the Vailsburg track near Newark, N. J., today. One of the best races of the day was the half mile handicap, in which many of the prominent professionals took part. Frank L. Kramer, the national champion, won the race after a spirited finish with Freeman and Butler. Kramer was half a length before Freeman, who beat the veteran Butler about as far for the place. Krebs won the 10-mile professional race.

Baseball Officers Elected.

MANSFIELD, O., Nov. 10.—At a meeting of the Eastern Association of Professional Baseball clubs here this afternoon, composed of Mansfield, Lima, East Liverpool, Canton, Akron, Youngstown and New Castle, Pa., Otis Brown of Lima was elected president and treasurer, J. A. Byre of Akron, vice president, and A. L. Watts of Mansfield, secretary. The next season will open May 18.

FALL RACING AT WASHINGTON

Jockey Club to Open Their Annual Autumn Meet at Bennings Course Today.

MANY FAST HORSES ARE ENTERED

Colors of Ex-Secretary Whitney Henry T. Oxnard, H. K. Knapp, Andrew Miller, and R. T. Wilson Jr., Will Be Represented.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—The autumn season of racing at the Bennings course of the Washington Jockey club will begin tomorrow afternoon, and will continue with six races each week day until November 30, inclusive. The meet, which is a virtual continuation of the racing in New York, will witness contests among some of the best horses of Chicago, St. Louis and other western cities and of the east. All is in readiness at the track.

Over $100,000 has been expended on a new steel grandstand, which commands a view of every inch of the track, and on new paddocks, club house and pavilion. The betting pavilion has been enlarged and plans have been made for the largest number of bookmakers ever at Bennings. Supt. Gorman of Morris Park is in charge of the track.

There will be over 600 horses in all, 200 more than at any previous meeting. Every stall at the track and in the adjacent village of Bennings has been engaged. The class of horses is better than has been seen heretofore at this track.

The colors of ex-Secretary of the Navy W. C. Whitney, August Belmont, Perry Belmont, Henry T. Oxnard, H. K. Knapp (the Onex stable), Andrew Miller, R. T. Wilson, Jr., Thomas and Frank Hitchcock, Arthur Featherstone and McCormick and Bell of New York and Col. James E. Pepper, the Kentuckian now residing in New York, are among those to be represented.

Lux Casta, who ran second in the Futurity at Sheepshead, is here in good condition. Decanter, Gold Finder, Cryptogram and Knight of Rhodes are some of the rest of W. P. Burns' string. John S. Bratton of St. Louis has brought Verify, Prosper, La Gui and Zoraide. Thomas Hitchcock has brought Bullington, Lost Chord and Unstock, all noted steeplechasers, a special feature of the Washington meetings are the steeplechase and hurdle races.

The Hunters' champion steeplechase for horses qualified in the United States and Canada, is the special society event, with $1,000 added, on November 16. The first fixture is tomorrow's grandstand handicap, with 27 entries, twice the number of any previous fixed event here. The second, District special, an old-fashioned heat race, will be run November 16; the Bennings special, at a half-mile, November 20; the Washington cup, at 2¼ miles, with $1,500 added, on Thanksgiving day, and the "Maximum" will be run on the closing day, with $1,500 added, at three miles, the longest race run on a flat in America.

The following are the entries for tomorrow:

First race, 6 furlongs—The Puritan, 121; Sister Juliet, Dewey, Extinguisher, Keynote, 105; Rightaway, Little Jim, Strong Arrow, Carroll, Prosit, 130; Pigeon Post, 128; Red Damsel, 95; Cormorant, 128.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Somesault, Barricade, Mollie Morris, Buck Lodge, Happy, Tea Varre, Trauer, Triton, The Bandit, Lord Badge, Sisk, Sinecure, 107, Flying Buttress, Hot, Long Dove, Sweet Lass, 105.

Third race, steeplechase, for 3-year-olds and upwards, 2½ miles—Cheesemite, 145; Baby Bill, Salesman, 148; Boisterous, 151.

Fourth race, New Grandstand handicap, for 3-year-olds and upwards, 7 furlongs—Unmasked, 124; Roxane, 112; Lexington Pirate, 104; Prosper Lo Gal, 102; Scarlet Lily, 95; Ohnet, 98.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Consolous, 105; Rose of May, 100; Hans Wagner, 103; Concertina, 97; Ed Godfrey, 92; Little Geo. Ernest Parkham, 100; James Fitz, 94; Lockell, 99.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles—Spry, Gray Dally, Curtsey, 101; Death, 115; Cherished, Beggar Lady, 96; Fredrich, Jack McGinn, 98; Lou Rey, 106.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

TO BEAT ANNAPOLIS.

Washington and Jefferson Team Will Make a Determined Effort to Down "Middies."

WASHINGTON, PA., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—As a result of the game with Bucknell at Exposition park, Pittsburgh, last Saturday, several of the Washington and Jefferson players will not be able to practice for a day or two. Capt. John Aiken, Hammer and Suiter were slightly injured.

The Washington sporting men backed the team heavily and are said to be over $2,000 ahead on the game. The management and coaches are pleased with the team's work, but there are little things which they think will have to be materially strengthened. W. and J. are especially weak in defensive play. Much attention of the coaches will be directed to this particular work during the week's practice.

The team has yet four hard games to play before the close of the season. West Virginia university will be the attraction at College park next Wednesday, and the team goes to Annapolis to play the Naval cadets next Saturday. Heimberger, the tackle, will probably get back to practice this week, and a determined effort will be made to win from the "Middies."

Douglas Park's Card Today.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 10.—Monday's entries for the races at Douglas Park are as follows:

First race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Ragnarok II., Miss Dudds, Little Chick, 99; Duceasa, 102; Rice, Jim Gore II., Albert C., Ellis, Free Gold, Blackford, 104; Times Star, 107; Incidental, Proteo, Incandescent, 109; Ben Boy, 112.

Second race, 6 furlongs—Florrie S., Misha, Tout, Anna Hasbrouk, 100; Dubious, 103; Irresistible, 105.

Third race, 6½ furlongs—Assessment, 95; Revoke, Frank Pearce, Robert Jr., Lizetta S., Springwells, 102; Soudana, Jake Weber, 106; Pauline J., Kindred, Opera, Girl, 109.

Fourth race, 1 mile—Alive, 92; Gaide Rock, Lillian McDonald, 97; Advocator, 102.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles—Rose Bird, Prima II., 95; Bigot, 98; Elsie Barnes, Dominis, 104; Lady of the West, Banquo II., 107; Zoanne, 113.

Physical Culture School Opened.

Billy Corcoran, the trainer of many Pittsburgh pugilists, has opened a new physical culture school in Wood street. The gymnasium is fitted up with all the latest equipments, and is complete in every detail. Already the class in training is large. Jack McClelland will start training today at Corcoran's for his bout with Jack Hamilton, which is scheduled for the latter part of this month.

Millions of People

have been cured by the Carlsbad Springs. The Carlsbad Sprudel Salt is the world's greatest remedy for all ailments of the liver, catarrhal affections of the stomach, bile, rheumatism, gout and all forms of constipation.

Carlsbad Sprudel Salt

is obtained by evaporation from the waters of the Springs at Carlsbad, and contains the same curative properties that have made the Carlsbad Springs famous for five centuries.

Every bottle bears the signature of EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, New York. Beware of imitations.

BOTH FIGHTERS READY FOR GONG

RUHLIN AND JEFFRIES DOING LIGHT GYMNASIUM WORK.

The Men Have Agreed to Break Away in Clinches at the Command of the Referee—Half the Tickets for the Contest Are Reported Sold, Many Being Taken by Eastern Sports—Betting Odds Favor Jeff.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—Both Jeffries and Ruhlin are ready for the gong to sound Friday night. They are doing light work in the gymnasium, and on the road to keep in condition. Delaney and Madden have had a conference with Referee Harry Corbett, over the rules that will govern the fight.

It has been agreed that the men in a clinch shall break away at the order of the referee, and that they shall protect themselves in getting away. The referee, however, will interpret the rules so that the contest will not develop into a hugging match.

The fight will be preceded by two four round preliminaries between local fighters. It is planned to bring the big men into the ring at 9:15 p. m. The work of preparing the ring will begin tomorrow. Electric lights of over 200,000 candle power will be installed over the ring for light for the moving picture cameras.

It is said that more than half the seats have been sold. Many reservations in blocks have been made by eastern parties. The betting is light yet. Ruhlin seems to be gaining some. He has some takers at 2 to 1. Some ring followers predict that the odds on the night of the fight will be about 10 to 7 in favor of Jeffries.

FIRST M'KINLEY MONUMENT.

It Was Dedicated at Tower, Minn., Gov. Van Sant Presiding.

TOWER, MINN., Nov. 10.—To this village belongs the honor of having erected the first monument in memory of William McKinley. The town was filled with people today at the unveiling. Gov. Van Sant and other men of prominence were present in honor of the day. The speakers were Gov. Van Sant, John Owens, Thomas McKoen, the Rev. Dr. Forbes. The prayer and benediction were by the Rev. Mgr. Buh.

THE DEATH ROLL.

Mrs. Charlotte T. Reed.

Mrs. Charlotte T. Reed, wife of Capt. Joseph Schell Reed of Oakmont, died suddenly at her home on Fifth street, Oakmont, at 12:15 yesterday morning, from heart disease, aged 74 years. Deceased was formerly Miss Charlotte Lowe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Over of Bedford City, and Mrs. Reed celebrated their golden wedding in December, 1899. She has been a resident of Allegheny county for 30 years, and was prominent in church circles, being a member of the First Presbyterian congregation of Oakmont. Besides her husband she is survived by Bruce, Charles H. and Jacob, all of Oakmont, and two daughters, Mrs. Mary E. Morrison, Mrs. Ellen Reed Jones, F. B. Arnold, all of Oakmont, and Miss Emma, at home. One brother, John H. Over, lives at Irwin, and five sisters, Mrs. A. K. Pencil of Wolfsburg, Pa.; Mrs. Emma Henderson, Bedford, Pa.; Mrs. Charles Bradley of Dudley, Pa., and Mrs. David Kiesle and Mrs. J. F. Berkspresser, both of Aspinwall, Pa., are living.

The funeral services will be held at her late residence in Oakmont Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock, Rev. George W. Montgomery of the Oakmont Presbyterian church officiating. Interment will follow in the Oakmont cemetery.

Mrs. Laura E. Morrison.

Mrs. Laura E. Morrison, wife of M. J. Morrison, a Braddock contractor and builder, died yesterday at the home of her father, John M. Fritzius at Braddock, in her 35th year, as a result of a paralytic stroke. Deceased was born in Braddock and after leaving been a prominent hotel man there for years. She was a member of the First M. E. church, and is survived by one son. Funeral services at the home of her father this morning at 10 o'clock.

Samuel Alwine, Sr.

GREENSBURG, PA., Nov. 10.—Samuel Alwine, Sr., of this place died this morning. He was born in Salem township February 27, 1820. For many years he was engaged in the livery business here, and was one of the builders of the Southwest railway. Mr. Alwine succeeded in amassing considerable wealth. He served 12 years as burgess of Greensburg, and was a member of the Catholic church.

Mrs. Mary Linderberg.

Mrs. Mary Linderberg, a well-known woman of McKeesport, died at her home in that city Saturday night at 11:45, from dropsy. She is survived by her husband and a family of small children. The funeral will take place Tuesday afternoon at o'clock, interment in Versailles cemetery.

Milton N. Bernhart.

ALLENTOWN, PA., Nov. 10.—Milton N. Bernhart, member of the Pennsylvania house of representatives from Lehigh county from 1891 to 1894, died last night, aged 55 years.

FATHER CROWLEY AT MASS.

Excommunicated Priest Admitted to Rear Seat at Holy Name Cathedral.

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Father Jeremiah J. Crowley, the Roman Catholic priest of Oregon, Ill., whose severe criticism of the church authorities of the archdiocese of Chicago was followed by his excommunication, and whose presence in Holy Name cathedral was the cause of a dramatic scene there last Sunday, when solemn high mass was stopped and the lights put out, appeared at the cathedral again today at the hour of solemn high mass. He was admitted, after some parleying at the door, and in a rear seat he sat through the service.

When Father Crowley appeared at the central entrance to the cathedral he met a number of ushers who quietly placed two tables across the entrance, barring his way. When he demanded admittance he was directed to a side entrance, and there he was admitted. When he started up the aisle, however, his way was blocked by another company of ushers, and he was forced to accept a pew near the rear. There he sat undisturbed through the same service that was stopped when he entered the church last Sunday.

DEMOCRATS DISAFFECTED

Ohio Returns Show That Many Did Not Vote or Voted Republican Ticket.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 10.—With almost half the official returns from the counties in Ohio received, it is estimated that the total vote may be 100,000 less for governor than two years ago, when 920,872 votes were cast, and almost a quarter of a million less for president than last year, when the total vote of Ohio was 1,049,127.

Notwithstanding the increase in population during the past 12 years, the total vote will likely be much less than for president in 1868, when it was 841,941, and probably less than has been cast for governor since that time, with a single exception.

The returns show that the greatest shortage was among the Democrats outside of the cities, and it is still variously attributed to the silver question, prevailing prosperity, the death of McKinley, indorsement of President Roosevelt, Governor Nash and Senator Foraker and other causes.

ANNEXING ANOTHER PLANT.

Breaker Island Steel Works Will Be Absorbed by Steel Corporation.

TROY, N. Y., Nov. 10.—Negotiations are being carried on by J. Pierpont Morgan whereby it is expected that the Breaker island plant of the Troy Steel Company will soon be absorbed by the United States Steel Corporation.

The plant, which is the largest in the state, has been idle for five years and is now in the hands of a receiver. At one time it employed over 3,000 men. During the past summer the buildings and furnaces have been repaired at a large expenditure. It was expected that the transfer would be made last summer, but Mr. Morgan refused to act until the steel strike was settled. He was given the option on the plant when the United States Steel Corporation was formed.

A HELPLESS PARALYTIC

"If I had not found Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer I would now be a helpless paralytic with no hope of anything but death."

BERT STAFFORD
Newton, Mich.
HELPLESS PARALYTIC
CURED BY
WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER.

The above is the opening paragraph of a letter which is continued below. Such evidence must surely mean something. It means that Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer is a nerve builder pre-eminently superior to any similar preparation ever produced. The letter continues as follows:

"I had three strokes of paralysis, causing me to lose the use of my entire right side, also affecting my stomach so that it would retain but a small amount of bread and milk; any rich food would throw me into violent fits. My heart was also badly affected. My physician told me he had done all he could and if I found anything that would relieve me, to use it. A friend who knew of a similar case benefited by Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer, advised me to try it. I have used three bottles of it and am now able to be up and walk around, my leg has regained its use, my stomach is able to retain food and I eat what I wish without injury. The fits have entirely stopped, and I am gaining in health and strength

NAVY MAKING RAPID STRIDES

Figures in Regard to Coal Consumption Tell an Interesting Story.

SEVERAL NEW STATIONS ESTABLISHED

Every Effort Being Made by the Department to Enable American Warships to Secure Fuel With the Least Possible Trouble.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—A striking illustration of the growth of the American navy is presented in the single statement in the annual report of Real Admiral R. B. Bradford, chief of the equipment bureau of the navy, that he spent $2,278,111 the last fiscal year for 324,108 tons of coal, at an average cost of $7 01 per ton. The report says that this was nearly 95,513 more tons of coal than was used during the preceding fiscal year. Ten years ago the coal consumption was 75,000 tons per annum. The domestic coal costs $6 20 per ton and the foreign coal, of which there was used 105,066 tons, cost $8 03 per ton.

Admiral Bradford has scattered American coal all over the world wherever suitable storage could be found. He has placed 12,000 tons at Yokohama and 5,000 tons at Pichilinque, Mexico, and he has sent large quantities to Guam and to the Philippines. He carried 9,000 tons by water from the Alantic coast to Mare Island, California, where it came into competition with English Cardiff coal. They have averaged the same in cost, $9 29 per ton, but at present, owing to the scarcity of American freight vessels, the best Cardiff coal is considerably cheaper at Mare Island. It is recommended that two large steam 10,000-ton colliers be built to keep depots supplied in time of peace and to accompany the fleets in time of war.

During the year the bureau will open bids for a 45,000-ton coaling station at Cavite. Efforts have been made to obtain a site for a coaling station at Cebu, but thus far without success. Coaling stations have been located at Port Isabella, Bassalin Island and at Polloc, Mindanao. A complete station has been established at Yokohama.

Estimates are submitted for improvement of the coaling stations at most of the Atlantic ports, including a complete modern plant at Norfolk. Admiral Bradford specifically says: "As the department is aware, efforts are being made to establish other coal depots at important localities, which it is deemed unwise to discuss in a report of a public character." In the same connection, he renews his recommendation for a careful examination of the Pacific ocean west of the Hawaiian islands, to locate dangers to navigation. He also recommends that additional hydrographic offices be established at Manila and at Pensacola, Fla.

The report says that the subject of wireless telegraphy was followed carefully during the year, but it does not appear advisable to adopt any particular system at present, or to acquire any more apparatus than necessary for purposes of instruction.

ROOSEVELT WORKS HARD.

Surprises Cabinet Members By Inquiring Into Small Details of Government.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—President Roosevelt continues to astonish members of the cabinet with the way in which he takes hold of and disposes of work. He has a love for knowing everything that is going on. No detail is too small for his consideration. He puts his mind to matters of such small consequence in the routine of government work that it is often jokingly said he does not leave anything for his heads of departments to do.

So eager is he for full knowledge of what is going on that there have been several instances of his sending for subordinates in this or that department and asking them for information which usually is conveyed to the president, if at all, through the member of the cabinet responsible for that branch of the service. At present President Roosevelt's strength appears to be equal to all the demands he is making of it, great as they are, but there is a fear in some quarters that when he gets congress "on his hands" he may be forced to give up some of this work or suffer a breakdown of his health.

LODGE'S PEACE TALK.

It Is Expected to Allay European Apprehension of Roosevelt's Aggressiveness.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—Senator Lodge's utterances in Boston yesterday have attracted attention and won commendation here. He is warmly praised for his frank declaration that the United States seeks only peace with all its neighbors.

While every one in this country knows all that, in Europe there still exists a fear that President Roosevelt is likely to prove a disturber of the world's peace and that he and his friend Lodge are to be regarded as jingoes. The notion that Roosevelt and Lodge are in harmony and that the senator speaks for the president has gained much more currency abroad than in this country and more than the facts warrant. Hence the feeling here that Mr. Lodge's plain peace talk will have a good effect in Europe.

WILL FIGHT THE SALOON.

Big Meeting of Those Opposed to the Liquor Traffic Will Be Held in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 10.—Active preparations are making for the meeting here in December of the sixth national convention of the American Anti-saloon league. The sessions of the convention will be held in one of the commodious buildings of the city, and beginning Tuesday, December 3, will continue through Thursday.

A large attendance is looked for, as the league expects to secure railroad excursion rates throughout the country. The call for the convention is signed by the Rev. Luther B. Wilson, acting president of the league, and a request is made that all bodies hostile to the saloon send delegates, together with a representative from each for the national board of direction.

GORMAN BACK AGAIN.

Aggressive Maryland Democrat Expected to Occupy Wellington's Senate Seat.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—The reports from Maryland agree that former Senator Gorman will soon be seen in his old seat at the north end of the capitol. No one doubts that he will be elected to succeed Senator Wellington. Mr. Gorman is needed on the Democratic side of the chamber.

Whatever else may be said about him, he is a great leader and organizer. He has horse sense. He will keep the Democratic minority from doing many foolish things. If it shall be possible for the Democrats to arrange a plan of campaign and take advantage of the mistakes of their rivals so as to secure a chance to win the presidency in 1904, Mr. Gorman is just the man to point the way for them.

It is well understood that Mr. Gorman is himself an avowed aspirant for the nomination next time. He is at the very least a quantity that must be reckoned with.

WOMEN ARE FOR SCHLEY.

Wives of Court of Inquiry Inspire Hope of Verdict for Gallant Admiral.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—As Lord Bulwer once said, women mix themselves up in all things in this beautiful world of ours. Nowhere is that truer than in this capitol city of the United States. In naval circles there is a great deal of gossip to the effect that the wives of all three of the admirals who compose the court of inquiry in the Schley case are enthusiastic partisans of the gallant admiral whose reputation now hangs in the balance. This fact affords the friends of Admiral Schley much more hope for a favorable verdict than anything else that has come to their knowledge.

Again it is understood that there are members of the cabinet who intend to resign as soon as their wives and families shall have extracted from the coming social season all the pleasures incident to that short but gay round of feminine activities.

Pittsburghers at the Capital.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—Among the recent arrivals here are C. P. Byrnes, wife and child, J. B. McClelland and J. H. McClelland of Pittsburgh and John B. Steele of Greensburg.

OLD FACTION IN CONTROL.

President Simon Burns and His Friends Win Out in United Labor League.

The old faction in the United Labor league of Western Pennsylvania re-established its hold at the regular meeting last night. The imminent disruption of the league, because of the control of the new Pittsburgh central body of organized labor, was averted. The Brotherhood of Carpenters' representation was reduced from over 60 to 22 delegates, by a section in the new constitution.

President Simon Burns of the Window Glass Workers' association and master workman of the incorporated Knights of Labor, which latter organization would be deprived of representation in a central labor body here if the new central body could dominate the league, entered the meeting and seated 12 delegates. The painters and other friendly trades seated a score more. This wrested the control from the friends of the new central body.

The further plans of the old faction of the league is to oust all delegates whose unions are represented in the new central body. An effort was made last night to take up the case of Secretary Calvin Wyatt, charged with violating the obligations of his office in aiding to organize the new rival central body. This was voted down, but at the next meeting the plan is to call up Wyatt's tabled resignation and have it accepted.

The meeting had before it the new constitution recently drafted. The preamble and all sections were adopted, till the fifth, dealing with the basis of representation, was reached. This provides for three delegates for all unions of 100 men or less, and an additional delegate for each additional 100 members, limiting the number of delegates for any trade at 20. When the trade has more than 20 locals, however, each local is to have one delegate. This brought on the fight, but it was finally adopted.

LIFE IN A LARGE CITY.

Colored Man Met Two Strangers Who Drank to His Health and Then Robbed Him.

J. W. Singleton, a colored man, 35 years old, was found on the B. & O. railroad tracks near the South Tenth street bridge last night with his right leg broken in two places. He had been assaulted by three colored men who took his overcoat, his watch worth $19, a pin and chain worth $5, and $2.25 in money.

Officer J. A. Ruminsky found Singleton about 10 o'clock. He had been lying there since about 8:30. The man was taken to the Homeopathic hospital. He told Detectives Eagan and Denniston that his home was at 35 Pine alley, Washington, Pa. While on his way along the tracks toward the depot to return home he had met three colored men, who, after he had bought them a drink in a nearby saloon, waxed friendly and began to go through his pockets. He wrestled with them but was thrown and had his leg broken. They then robbed him and disappeared.

Six-Day Race Starts.

The six-day go-as-you-please race started in Old City hall shortly after 12 o'clock last night, with almost 30 contestants. The men all looked in the best of condition, and an interesting race will in all probability result. The hall has been tastefully decorated for the affair, and it is likely good crowds will fill the building during the remainder of the week.

THE THREE RIVERS.

(Special to The Pittsburgh Gazette.)

EVANSVILLE—River 5 feet and stationary. Clear.

WARREN—River at low mater mark. Clear and cold.

OIL CITY—River 4 inches and falling. Clear and cool.

BROWNSVILLE—River 5 feet and stationary. Clear and cool.

MORGANTOWN—River 7 feet and stationary. Clear and cool.

PARKERSBURG—River 1.9 feet and stationary. Clear and cool.

STEUBENVILLE—River 1 foot 5 inches and stationary. Clear and cool.

GALLIPOLIS—River 2 feet 4 inches and about stationary. Clear and cool.

POINT PLEASANT—River 1 foot 11 inches and stationary. Clear and cool. No boats.

GREENSBORO—River 6 feet and stationary. Clear and warmer. Cherry down Monday; Woodward up.

LOUISVILLE—River on a stand; canal, 3 feet; falls, 9 inches; foot of locks, 3.7 feet. Business quiet. Clear and pleasant. Indiana from and to Cincinnati: John W. Thomas from Evansville; Burnside for Cumberland river this morning.

CAIRO—River 3.2 feet. Pleasant. The Hermann Paepcke arrived from below last night with two barges of logs and one of lumber. The City of Memphis from Louisville passed down on her initial trip in the Memphis trade 6:30 p. m.

MEMPHIS—River .4 foot, a fall of .1 in 24 hours. The towboat Josie, with a barge loaded with logs bound for St. Louis, is reported hard aground at Reel Foot. The dredging boat Epsilon has a pile driver there assisting the Josie to get off. Pilots report several new snags in the channel between here and Cairo and very dangerous to navigation. Several steamers due today failed to arrive.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 10.—The Lizzie Bay arrived at midnight Saturday from Gallipolis, and the crew of the steamer Tacoma took charge of her and at noon she left for Marysville. The Bonanza arrived at noon from Louisville and left on the return trip two hours later. No word has been received from the towboat Reynolds, which was due to pass up last night. She is supposed to be aground between here and Louisville. She had in tow six empty barges and is on her way to the Kanawha river. Stage at 6 p. m., 4.3 feet. Fair.

WANTED.

Agents.

AGENTS—Good money made by side-lining ours with your present line. The galaxy Manufacturers' Oil Co., Cleveland, O. 116jcc

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MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

CALL—Information freely given; positions secured for men of every class.
MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

BOY—Strong boy between 15 and 17 years of age. Apply foreman Gazette composing room after 8 p. m. 1107h

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

BEFORE going elsewhere call and investigate our methods of securing employment.
MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

CABINETMAKERS—Experienced cabinetmakers and wood carvers; steady positions to competent workmen. Apply at our cabinet shop, 206 Penn ave., third floor. Joseph Horne Co. 1111j

CLERKS attend the Reno Shorthand School, Sixth ave. and Smithfield st. Sessions daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. Telephone, 2522 Grant. 1105h

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE POPULAR WANT COLUMNS.

WANTED.

Male Help.

DON'T wear out shoe leather, patience and pocketbook looking for employment.
Call on us.
MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

EMPLOYMENT secured for you; investigate.
MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

GOOD RESULTS RECEIVED—
Good services rendered.
Good positions secured.
Good men placed
Good business done by
THE MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

25 ERRAND BOYS

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MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

FINDING positions is our business.
MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

MALE STENOGRAPHERS, join speed class at Reno Shorthand School, Sixth and Smithfield. Graham's Reporting Style thoroughly taught. Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. 1029h

INFORMATION freely given to men seeking employment; our methods the best.
MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

LOOKING for work? We can aid.
MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

MARINE CORPS, U. S. NAVY RECRUITS—Wanted—Able-bodied men; service on our warships in all parts of the world and on land in the Philippines when required. Recruiting Officer, 213 Sixth st., Pittsburgh, room 14 Baughman building, Greensburg, Pa., or room 203 Peabody building, Wheeling, W. Va. 1011q

NEWS AGENTS—Boys to run on trains. Apply Union News Co., B. & O. station. 1111jm

POSITIONS secured through us with the leading firms of Western Pennsylvania; call; information freely given.
MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

ROOFERS and handy men. The Philip Carey M'f'g Co., 423 First ave. 1110ge

HAVING had years of practical experience in this business (handling men only), and doing business, we, the largest firm in Western Pennsylvania,
THE MERCANTILE,
Is Pittsburgh's Leading Employment Bureau.
Call
1110h 616 Penn Ave.

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

25 ERRAND BOYS

To run errands in Pittsburgh and Allegheny; good salaries paid; references required. Apply at superintendent's office,
KAUFMANN'S STORE. 1101

SALESMAN—By wholesale grocery house, energetic man with common sense and a knowledge of groceries to work trade on river and P., V. & C. points. Liberal terms to one who can command a trade. Box 493, Pittsburgh. 1111je

STRONG young man to work in factory, $8 per week. Apply to Mr. Starling, 205 Federal st., Allegheny. 1105e

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

SEEKING employment? Well, call on
THE MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

SOLICITOR—Photo ticket man; $3 a day sure for good man. Apply H. L. Ross, 36th and Nevada sts., Allegheny. 1111j

YOUNG MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in eight weeks, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Buffalo, N. Y. 116sc

YOUR case handled promptly by us.
THE MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

THE STAR Employment Bureau, with its 28 years' experience and the patronage of Pittsburg's largest mercantile firms, can secure employment for men; call or write; information free; positions guaranteed. 120 Sixth st. 1021h

WHEN seeking employment investigate our methods.
MERCANTILE, 616 Penn Ave. 1110h

YOUNG MEN for Railway Mail Clerks. Interstate Comrs. Inst., Cedar Rapids, Ia. 1110ec

Female Help.

BOOKKEEPERS, attend the Reno Shorthand School, Sixth ave. and Smithfield st. Sessions daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. Telephone, 2522 Grant. 1106h

CHAMBERMAID—Experienced; references required; good wages and steady position. Apply at Mrs. M. Kaufmann's, Forbes and Wightman sts., Squirrel Hill. 117h

CANDY WRAPPERS—Experienced girls. Apply Hardie Bros., 30th and Liberty sts. 1110j

HOUSEKEEPER—Middle-aged, refined woman as working housekeeper for small family; no children; must give best references. Address F 45, The Gazette. 1119c

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHERS, join speed class at Reno Shorthand School, Sixth and Smithfield. Graham's Reporting Style thoroughly taught. Every day, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. 1029h

Male and Female Help.

MALE and female help supplied. Walker's, 106 Sixth st. Both telephones, No. 330. 1123r

Situation—Male.

SITUATION—Waiter, white, wants position; steady young man. E 28 Gazette office. 1119gc

Special.

I HAVE tenants for a number of furnished rooms. Parties having rooms for rent please drop postal. R. C. Lees, 918 Bijou bldg. 1110gc

CASH paid for old gold and silver, or taken in exchange. C. Hauch, jeweler, 541 Smithfield st. 34uwsjr

Manufacturing Sites.

MANUFACTURING SITE—A large manufacturing corporation that will employ 2,500 men desire first-class location with competitive railroad facilities, near good town or city. What inducements have you to offer? Address F 23, Gazette. 1181bc

Partner.

PARTNER—With $1,000, to take one-half interest in an old established real estate and mortgage business. Address B 27, The Gazette. 1110f

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE POPULAR WANT COLUMNS.

WANTED.

Miscellaneous.

AN OUNCE OF PREVENTION
Better than a pound of cure.
Before the sun and weather cracks, warps or ruins woodwork, or starts the mortar to run from brick work, have them painted.
BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave. 1017h

We clean all kinds of carpets.
We lay all kinds of carpets.
We sell all kinds of carpets.
Allegheny Carpet & Feather Renovating Co., 823 Pennsylvania ave. 114h

WANTED—
Bunion feet to wear comfortably fitting shoes. We have them.
TRY CAIN,
924hb 503 Market st.

WANTED—You to examine our printing carefully. Satisfaction guaranteed. H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Bell 'phone 81 Fisk; P. & A. 81 Lawrence. 1016h

WANTED—Every firm in the city to try H. C. Knapp, the printer, 3521 Butler st., for satisfactory commercial printing. Both 'phones.
1016h

IF you need castor oil, use SWEET CASTOR.
820h

SAVES trouble with the children, SWEET CASTOR. 820h

NEIGHBORS will advise the use of SWEET CASTOR. 820h

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR RENT—
Desirable houses with modern conveniences.
Lake st., near Lincoln ave., brick houses, 6 rooms $25 00
Halghts st., near Stanton ave., new brick houses, reception hall, 10 rooms, hardwood floors 40 00
Chislett st., near Black st., new brick houses, reception hall, 10 rooms, hardwood floors and finish 50 00
North Euclid ave., brick house, reception hall, 10 rooms, hardwood floors and finish 52 50
Amber st., near Friendship ave., brick house, reception hall, 10 rooms; until April 1, $50; thereafter 60 00
And a great many others; send for large list.
S. H. LLOYD,
Removed to 6016 Penn ave., E. E. 1119h

DWELLINGS and apartments to let; send for description list.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave. 1026h

East End Residences.

FOR RENT—
Collins ave., near East Liberty station, apartment of 5 rooms, bath, range, gases and electric light; steam heat and hot water furnished free; possession December 1.
S. H. LLOYD,
Removed to 6016 Penn ave., E. E. 1119h

SEND for my rent list of East End houses. F. A. Van Gordon, 6212 Penn ave. Tel. 801. 21h

Rooms.

PARK WAY, West 19, Allegheny—$6 meal ticket, $5 50. Kroesen. 1110ge

Desk Room.

FOR RENT—Desk space; large office; both 'phones; public stenographer. 210 Ferguson bldg. 1110ge

Miscellaneous.

"RICH YOUR APPAREL
as the purse can buy."
Keep your house well dressed, too; that's important.
BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave. 1017h

PRINTING is our business and we know it.
H. C. KNAPP, 3521 Butler st.
Bell 'phone 81 Fisk. P. & A. 81 Lawrence.

SWEET CASTOR is not a substitute, but pure castor oil made pleasant. 820h

SWEET CASTOR will not gripe. It contains aromatics. 820h

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences.

FOR SALE—$7,500 each, 712 and 714 Linden ave., near Beechwood boulevard; no better residence location in Pittsburgh; lots 25x122 each, with two new two-story and mansard brick dwellings of 8 rooms, hall and all conveniences, front and rear porches, cemented cellars; street paved and sewered; will take vacant lots or improved property for part pay; owner needs money; make an offer; terms $1,500 cash, balance to suit with 5 per cent interest. See
THOS. M'CAFFREY,
3509 Butler st. Both 'phones. 1021h

$5,200—A new frame house of 6 rooms, finished attic, 2 porches, lot 30x100 ft., all cold water, gas range, pantry; lot 25x110, in Howard street, adjoining Maple park, Bellshoover, on easy payments. A. PLATZ,
1110g 314 Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE—$1,800—House of 5 rooms, lot 30x72 ft. front on Herron ave., near Center ave. Easy terms can be arranged if desired. See W. A. HERRON & SONS,
114un 321-329 Fourth ave.

Farms.

FOR SALE—Large farm of 198 acres, with implements, stock, grain, household goods, etc., Tuesday, November 19, 1901, at 10 a. m. Douglass homestead, New Sewickley township. P. O. address H. E. Douglass, New Brighton, Pa. 1111o

Manufacturing Sites.

MANUFACTURING SITE.
A most desirable property located on River Ravenna, Allegheny, corner Walnut street, fronting 283 feet on River ave., with a depth of 165 feet to Sawmill alley. For price and terms inquire of National Lead & Oil Co. of Pennsylvania, Second National Bank building, Liberty and Ninth sts. 115lsc

Business Opportunities.

HARDWARE—Located near Pittsburgh; good reasons for selling. No exchange will be considered. Address B 45, The Gazette. 1110de

IF you wat to buy or sell any kind of business see CAVANAGH CO., 426 Fourth ave. 726h

BUSINESS CHANCES—Send for list. Estep & Co., 525 Fourth ave. 712jr

E. G. ORR & CO., 435 Fourth Ave. 116h BUY and SELL storers.

Machinery.

SECOND HAND BOILERS.

1 250 H. P. Geary water tube boiler.
1 200 H. P. Sterling water tube boiler.
2 150 H. P. National water tube boiler.
5 125 H. P. National water tube boilers.
2 125 H. P. Manning vertical tubular boilers.
1 200 H. P. Baker water tube marine boilers.
5 72"x15' tubular boilers, 140 3" tubes.
2 72"x18' tubular boilers, 74 4" tubes.
4 72"x16' tubular boilers, 72 4" tubes.
2 70"x16' tubular boilers, 44 4" tubes.
1 54"x12' tubular boilers, 28 4½" tubes.

FEED WATER HEATERS.

2,000 H. P. Webster.
1,500 H. P. Webster.
1,800 H. P. Leavenworth.
650 H. P. Learmouth.
500 H. P. National.
300 H. P. copper tube heater.
200 H. P. American.

Engines and pumps, all types and sizes.

WICKES BROS.,
45th St. & A. V. Ry.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
'Phones: 248 Fisk. 191 Lawrence. 1104h

FOR SALE—
SECOND-HAND MACHINERY
IN FIRST-CLASS CONDITION.

1 36" Band Saw.
1 48" Band Saw.
1 42" Fay Band Re-Saw.
1 60" Triple Drum Sander.
1 40" Triple Drum Sander.
1 24" Double Surfacer.
1 20" Single Surfacer.
1 48"x48" 2-Spindle Shaper.
1 48"x60" 2-Spindle Shaper.
1 Wheel and Hub Boring Machine.
1 5"x6' Sash and Door Clamp.
1 Sash and Door Mortiser.
Saw Arbors, Grinders, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Etc.

U. BAIRD MACHINERY CO.,
Warehouse, 121-125 Water st.,
Liberty ave., near 25th st. 124-126 1st ave. 16h

As the demand for Contracting Machinery is unusually large at present, we are paying especial attention to this department, and contractors will do well to inquire of us for anything they may want in New and Second Hand Machinery. Six standard gauge flat cars.

CARLIN MACHINERY & SUPPLY CO.
Lacock and Sandusky Sts.
Allegheny, Pa.
Telephone 233 North. 1110g

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines; large stock of all sizes, from 3 to 150 h. p.; one 20x30 engine, one 10x36, two 12x16, and large variety of smaller sizes, both horizontal and upright; large lot of tubular, 2-flue, portable and upright boilers; shafting, pulleys, hangers, couplings, and lot of miscellaneous machinery; good second-hand belting leather, rubber and cloth at half price.
J. S. YOUNG,
1120h 108-110 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

TRANTER-DAVISON MFG. CO.,
Machinists and Manufacturers,
Shafting, hangers, iron and wood split pulleys, syphons, injectors, pipe and fittings, and specialties in iron and brass; boilers, engines, pumps, machinery and supplies; agents for WARREN GAS ENGINES.
105 Water st. 104 First ave.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE POPULAR WANT COLUMNS.

FOR SALE.

Machinery.

A PARTIAL LIST.
Boilers.
72x18, 60x16, 60x16, 60x18, 50x12—
Vertical and Portable Boilers. All sizes.
Corliss, Automatic and Throttling—Governor engines, 4 h. p. to 700 h. p.
Single and Duplex Pumps, Bending Rolls, Pipe and Fittings, etc.
Send for our Stock List.
ATWELL MACHINERY COMPANY,
Office 505 Hamilton Building.
Bell 'Phone 1883 Grant.
P. & A. 'Phone 2069 Main. 1104h

N. C. DAVISON,
Equipment of electric light and power plants, gas and steam engines, boilers, pumps, compressors. 108 Market st. 1113jc

Pianos.

IT'S THE TONE. Call at Hoffmann's Music House and inspect their piano bargains. There is always something here that will interest you. Pianos to suit all people and pocketbooks; easy terms.
HOFFMANN'S MUSIC HOUSE,
537 Smithfield st. 1110h

IT'S THE TONE. In buying a piano pay more attention to the tone of the instrument than anything else. Hoffmann's pianos have the mellow quality, found only in the best instruments.
HOFFMANN'S MUSIC HOUSE,
537 Smithfield st. 1110h

IT'S THE TONE. A beautiful mahogany cased upright piano, used less than one year; only $132. Here's a genuine bargain, as the piano cost when new, $375.
HOFFMANN'S MUSIC HOUSE,
537 Smithfield st. 1110h

IT'S THE TONE. Schmer pianos are preferred by leading artists and the refined musical public.
HOFFMANN'S MUSIC HOUSE Sole Agents,
537 Smithfield st. 1110h

FOR SALE—$450, upright piano, foremost make, greatest soloists' indorsements; sacrifice cheap. Write Box 72 Station A, Pittsburgh. 978sh

A WISE piano buyer never fails to visit the "Hoffman Music House" before purchasing. 537 Smithfield st. 1025h

IT'S THE TONE. See the Vose pianos at Hoffmann's, 537 Smithfield st. 1110h

IT'S THE TONE. Hoffmann's pianos, 537 Smithfield st. 1110h

NOT only babies, but mothers prefer SWEET CASTOR. 820h

NO trouble when SWEET CASTOR is used. 10 cents. 820h

Birds and Dogs.

VERY fine bull terrier puppies, also St. Bernard and Newfoundland collie puppies; all pedigreed; also some fine fox terriers, spaniels, Yorkshire terriers and other small pet dogs.
NEW YORK BIRD STORE,
615 Smithfield st. 114h

NEW lot of fine goldfish just received; 10c each, 3 for 25c; fish globes from 20c upward. Water plants, gravel, shells, food, everything required to fit up aquarium. Free circular on "The Aquarium." New lot of Japan fish.
NEW YORK BIRD STORE,
615 Smithfield st. 114h

A LOT of fine parrots just received; all prices from $4 up; guaranteed to talk. Send for catalogue.
NEW YORK BIRD STORE,
615 Smithfield st. 114h

Horses and Vehicles.

WE have on our floor goods of such high grade builders as Broadway, Moyer, Youngstown Carriage Works, Hoosier, Hodge, Amesbury, Mass., consisting of buggies, surreys, stanhopes, depot wagons, victorias, runabouts, speeding wagons and carts; also Milburn delivery wagons, open and top; call and see how our prices are right for reliable goods. R. D. Reed Co., 400 Duquesne way, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—Horse and buggy, taken for board, will be sold cheap. Inquire at Merchants' Transfer Co., 810 Sandusky st., Allegheny. 1111jo

YOUR druggist can get SWEET CASTOR for you. 820h

Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Cheap, to close out; revolving bookcase, mirror and wall racks combined; metal document and letter file case, suitable for a vacant 2 story and b. lot of odd chairs and a few roll top desks.
BAKER OFFICE FURNITURE CO.,
116ja 308 Wood st.

Lot of Old and New Carpets
Will be sold at
Allegheny Carpet & Feather Renovating Co., 823 Pennsylvania ave., Near Irwin ave. 114h

TYPEWRITERS—A few salesmen's samples of Pittsburgh Visibles at bargain prices. Pinkley Hardware Co., Seventh ave. and Grant st. 1100se

FOR SALE—A bargain for job printer—a lot of chases in first-class condition. Address Foreman, Commercial Gazette office. 27hm

IF you want good painting done, go to a painter who knows his business. 1023h P. J. BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave.

FOR SALE—Proof press in first-class condition. Address Foreman, Commercial Gazette Composing Room. 27hm

SWEET CASTOR, pure castor oil; price 10 cts.; all druggists. 820h

STOLEN.

Silver Plating,
Nickel Plating,
Brass Plating,
Copper Plating.
COOKE PLATING WORKS,
110 Sandusky st., Allegheny. 90hb

Call up 353 North both 'phones, if you want your mattresses made over. Feathers renovated. Carpets cleaned right. 114h

SORE, tired feet fitted in comfortably-fitting, honestly made shoes, in all kinds of leathers, at reasonable prices, by
1019hb CAIN, 503 Market st.

LETTER HEADS, circulars, letters, bill heads, etc., printed as they should be, by H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones. 1016h

STOLEN—As others say: Knapp does the best printing, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones. 1016h

NOT necessary to hold the nose when giving SWEET CASTOR. 820h

MAMMA, give your child what? Only SWEET CASTOR. 820h

ONCE tried, always used. Morris' SWEET CASTOR. 820h

SPECIAL.

Lot of Unclaimed Carpets
Will be sold cheap.
Allegheny Carpet & Feather Renovating Co., 823 Pennsylvania ave., Near Irwin ave. 114h

DELAYS ARE DANGEROUS.
This is a great truth when said of painting. Paint your house now, the best season of the year. Send for BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave. 1017h

IF you want good painting done, go to a painter who knows his business.
1023h P. J. BYRNE, 634 Fifth ave.

SEE H. C. KNAPP, 3521 BUTLER ST., for those programs and tickets you want printed. 1016h

IF it's good printing you want, see Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones. 1016h

NO trouble for mothers to give SWEET CASTOR. 820h

SAME effect produced by sweet castor, 10 cents. 820h

MEDICAL.

Feathers renovated by us.
Come our just like new.
We furnish new ticking and launder old ticks, too.
Allegheny Carpet & Feather Renovating Co., 823 Pennsylvania ave. 114h

SATISFACTORY work, satisfactory prices.
H. G. Knapp's Printery,
3521 BUTLER ST. 822h

PERSONAL—Business cards printed properly. H. C. Knapp, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones. 1016h

PRINTING by the yard, and done right. H. C. Knapp 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones. 1016h

No trouble for babies to take SWEET CASTOR. 820h

STRAYED.

Misfit carpets cheap.
Ingrain, Brussels and Velvet.
All sizes from 40 up.
Allegheny Carpet & Feather Renovating Co., 823 Pennsylvania ave. 114h

TICKETS for anything printed by Knapp, the Printer, 3521 Butler st. Both 'phones.

ELECTIONS.

Western Insurance Company,
Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 2, 1901.
ELECTION—The annual election for Thirteen directors of this company will be held at the company's office, Tuesday, the 12th inst., between the hours of 11:30 a. m. and 1:00 p. m.
112th D. DALLAS HARE, Secretary.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

ERAUN'S DANCING ACADEMY,
Sixth and Liberty sts. Tel. 153.
Classes for new beginners now forming.
Ten Lessons Three Dollars. 1107h

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE POPULAR WANT COLUMNS.

MONEY TO LOAN.

SALARY Loans Upon Plain Notes.
No mortgage. No indorser. No publicity.
YOUR MONEY'S WORTH.
OR YOUR MONEY REFUNDED.
We guarantee lowest rates in town.
Every $1 paid off loan reduces cost.
WE NEVER CHARGE FOR PAPERS.
INVESTIGATION MEANS YOUR CUSTOM.
We get you out of debt.
Positively square and liberal treatment.
WE HAVE SUPREME CONFIDENCE
in our ability to please you.
Elite people should not go elsewhere.
We are leaders in new plans.
Our large patronage speaks for itself.
LOANS—$10, $25, $50, $75 and $100.
"Your relatives, friends or employer" need never know of transaction.
All inquiries treated SACREDLY confidential.
"RAILROAD EMPLOYES"
receive time to suit their convenience.
Ours are the most private offices.
You get amount asked for—nothing deducted, of rate jugglers, who make it appear you are getting lower rates, viz:
In Fact You Pay More.
RELIABLE CREDIT CO.,
Marine National Bank Building,
Room 17 (5th floor), 301 Smithfield st., cor 3d. 916th

MONEY to loan on mortgages.
W. F. WEITERSHAUSEN, 711 Ohio st., Ally. 1030h

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—
HEART TO HEART TALKS.
My Dear Father Pitt:
There has been no much saving at the spigot and wasting at the bung hole; too much littleness and not enough public spirit shown; can you think of any better way of helping the city than by keeping it in good appearance, making our city attractive to strangers and satisfying to ourselves. No man should have a dingy looking house when painting is done so reasonable as here.
P. J. BYRNE,
1017h 634 Fifth ave.

PERSONAL—Dr. John W. JAMES, Massage treatments. The only registered practitioner in the county; $1 per treatment at office, No. 119 Seventh st., Pittsburgh, Pa., near Hotel Boyer. Cure nervous debility, rheumatism, paralysis, locomotor ataxia, gout, muscular contraction and many other diseases. Will answer calls and treat patients at their homes. 1110ne

Electro Plating.
Metal Patterns.
Model Work.
Light Machine Work.
COOKE PLATING WORKS,
110 Sandusky St.,
Allegheny, Pa. 90hb

PERSONAL—Famous professor retired from lecture field, now teaches hypnotism, personal magnetism and phrenology, personally or mail course; success guaranteed. Box 547, Pittsburgh. 1110te

Have your work done right.
Carpets fitted and cleaned, refitted and relaid.
Cameron & Dorn,
Cor. Ohio and Sandusky Sts. 134h

PERSONAL—Stenographers, join speed class at the Reno Shorthand School, Sixth and Smithfield. Graham's Reporting Style thoroughly taught. Sessions daily, and Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings. 1029h

We sell Carpets cheap,
as well as clean them cheap.
Come and see them.
Allegheny Carpet & Feather Renovating Co., 823 Pennsylvania ave. 114h

PERSONAL—Here's my card:
Printing done right and by producers patrons.
H. C. KNAPP,
3521 BUTLER ST.
'Phones: Bell, 81 Fisk. P. & A., 81 Lawrence. 1016h

PERSONAL—Now is the time to have your fall clothing cleaned and fixed up. We are experts in this line of work.
SIMPSON

TRADE ACTIVE IN WHEAT PIT

Leading Cereal Held Steady Against a Sagging Tendency.

DROUGHT STORIES WERE INFLUENTIAL

Corn Was Dull and Trading Unimportant — Oats Quiet With Smaller Trade Than for Several Days—Provisions Steady.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—A fair activity in the wheat pit today kept the grain markets steady against otherwise sagging influences. December wheat closed ⅛@¼c higher, December corn ¼@¾c up and December oats a shade higher. Provisions closed 2½c to 7½c up.

Wheat had a good business, both on the early decline, resulting from weak cables and on the later bulge. December opened ⅛@¼c down at 72⅜@72¾c, and continued moderately; realizing eased the market to 72⅜@72¼c. Commission houses were buyers, however, and on the cash demand and reports of continued drought in the southwest, shorts became nervous and covered. This brought a bulge, though a small one, and December sold at 73@73¼c, closing steady ⅛c up at 73c. Local receipts were 167 cars, 11 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 795 cars, making a total for the three points of 962 cars, against 1,020 last week and 631 a year ago. Primary receipts were 1,064,000 bushels, compared with 685,000 last year. Seaboard clearances in wheat and flour were equal to 526,000 bushels. Australian shipments for the week were 467,000 bushels, against 250,000 last week and 116,000 a year ago.

Corn was dull, with a small interest manifested and unimportant trading. December opened unchanged to ⅛c lower on cable influence, and was led throughout by the wheat pit. There was some selling by the prominent holders and a tendency to close deals over Sunday, but the advance in wheat brought a steady close, ¼@⅜c up at 59⅜@59½c. Receipts were 94 cars.

Oats were quiet, with a smaller trade today than for several days past. There was a moderate realizing early that eased prices, but this was regained on the wheat reaction. December, which opened a shade lower, closed steady a shade higher at 35¾c. Receipts were 201 cars.

Provisions had a dull, steady market. Prices were up a trifle at the opening on a fair hog market. Liquidation brought a small reaction, but this was replaced by a small investment demand later. January pork closed 5c up at $14 97½. January lard 7½c advance at $8 60 and January ribs 2½c higher at $7 70@7 72½.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 110 cars; corn, 85 cars; oats, 185 cars; hogs, 36,000 head.

R. Bacon & Co., members of the Chicago board of trade, 209 Sixth street, are as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yest'day's Close.
WHEAT					
No. 2.					
Nov.	.....	.....	.....	72⅝	72⅛
Dec.	72⅝	73⅛	72½	73	72⅝
May	76	76⅝	75⅝	76¼	76⅛
CORN					
No. 2.					
Nov.	58½	59⅛	58½	58⅝	58⅛
Dec.	59⅛	59½	59⅛	59½	59⅛
May	61⅝	62⅛	61½	62⅛	61⅝
OATS					
No. 2.					
Dec.	38⅛	38⅝	38⅛	38⅝	38⅜
May	40⅝	40½	40⅛	40⅝	40½
PORK.					
Jan.	14 95	16 00	14 92½	14 97½	14 92½
May	15 10	15 22½	15 07½	15 17½	15 07½
LARD.					
Nov.	8 50	8 52½	8 50	8 52½	8 47½
Dec.	8 52½	8 55	8 52½	8 55	8 52½
Jan.	8 65	8 70	8 65	8 70	8 65
May	8 70	8 76	8 70	8 72½	8 70
SHORT RIBS.					
Jan.	7 67½	7 72½	7 67½	7 72½	7 70
May	7 82½	7 87½	7 82½	7 87½	7 82½

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady; winter patents, $3 50@3 60; do straights, $3 00@3 40; do clears, $2 70@3 20; spring specials, $3 60; do patents, $3 30@3 50; do straights, $2 80@3 20; No. 3 spring wheat, 71@71¾c; No. 2 red, 74@75c; No. 2 yellow corn, 60½c; No. 2 white do, 42½@42¾c; No. 3 white do, 42¼@42½c; No. 2 rye, 90c; fair to choice malting barley, 56@58c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 47; No. 1 N. W. do, $1 48½@1 49; prime timothy seed, $5 90@6 00; clover, contract grade, $9 25; mess pork, $13 00@13 50; lard, $8 55@8 57½; short ribs, sides (loose), $7 80@7 95; dry salted shoulders (boxed), $7 25@7 50; short clear sides (boxed), $8 15@8 25; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 31.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls.	20,000	28,000
Wheat, bus.	250,000	10,000
Corn, bus.	87,000	163,000
Oats, bus.	280,000	438,000
Rye, bus.	6,000	.....
Barley, bus.	82,000	17,000

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Flour—Receipts, 20,121 barrels; exports, 23,832 barrels; firm but quiet. Winter patents, $3 60@3 90; winter straights, $3 40@3 50; Minnesota patent, $3 90@4 10; winter extras, $2 60@2 90; Minnesota bakers, $2 90@3 25; winter low grades, $2 50@2 60. Rye flour steady; fair to good, $3 00@3 30; choice to fancy, $3 35@3 55. Buckwheat quiet; 57 carlots to arrive in New York. Cornmeal steady; yellow western, $1 25; city, $1 24; Brandywine, $3 35@3 50.

Rye—Nominal; No. 2 western, 66c f. o. b. afloat; state rye, 57@58c c. i. f. New York, carlots. Barley dull; feeding, 52@54c c. i. f. Buffalo; malting, 58@61¼c c. i. f. Buffalo. Wheat—Receipts, 45,750 bushels; export, 35,467 bushels. Spot firm; No. 2 red, 75c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 red, 80¾c elevator; No. 1 northern Duluth, 81⅞c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Duluth, 88⅛c f. o. b. afloat. Options showed moderate weakness as an outcome of foreign selling, local profit-taking, easier French markets and more liberal northwest receipts. They finally rallied on active covering and closed firm at a partial ½c net advance. May, 80¾@81¾c, closed 81¾c; December, 78⅝@79¼c, closed 79¼c. Corn—Receipts, 18,600 bushels; exports, 57,461 bushels. Spot strong; No. 2, 68½c elevator and 67c f. o. b. afloat. Option market opened steady, but subsequently followed the wheat decline, being influenced also by easier cables. A final sharp recovery on a scare of shorts to the market firm at ⅛@¼c net advance. May, 66¾c, closed 66¼c; December closed 66c. Oats—Receipts, 199,200 bushels; exports, 12,255 bushels. Spot market firm; No. 2 oats, 45c; No. 3 oats, 45c; No. 2 white, 47c; No. 3 white, 46½c; No. 2 mixed western, 45¾c; track white, 45@50c. Options fairly steady but quiet.

Groceries—Rice quiet; domestic, fair to extra, 4¾@6c; Japan, 3¼@4c. Molasses quiet; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice, 27@32c.

Miscellaneous—Hay steady; shipping, 60@65c; good to choice 85@95c. Hops quiet; common to choice, 1901 crop, 12@15½c; 1900, 9@14c; 1899, 6@11c; Pacific coast crop, 1901, 12@15½c; 1900, 9@14c; 1899, 6@11c. Cotton seed oil firm; Crude, 25 to 28 lbs., California, 21 to 25 lbs., 19½c; Texas dry, 24 to 30 lbs., 14¼c. Leather steady; hemlock sole, Buenos Ayres, light to heavy weights, 23@26½c. Wool dull; domestic fleeces, 25@26c; Texas, 16@17c. Coal quiet. Beef steady; family, $11 00@12 00; mess, $9 50. Beef hams, $20 50@21 00; packet, $10 50@12 00; city, extra India mess, $17 00@19 00. Cutmeats steady; pickled bellies, 8¾@8¾c; pickled shoulders, 7¼@7½c; pickled hams, 9½@10c. Lard firm; western steamed, 8.80c; refined firm, continent, 9.15c; S. A., 10c; compound, 7½@7¾c. Pork steady; family, $17 00@17 25; short clear, $17 50@19 00; mess, $15 00@16 00. Tallow firm; city ($2 per pkg.), 5¼c; country (pkgs. free), 5¼@5⅜c. Cottonseed oil dull; yellow, 35c. Petroleum dull; refined, New York, 7.65c; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 7.60c; do. in bulk, 5c. Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1 40. Turpentine steady, 38¾@39c.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 9.—Flour firm and unchanged; receipts, 21,958 barrels; exports, 92 barrels. Wheat dull and easier, spot and the month, 75¾@75⅞c; December, 76⅛@76⅜c; January, 77¼@77⅜c; May, 79¼@79¾c; steamer No. 2 red, 72¼@72½c; receipts, 48,879 bushels; exports, 48,000 bushels; southern by sample, 69@76½c; do on grade, 73@74½c. Corn easier; mixed, spot, old, 64@64¼c; new, 63@63½c; the month, old, 64@64¼c; do new, 63@63½c; year, 61¼@61¾c; January, 61¾@61¾c; steamer, mixed, 61¼@61¾c; receipts, 40,822 bushels; exports, 25,714 bushels; southern white and yellow corn, 63@63¾c. Oats strong and higher; No. 2 white, 47@47½c; No. 2 mixed, 44@44½c; receipts, 12,680 bushels. Rye firmer; No. 2 nearby, 56@56¼c; No. 2 western, 57@57½c; receipts, 1,734 bushels; exports, 17,143 bushels. Hay steady; No. 1 timothy, $16 00@16 50. Grain freight rates steady and unchanged.

OFFICIAL REAL ESTATE RECORDS

Transfers Recorded.

Cyphus Wm D to Mary Sheppard, Oct 28, '01, Swissvale, 46x115, Rosslyn st.. $ 2,000
Devenny James L to Wm Gregg, Nov 2, '01, E McKeesport, 30x120, Florence ave.. 2,400
Fundenberg Julius to Margaret A Smith, Oct 30, '01, 13th wd, Pgh, 20x77, Herron ave.. 2,850
Swan Wm F to A W Duff, Oct 23, '01, Edgewood, 85x123, Franklin st.. 4,100
Beedle Edward M et al to Wm M Hunter Jr, Homestead, 25x92, 3d ave.. 2,800
Beedle Edward M et al to Rees J Davis, Oct 10, '01, Homestead, 21x64, Amity st.. 2,900
Beedle Edward M et al to Wm Thomas, Oct 10, '01, Homestead, 25x89, Amity st.. 3,100
Beedle Edward M to Wm H Young, Oct 10, '01, Homestead, 21x57, Amity st.. 3,200
Humming Albert J to Nicholas Kelly, Oct 30, '01, Lower St Clair Tp, 50x200, Brownsville road.. 6,050
Fulch Laura B to George Semmens, Oct 23, '01, West Homestead, 25x110, 7th ave.. 875
Robinson Susan A to Wm Walton, May 15, '01, Homestead, 55x60, Ann st.. 2,000
Walton Wm to Wm Evans, Nov 1, '01, Homestead, 65x60, Ann st.. 2,650
Schooley Low to Laura B Fulch, Oct 1, '01, West Homestead, two lots, Eighth ave.. 1,450
Evans David to James L Devenny, Oct 30, N Versailles Tp, 30x100, Larimer ave.. 800
Buch Carl et al to Geo Walters, Oct 17, '01, Elliott Boro, lot, Warren st.. 750
Swigan Andrew to Harry Hardins, Oct 16, '01, 23d wd, Pgh, 25x105, Hazelwood ave.. 1,055
Bell John A to Peter J Carr, Oct 16, '01, Crafton, 120x147, Ridge ave.. 5,150
Bell John A to Chas A Carr, Oct 16, '01, Crafton, 120x150, Ridge ave.. 3,100
Daum Elizabeth to Anton Gruber, Oct 31, '01, 17th wd, Pgh, 25x100, Harrison st.. 1,300
Buhgan Ernest to Caroline Tepel, Oct 3, '01, Millvale, 20x160, Mary st.. 1,400
Succop Chas E to Nicholas Remlinger, Oct 29, '01, 31st wd, Pgh, 20x100, Climax st.. 2,000
Zinkham Wm to Maurice L Avner, Nov 4, '01, McKees Rocks, 50x115, Walnut st.. 635
Whitfield Wm H to James F Gibson, Nov 6, '01, 19th wd, Pgh, 30x166, Avondale plan.. 7,250
Heineman Otto E to Carrie C Wilson, Oct 23, '01, 18th wd, Pgh, 75x94, Bossart st.. 5,200
Watts Wm H to Harry S Crymble, Nov 1, '01, 22d wd, Pgh, 30x120, Savannah st.. 6,200
Debold Clarence M to Jacob H Hodgden, Oct 31, '01, Robinson Tp, one acre.. 9,825
Ebbenmeyer P to Jno C Nesler, Oct 23, '01, 21st wd, Pgh, 22x140, Carver st.. 2,090
Scott Wm M to Elizabeth Mesteiski, Oct 15, '01, Chartiers Tp, 40x180, Bell ave.. 620
Wenke Daniel to Julius Kaufmann, Sept 21, '01, Baldwin Tp, 75x200, Catharine st.. 1,400
Kruber David T to Otto K Bruik, Aug 1, '01, Braddock, 25x136, Helena ave.. 1,350
Karlsten Peter A to Alfred T Ellsermon, Sept 30, '01, 7th wd, McKeesport, 25x100, Grover ave.. 750
Barr Albert J to Francis E McGillick, Oct 7, '01, 14th wd, Pgh, 132x206, Hamlet ave.. 14,749
Hill Wm to Annie E Clarke, Aug 30, '01, Crafton, lot, Back Bana road.. 900
Reynolds Thomas Jr to James Lyle, Oct 24, '01, 10th wd, McKeesport, 50x120, Pacific ave.. 1,800
Brown M B to Charles Prescott, Oct. 1, '01, Chartiers Tp, 40x150, Bell ave.. 500
Merriman Frank F to Jacob Beuschel, Oct 21, '01, Aleppo Tp, five acres.. 600
Allen Thomas P to Salome M Yoest, Oct 21, '01, 16th wd, Pgh, 20x100, Yew st.. 2,350
Lewis John B to Chas S Haywsrd, Oct 20, '01, 35th wd, Pgh, 28x100, McKnight st.. 2,000
Krampi Herman to James Finnerty, Oct 25, '01, Carnegie, 25x100, Railroad ave.. 1,400
Roberts W A to Sam'l H Fuller, Oct 17, '01, Sheraden, 25x100, Merwyn ave.. 400
Volz Lewis to George C Norris, Oct 31, '01, Pittsburgh, 20x77, Shaffer st.. 1,100
Aspinwall Land Co to Wm C Norris, Aug 5, '01, Aspinwall, lot, Western ave.. 5,045
Addenbrock Thomas to John Havir, Oct 21, '01, Bradock, 30x100, Talbot ave.. 4,500
Ashoff John to Martha A Everett, Oct 10, '01, Duquesne, 26x88, 7th st.. 607
Kennedy Joseph to same, Oct 9, '01, Duquesne, 26x88, 7th st.. 550
Douthett David B to Ida M McClymonds, Nov 4, '01, Wilkinsburg, 33x95, Hay st.. 4,000
Brackenridge H M et al to Wm Frell, Nov 2, '01, Harrison Tp, three lots, Center st.. 1,187
Beben Edward M to Geo Johnston, Oct 1, '01, Penn Tp, lot, Franklin boulevard.. 5,000
Beiler Julius to Robt W Clarke, Oct 28, '01, 20th wd, Pgh, lot, Maryland ave.. 8,000
Friday Wm H to Wm H Reckenbach, Oct 18, '01, 21st wd, Pgh, lot, Tuwood st.. 7,500
Brackenridge H M to Jacob J Smith, Nov 2, '01, Harrison Tp, lot, Linden st.. 700
Brown Wm J to Charles M Baynes, Oct 15, '01, N Fayette Tp, 10 acres.. 1,350
Loughrey Margaret C to Carrie M Oswald, July 16, '00, 14th wd, Pgh, 120 x66, Forbes st.. 25,000
Glassport Land Co to J S Campbell, June 12, '01, Port Vue, 25x110, Ohio st.. 400
Morrow Joseph H to Emma E Morrow, Oct 3, '01, Penn Tp, lot.. 500
Hammett T Lea to J G Wallace, May 21, '01, Mifflin Tp, 20x100, Arkansas ave.. 400
Jope Amelia C to James M Graham, Sept 22, '01, Glenfield, 123x165, Beaver road.. 1,000
Murphy M R to Maude McElroy, Oct 21, '01, N Versailles Tp, 100x100, Bowman ave.. 1,775
Cuthbert R to Martin Heyl, Nov 1, '01, 14th wd, Allghy, 25x120, City View place.. 600
Ertell Elizabeth to Benjamin Abel, Sept 12, '01, 37th wd, Pgh, 20x150, Susquehanna st.. 2,275
Beckert Wm to Frank J Schenkel, Oct 10, '01, 7th wd, Allghy, 22x104, Villa st.. 900
Fishwick Hugh to Wm K Irwin, Oct 23, '01, Baldwin Tp, lot, Carter st.. 500
Williams Thomas J to James A Orr, Oct 25, '01, 32d wd, Pgh, 34x101, Griffin st.. 2,800
Henk Justus to John G Bender, Oct 24, '01, 27th wd, Pgh, 20x110, Spruce st.. 1,800

Mortgages Recorded.

Brink Otto K et ux to D T Kraner, Aug 4, '01.. $ 550
*Mesteiski Theodore ex to W M Scott, Oct 15, '01.. 420
Wabell Dominick to W C Soles, Oct 28, '01.. 600
Logan Wm L to N J H Young, Oct 30, '01.. 400
*Logan Wm J et ux to same, Oct 31, '01.. 400
*Drave Ralph M to C T Harbaugh, Sept 24, '01.. 10,050
*Erteck C W et ux to E J Alwood, Nov 7, '01.. 8,700
Kompany Anthony et ux to W M McKelvy gard, Nov 6, '01.. 1,400
*Golden Solomon et ux to C W Martin, Nov 4, '01.. 2,000
Hertz Isaac et ux to J Wolf, Nov 7, '01.. 2,051
Stephens Wm G to Duquesne H B & L A, Nov 7, '01.. 1,500
Lazera Edw E et ux to West Penn B & [illegible], '01.. 3,800
Pearl [illegible] to Anchor B & L A, Nov 6, '01.. 600
Hollenbeck Wm M et ux to Lin Ave B & L A, Nov 1, '01.. 4,400
Hallett Ebenezer to H McBride, Nov 4, '01.. 6,000
Meyer John B to J T Hempel, Nov 4, '01.. 3,000
Davidowski Frank to M R Brackenridge, Nov 1, '01.. 800
*Boyles Wm to A G Holman, Nov 7, '01.. 7,000
Prutsch Jacob to Humboldt Fire Ins Co, Nov 1, '01.. * 500
Metzgar Wm J to 21st Wd B & L A, Nov 8, '01.. 7,000
Burt James to W R Ford, Nov 1, '01.. 1,500
Sylvester Wm to Confidence B & L A, Nov 4, '01.. 550
*C B and W B Lawton to Watson Land Impt Co, Oct 7, '01.. 1,080
*C B and W B Lawton to Watson Land Impt Co, Oct 7, '01.. 1,080
*Same to same, Oct 1, '01.. 1,080
*Same to same, Oct 1, '01.. 810
*Same to same, Oct 1, '01.. 810
*Same to same, Oct 1, '01.. 810
*Same to same, Oct 1, '01.. 810
*Same to same, Oct 1, '01.. 810
*Same to same, Oct 1, '01.. 1,080
*Same to same, Oct 1, '01.. 1,080
*Same to same, Oct 1, '01.. 1,080

Speculation in Wall Street Continues Active

GOTHAM MARKET A BUSY PLACE

Volume of Trading Large and Includes Many Issues.

NOTABLE RISE IN NEW YORK TRACTIONS

Jump of Over Two Points in Pressed Steel Car Came Near the Close—There Was Heavy, but Well Absorbed Realizing.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Today's stock market was broad and comprehensive in its scope and very active all day. It was also highly irregular throughout, but increasingly so toward the last, when the unexpected decrease in the cash reserves of the banks reported in the weekly statement was offset by a buoyant upward spurt in the New York public utilities, led by Metropolitan street railway, which rose some 6¾ points over last night. Brooklyn Transit gained 3⅝, Consolidated Gas 2¼ and Manhattan 2. At the same time there were enormous transactions in Third Avenue four per cent bonds at an extreme decline of about 5p oints.

The only news bearing on the movement was the reported dissolution of the syndicate which financed the purchase of the Third Avenue Street railroad. People's Gas came into the movement apparently in sympathy, and there was a sudden jump of 2¼ in Pressed Steel car at the last.

During the first hour the market was widely distributed, dealing based on general considerations, such as the uniformly large increases in railroad earnings for the fourth week in October, and the belief in early improvement in the money conditions.

At the same time there was heavy realizing going on in stocks which have had a considerable advance lately, the realizing, however, being well absorbed. The disposition to take profits increased after the appearance of the bank statement, and the market closed in some confusion and very active. It is evident that bank loans have not furnished material for the week's speculation, as loans have decreased $4,627,900. The known movements indicated a gain in cash by the banks of over $2,000,000, while the bank statement shows a loss of $3,703,700. The most plausible explanation is that the local trust companies have been lending money in the stock market and withdrawing cash deposits from the banks.

With the Paris bourse settlement disposed of the November installment of subscriptions to British consols met, and a notable recuperation effected this week in the condition of the bank of France, the hope of a relaxation in the foreign demand for gold is encouraged. Large receipts of Australian and Klondike gold have run parallel with the withdrawals for export, and the offerings of government bonds, though small, are sufficient to offset the current government surplus withdrawn from the market. It is to be remembered that the government surplus, after running light during the early part of last month, became very large before the end of the month. Europe's year-end requirements for money are still an undecided question.

Railroad bonds have been in active demand. United States bonds were all unchanged on the call price of last week.

CLOSING PRICES OF BONDS.

U. S. Rs. 2s, reg.	109	Hocking V. 4½s	107⅝
U. S. Rs. 2s, cp.	109	I. C. un. 4s	102⅝
U. S. 3s, reg.	108	Mex. Cen. 4s	82½
U. S. 3s, cp.	108	Do 1st Inc.	29½
U. S. new 4s, reg.	139	M. & St. L. 4s	103¼
U. S. new 4s, cp.	140	M. K. & T. 4s	90¼
U. S. old 4s, reg.	112¼	Do 2ds	83
U. S. old 4s, cp.	112¼	*N. Y. C. 1sts	105⅝
U. S. 5s, reg.	107	Do gen 4½s	103½
U. S. 5s, cp.	107	*N. J. C. gen 5s	131
Atchison gen. 4s	103⅛	Northern Pa. 4s	104½
Atchison adj. 4s	93¼	Do 3s	72½
B. & O. 4s	103⅛	N. & W. con. 4s	102⅝
B. & O. 5½s	116¾	Read. Gen. 4s	89¼
B. & O. conv. 4s	108⅞	S. L. & I. M. c.5s	117
*Can. So. 2ds	108	*S. L. & S. F. 4s	95
Cen. of Geo. 5s	107½	St. P. S'wrn 1sts	97
Do 1st Inc.	72½	Do 2ds	80¾
C. & O. 4½s	107	*S. A. & A. P. 4s	88
C. & A. 3½s	85¼	So. Pac. 4s	94⅞
C. M. & St. P. 4s	98⅞	So. Ry. 5s	120¼
C. M. & St. P. gen. 4s	110½	Tex. & Pac. 1sts	113
*C. & N. con. 7s	137½	T. St. L. & W. 4s	81½
C. R. I. & P. 4s	106⅝	Un. Pac. con. 4s	106⅜
*CCC& St. L. 4s	107½	Wabash 1sts	118
Chi. Terminal 4s	91	Do 2ds	110½
Col. & So. 4s	83⅜	Do Deb. B	61
Den. & Rio G. 4s	103	West Shore 4s	112⅝
Erie prior lien 4s	96½	W. & L. E. 4s	92
Erie gen. 4s	81½	Wis. Cen. 4s	93¼
F. W. & D. C. 1st	107⅝	Con. Tob. 4s	64½

New York "Curb" Market.

Henry Sproul & Co. furnish the following closing bids on active stocks traded in on the New York curb or outside the New York stock exchange:

Am. Hide & Lea.	5½	N. A. Gas bonds	107⅝
Do preferred	28½	N. E. Elec. V. T.	⅛
Bay State Gas	⅜	N. Y. Elec. V. T.	6¾
Brit. Colum. Cop.	12⅞	Otis Elevator	30
Brook. Ferry Co.	14	Do preferred	91
Comb. Air Co.	14	R. Bak. P. pfd.	101¾
Electric Boat	18	Standard Oil	712
Electric Lead	10	Tennessee Copper	12½
Electric Vehicle	1⅝	U. S. C. Iron Pipe	5½
Do preferred	3½	Do preferred	30½
Electro Pneumatic	1¼	Union Copper	3⅝
Gen. Carriage	13½	Westboard	27¼
Havana Com'l Co.	12¼	Do preferred	51⅝
Havana Com'l Co. pf.	45	American Can	14
Do preferred	45	Do preferred	67
Ill. Elec. Veh. T.	⅛	Am. Ele. R. R.	28¼

New York Mining Stocks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Mining stocks closed:

Adams Con.	.18	Little Chief	.12
Alice	.40	Ontario	9.50
Breece	1.30	Ophir	.77
Brunswick Con.	.10	Phoenix	.06
Comstock Tunnel	.05½	Potosi	.05
Con. Cal. & Va.	1.40	Savage	.06
Deadwood Terra	.10	Sierra Nevada	.50
Horn Silver	1.80	Small Hopes	.40
Iron Silver	.60	Standard	3.80
Leadville Con.	.05		

Express Stocks.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Express stocks closed:

Adams	185	United States	90
American	190	Wells Fargo	180

Boston Copper and Mining.

E. F. Masten & Co., 308 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, furnish the following closing bids of copper and mining stocks in Boston:

Adventure	22½	Old Dominion	23⅞
Amalgamated	86⅜	Old Colony	84
Arcadian	¼	Osceola	87½
Atlantic	31	Parrott	38¼
Baltic	43	Rhode Island	3¼
Bingham	29	Santa Fe Copper	4⅜
Calumet	647	Tamarack	260
Centennial	16	Utah	23⅜
Cochiti	3½	U. S. Mining	18¾
Copper Range	59½	Victoria	6⅜
Elm River	8	Wolverine	56⅛
Franklin	16	Winona	2
Mass	23⅜	Phoenix	5½
Mohawk	41½	Guanajutao	6⅜
Michigan	12½		
Osceola	97½		

Boston Stocks.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Stocks closed:

Atchison	84½	Am. Tel. & Tel.	157
Do preferred	102¾	Dominion I. & S.	27¼
Boston & Albany	253	General Electric	256½
Boston & Maine	192½	Mass. Electric	36¾
Boston Elevated	166	N. E. Gas & Coke	4½
Fitchburg pfd.	143½	United Fruit	96
Union Pacific	101½	U. S. Steel	43¾
Mexican Central	22	Do preferred	98
Americal Sugar	110¾		

Philadelphia Stocks.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Nov. 9.—The closing bids were as follows:

Penna. R. R.	73⅝	Tidewater Steel	9
Phila. Traction	95⅜	Cumbria Steel Co.	20
Union Traction	38½	Elec. Co. of Am.	6½
Elec. & Peo. 4s	97	American Rys.	42
Cons. Trac. N. J.	67	Alkali	⅞
Cons. Lake Super.	22⅜	Asphalt 5s	46
Storage	20	Railways general	2¼
Do preferred	60	Lehigh Valley	34½
Phila. Electric	5¼	Sup. pfd.	67¾
United Gas Imp.	117½	Powder	8

Chicago Stocks.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Stocks quiet. Close:

American Can	19⅜	Biscuit	42¾
Do preferred	66⅜	Metropolitan pfd.	92
Northwest Ele.	49	Lake St. Ele.	13⅛

NEW YORK PRICES.

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., No. 236 Fourth avenue, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges and Chicago board of trade:

Shares.	STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing Bid.
35300	A., T. & S. F.	84	85	84	84½
43500	Do preferred	102	102⅝	101⅞	102⅛
	Am. Cotton Oil	29	30	29	29⅞
	Do preferred				89
9900	Am. Sugar Ref.	118½	120	118⅝	119⅞
	Do preferred				110
	Am. Locomotive	26	26⅝	26	25⅜
	Do preferred	84½	84⅝	84½	84½
900	Am. Car Foundy.	26½	26⅞	26½	26⅜
500	Do preferred	82	82	82	82
	American Can	19⅜	19⅜	19⅜	19
	Do preferred	66⅛	67	66⅛	67
11400	Amal. Copper	86⅞	89⅛	86⅜	89¼
1300	Ana. Con. Min.	34⅜	34⅞	34½	34⅜
3200	Am. Sm. & Ref.	43⅝	43⅝	42¼	42⅜
	Do preferred				97
	American Ice	27⅜	27⅞	27⅜	27
	Do preferred	64	64	64	63½
6000	Baltimore & O.	108⅜	109¼	108½	108½
100	Do preferred	94½	94½	94½	94¼
24400	Brooklyn R. T.	69⅞	73⅛	69⅝	72⅝
14600	Chicago Gt. W.	25⅞	26⅛	25¼	26⅜
2800	Con. Gas	217¼	219	217	218⅝
1300	C., C. C. & St. L.	106	109¼	106	106⅝
5200	Chesa. & Ohio	48½	49⅛	48¼	48¾
1400	Chicago & Alton	36½	37¼	36½	37
100	Do preferred				77
900	Col. Southern & Iron	96	95	96	93
	Do preferred				128
700	Col. Southern	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14½
	Do 1st pfd				65½
	Do 2d pfd				35¼
	D., L. & W.				236
200	Dela. & Hudson	172	173⅜	173	173
10400	Erie	42¾	42⅝	42¼	42⅜
6700	Do 1st pfd	74⅝	75	74¼	74⅝
1800	Do 2d pfd	57⅝	57⅝	57⅜	57½
200	General Electric	257	257	256½	256
200	Glucose Sug. R.	39½	39½	39½	39¾
	Do preferred	96	96	96	96
1200	Illinois Central	141⅞	142¼	141¼	141⅞
100	Iowa Central	40½	40¾	40¾	40⅛
	Do preferred				77½
200	Internat. Paper	19½	19½	19½	19½
100	Do preferred	75½	75½	75½	75¼
609	L. E. & Western	74½	74½	73⅜	73⅜
	Do preferred				104
7900	Louis. & Nash.	107⅛	107⅝	107⅛	107⅜
28700	Manhattan	125⅜	127⅛	125⅜	127¼
7300	Missouri Pacific	103⅜	104⅜	103⅜	104
200	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pfd.	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝	64⅝
81900	Metropolitan	157½	164	157½	162⅝
1100	Mexican Central	21½	22⅜	21½	22⅛
200	National Lead	19½	19½	19½	19
	Do preferred				102
	National Biscuit				42
	Do preferred				101½
10500	N. Y. Central	164	164½	163⅞	165¾
	N. J. Central				174
3600	N. Y., O. & W.	85⅝	85⅝	85¼	85¼
6800	Norfolk & West.	58	58¼	58	58⅜
100	Do preferred	91	91	91	90
	Omaha				142
6700	P., C., C. & St. L.	102	104½	102	104
1600	Pacific Mail	46⅝	48¼	46⅜	48¼
3200	P. S. Car	42	46	42	44⅝
200	Do preferred	84	84	84	84
5200	Pennsylvania	147	147⅜	147	147⅜
	P., C., C. & S. L.				72½
	Do preferred				103
2000	Reading	43⅜	43¾	43¼	43⅝
800	Do 1st pfd.	78	78	77½	78
1700	Do 2d pfd.	54⅜	55	54⅜	54⅝
800	Rock Island	147	147¾	147	146⅞
1000	Republic Steel	35⅛	35⅞	35	35⅛
800	Do preferred	68⅜	69⅛	66⅜	68¼
15100	Southern Pacific	62	62¾	61⅝	62¼
9700	Southern Ry.	34½	34⅝	34⅜	34⅜
2800	Do preferred	91⅞	92	91⅞	92
14000	St. Paul	173⅜	173⅝	173	173⅝
	Do preferred				191
800	St. L. & Southw.	29½	29½	29½	29⅜
1200	Do preferred	59⅜	60⅛	59⅜	59⅝
1200	Tenn. Coal & I.	62	62¼	61¾	62
900	Texas & Pacific	40¾	41⅜	40⅝	41⅜
100	T. St. L. & W.	20¼	20¼	20¼	20⅜
800	Do preferred	36¼	36⅝	36¼	36⅜
21360	U. S. Steel	43½	43⅝	43¾	43⅞
13800	Do preferred	92¾	93¼	92¾	93
28100	Union Pacific	107⅛	109¼	107⅛	107⅝
200	Do preferred	90½	90¾	90½	90¾
800	U. S. Rubber	15	15⅞	15	14⅜
600	U. S. Leather	12¾	12¾	12¼	12⅛
800	Do preferred	81	81	81	81
2200	Wabash	21½	21⅝	21¼	21
1200	Do preferred	38⅜	38⅝	38½	38⅝
800	W. U. Telegraph	92½	92½	92¼	92⅛
100	W. & L. E.	19½	19½	19½	19⅜
200	Do preferred	31½	31¾	31	31
800	North. Pac. pfd.	102½	102⅝	101¼	101¼

Total sales, 502,500 shares.

Consolidated Stock Exchange.

On the Consolidated stock exchange yesterday the posted sales in detail were:

50 shares National Fire Proof com. 31½
50 shares American Window Glass. 89¾
50 shares Pittsburgh Brewing pfd. 44½
10 shares Monongahela Coal pfd. 45½
100 shares Pittsburgh Coal com. 27⅝
100 shares United States Steel com. 43

Weekly Bank Statement.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 9.—National bank notes received today for redemption, $900,977; government receipts from internal revenue, $1,058,160; customs, $778,817; miscellaneous, $80,129; expenditures, $1,718,000.

Electric Stocks.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Electric stocks closed:

General Electric 256½ Mass. Elec. com. 36⅝

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS,
Saturday, November 9, 1901.

Cattle—Supply light; market steady. Choice, 1,400 to 1,600 pounds, $5 60@5 90; prime, 1,200 to 1,300 pounds, $5 30@5 50; good, 1,200 to 1,300 pounds, $5 00@5 25; tidy butchers, 1,000 to 1,100 pounds, $4 60@4 90; fair, 900 to 1,000 pounds, $3 75@4 25; common, 600 to 800 pounds, $2 50@3 50; fat cows, $1 50@4 00; bulls and stags, $2 00@4 00; common to fresh cows, $20 00@35 00; good to fresh cows, $35 00@50 00.

Hogs—Receipts fair, about 20 double decks on sale. Market slow at a decline of 5 cents from yesterday. Prime heavies, $5 60@6 00; heavy mediums, $5 45@5 70; light mediums, $5 75@5 80; heavy Yorkers, $5 65@5 70; light Yorkers, $5 55@5 60; pigs, $5 40@5 55; roughs, $4 00@5 50.

Sheep—Supply light; market strong. Best wethers, $5 10 to 100 pounds, $3 40@3 50; good, 80 to 90 pounds, $3 00@3 25; mixed, 70 to 80 pounds, $2 50@3 10; culls and common, $1 00@2 00; yearlings, $2 50@3 75; spring lambs, $3 00@5 00; veal calves, $7 00@7 50; heavy and thin, $4 00@5 00.

[BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 900 head; half western; steady; good to prime nominal, $4 40@5 80; fair to medium, $3 60@5 80; stockers and feeders, $2 00@4 25; cows, $1 25@4 50; heifers, $1 50@5 00; canners, $1 25@2 25; bulls, $1 75@4 50; calves, $2 50@6 25; Texas steers, nominally, $3 00@4 00; western steers, $3 00@5 45. Hogs—Receipts today, 19,000 head; Monday, 34,000 head; left over 3,000 head; active and strong; mixed and butchers, $5 80@5 90; good to choice heavy, $5 60@5 90; rough heavy, $5 35@5 55; light, $5 35@5 65; bulk of sales, $5 60@5 75. Sheep—Receipts, 1,000 head. Sheep and lambs steady; good to choice wethers, $3 50@4 25; western sheep, $3 00@3 60; native lambs, $2 50@4 80; western lambs, $3 00@4 50.

EAST BUFFALO, Nov. 9.—Cattle—Receipts, 12 cars, including 7 cars of Canadas; market dull, very little doing; light, 920-pound Indiana steers, $4 15; poor to fair fat cows, $2 00@3 50; veals, $4 25@7 75. Hogs—Receipts, 4 cars; market opened 5@10c lower and closed still weaker; heavy grades sold at $5 80@6 00 early; mixed and mediums, $5 75@5 85, closed 5@10c lower; Yorkers, $5 65@5 75; roughs, $4 50@4 75. Sheep and lambs—Offerings, 24 cars, including 5 cars Canada lambs; lambs, 5@10c lower; top natives, $4 75@5 00; a few fancy at $5 10; top to good, $4 25@4 70; culls and common, $3 40@4 15; sheep and yearlings steady; top mixed, $3 50@3 75; culls to good, $1 50@3 40; wethers and yearlings, $3 80@4 00; heavy export ewes, $3 40@3 50; heavy Canada lambs slow at $4 50; handy wethers, $4 05@4 10.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Beeves—Receipts, 465 head, including five cars to be sold. No sales reported. Cables steady. Exports, 660 beeves, 6,361 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 1,700 head; very little doing; about steady. Bunch yeals sold at $8 25; bunch fed calves, $4 50; bunch grassers, $3 25. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 3,701 head. Sheep very firm; lambs steady. Sheep, $2 50@3 50; culls, $2 00; lambs, $4 75@5 25; culls, $4 00. Hogs—Receipts, 1,425 head; one deck on sale; firmer. Deck western hogs sold at $5 80.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 9.—Hogs steady, $3 50@3 90. Cattle steady, $1 80@5 40. Sheep steady, $1 25@3 60. Lambs steady, $3 00@4 00.

Pittsburgh Stocks at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Nov. 9.—(Special.)—Messrs. DeHaven & Townsend, brokers, Philadelphia, furnish the following report of the market for Pittsburgh securities on the Philadelphia stock exchange:

STOCKS.	Last.	Low.	Bgh.	Bid.	Ask.
Ally. Valley pfd.	21	....	....	....	....
Consolidated	4½	4½	4⅝	4¼	4½
Con. Traction	23⅝	....	....	....	....
Do preferred	64⅝	....	....	....	....
United Traction	14	....	....	....	....
Do preferred	50¾	....	....	....	....
Do 5s	114½	....	....	....	....
Philadelphia Co.	45⅝	....	....	45¾	49¼
Do preferred	43¾	....	....	....	....
Do 6s	113¾	....	....	....	....

Total sales—Marsden, 35 shares.

Imports of Drygoods.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The imports of drygoods and merchandise at the port of New York for this week are valued at $12,155,351.

Electric Stocks.

BOSTON, Nov. 9.—Electric stocks closed:

General Electric 256½ Mass. Elec. com. 36⅝

Weekly Review of Market Prices

FARM PRODUCTS HIGHER PRICED

General Advance in Corn and Oats a Feature of the Local Market.

FLOUR FOLLOWS RISE IN WHEAT

Canned Tomatoes Higher and Fresh Eggs Scarce—Potatoes Also Bring Better Prices Than a Week Ago. Summary of the Week.

There has been more or less confusion in adapting business to the new plan of the Pennsylvania Company in handling all cars of hay and grain for city delivery received in the Manchester yard, but while there has been some dissatisfaction with the working of the arrangement receivers are becoming accustomed to it and are finding that it has its advantages. The past week was a good one for trade, and markets were all strong. Notable changes came in corn and oats, which are much more active throughout the country, and a general advance in prices has occurred. Locally shelled corn has been put forward in price over 3 cents a bushel and ear about half as much. Oats are 3 cents above quotations of November 2, and are strong at the advance. Bran has moved forward 75 cents a ton, and wheat is a little stronger. Other lines are unchanged but firm.

Advance in Flour.

Flour has been advanced 30 cents a barrel by millers, on account of the stronger wheat market, and heavy demand, which is pushing the mills to the extreme of available wheat supplies, and local quotations now ranging from $4 10@4 20 with the market very strong. Hard sugars have declined 10 points, a similar cut having been made in softs previously. There is a good local request for refined sugar, but the market generally is weak, for which the only reason seems to be an over-supply. Coffee is steady and strong, latest crop reports being favorable to the situation, as trees are said to be exhausted and flowering a failure. The outlook for scant production during the next year will go far toward overcoming the depressing influence of the very large crop of 1901. Beans are offering at unchanged figures and are steady, with all other staples same as last reported.

Tomatoes Are Higher.

Canned tomatoes are still the center of interest, and are growing stronger. Local values now occupy a range of from $1 15 to $1 30, and it looks as though the prediction for a $1 25 market would soon be verified. There are now prophets in the business who are placing the coming figures at $1 35 for standards before the top is reached, and this may be, although such action would undoubtedly check consumption, and turn the attention of consumers to corn, of which there is a fair average pack, and which so far has been somewhat neglected and would be weaker than it is except for the firm tomato situation. Canned fruits are unchanged, with gallon apples maintaining a very strong position.

Dried fruits are quiet. There is some movement in raisins, where there have been declines in seeded muscatels and layer Valencias, but selling is not active. Currants are firmer, but have not yet commenced to move. Heavy trade in those lines is expected by jobbers in about a week, when retailers will stock up for the holidays. Prunes are moving moderately and are steady. Evaporated apples are very strong, with other lines featureless.

Volume o fBusiness Good.

While there was an apparent falling away in the number of buyers in the market during the week, the aggregate of business done was as large as the total for the week preceding, for the reason that purchasing has been in larger amounts. Winter fruits and vegetables are now commanding the attention of retailers, and these are bought in anticipation of wants, something which is not possible when stocks carried consist largely of perishable goods. Potatoes are firmer and a little higher than at the opening last Monday, and still higher figures are expected inside of the next few days, if the demand for storage continues. Apples are steady, at prices almost the same as those ruling at the beginning of the week. Grapes are not in active request, and are declined enough to offset the small advance noted a week ago. Celery shows a tendency to grow in favor and is firmer, while lettuce is still low. Egg plant was scarce and sold at prices which were fictitious, and only procurable by reason of the temporary short supply. Quinces are almost done, mostly poor stock now offering, the little fancy found in the market bringing top prices. Squash was easier early in the week, but has been well cleaned up and is firmer.

Better Florida Oranges.

There has been little change in tropical fruits. Florida oranges have taken hold of the consuming trade on account of the greatly improved quality of the fruit as compared with former years. Supplies are plentiful and prices have declined, as Jamaicas, which are losing in favor as Floridas become more popular. Dates are nosing and figs move evenly at steady prices. Nuts nearly all declined, trade for the week since Halloween, although there is still a good average demand. Two cars of California walnuts, the first of the season, reached the Pittsburgh market on Friday.

The butter market has shown considerable activity, choice grades having been scarce, with quotations firm. Cheese is selling fairly well, but is weak, owing to the almost complete absence of export demand, which throws more New York cheese upon the domestic market than usual. The advance in the price of milk in Ohio, together with low-priced offerings of New York cheese in western markets, is almost prohibiting manufacture in the Buckeye state. Eggs are firm, with prices higher, no offerings of fresh candled stock being made below 23 cents, and selling active at 24 cents. Fancy eggs are scarce.

Chickens Higher Priced.

Chickens are firmer than they were a week ago, the cooler weather having operated in favor of the poultry market, and prices are higher. There has been no change in turkeys, but they are in better demand and are coming forward more plentifully. While they will not be as abundant as they were last year, it appears from the present outlook that a shortage is unlikely. Ducks are selling evenly, at unchanged quotations.

In the provision market there has been another decline in refined lard, in salt and dry salt smoked meats. Lard has also declined. Demand is not active, but is fairly good for the time of the year.

Receipts bulletined: Manchester yards, 18 cars hay, 6 do oats, 2 do rye, 1 do corn, 2 do straw; Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis railroad, 3 cars oats; Baltimore & Ohio railroad, 2 cars hay; Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, 6 cars hay, 1 do oats. Total receipts, 51 cars.

Hay, Grain and Feed.

Following are the official quotations for hay, millfeed, corn, oats and straw, corrected by the superintendent of the Pittsburgh grain exchange:

Straw—Oat, $7 50@8 00; wheat, $7 50@8 00; rye, $8 25@8 75.

Rye—Milling price, delivered, No. 2 Michigan, 69@70c.

Hay—Choice timothy, $15 00@15 25; No. 1 do, $14 50@14 75; No. 2 do, $13 00@14 00; No. 1 mixed, $11 00@11 50; No. 1 clover, $11 00@11 50; prairie, $10 50@11 00; packing, $8 00@10 00; loose from wagon, $16 00@17 00.

Wheat—No. 2 red, winter, 69@69½c f. o. b. car within radius of 50 miles of Pittsburgh.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, shelled, 66@66½c; high mixed, 65@66c; No. 2 mixed, 64@64½c; No. 2 yellow ear, 66@67c; high mixed, 64½@65½c; No. 2 mixed, 63@64c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 46½@47c; extra No. 3 do, 45@46c; regular No. 3 do, 44@45c.

Millfeed—Middlings, No. 1 white, $22 00@22 50 per ton; No. 2 do, $21 00@21 50; brown, $19 25@19 50; bran, $18 25@18 50.

Groceries.

Flour—Jobbers' price: Fancy spring patents, $4 10@4 20; fancy winter patents, $3 75@3 90; straight winter, $3 50@3 60; bakers' spring, $3 50@3 60; rye, $3 10@3 25; graham, $4 25@4 50; cornmeal, 90c, $3 00@3 10; 10-lb cotton bags, 35 cents.

Sugars—Standard granulated, 5.50c; fine granulated, 5½; 100-lb and 25-lb jute bags, 5.00; 50 2-lb cartons and 20 5-lb cotton bags, 5.15c; powdered, 5.10c; powdered XXXX, 5.15c; cubes, 5¼c; cut loaf, 5.50c; confectioners' A, 4.80c. No. 2 spot white, 4.65c; No. 3 do, 4.55c; No. 7 yellow, 4.30c; No. 8 do, 4.20c; No. 9 do, 4.15c. Quotations are f. o. b. cars New York, which gives one at your nearest railroad station. The price for Pittsburgh is 15 cents per 100 lbs above these quotations.

Cereals—Rolled oats, bbls, $5 00; bags, $2 60; packages, $2 25@2 35. Oatmeal, bbls, $5 50; packages, $2 20.

Molasses—Fancy refined, 29@30c; choice do, 26@28c; prime do, 22@25c; new open kettle, 40@45c; fancy sugar syrup, 27@30c; sugar and cane syrups, 22@25c; syrup in 2½-lb tin cans, $1 00 per doz.

Salt—No. 1, $1 00 per bbl; No. 2 extra, $1 10; dairy, $1 25; granulated rock, 90c sack.

Coffee—Roasted, Rio, 10½@12c; Santos, 12½@14c; Maracaibo, 17@17½c; Mexican, 17c; Guatemala, 16½@17c; Java, 30@32c; Mocha, 32@35c; standard brands, 14c; bags, 11.50c (with rebate of ¾c allowed to retailers); high grades, 1-lb pkgs, 13.50@17.50c.

Spices—Pure, nutmegs, 80c; cassia, 12c; pepper, 15c; allspice, 12c; cloves, 20c; mace, 80c.

Rice—Fancy head, 7½@8c; choice head, 6¾@7c; Carolina, 6½@7c; Japan, 7¼@8c.

Peas—Dried peas, $1 80@1 85; Scotch, per bu, $1 50@1 55; split peas, $3 25; lima, 3c per lb.

Tea—Japan, 25@50c; Oolong, 25@50c; Formosa, 25@50c; English breakfast, 25@50c; Young Hyson, 25@50c; Gunpowder, 25@50c; Imperial, 25@50c.

Oil—Carbon, 11½ deg, 9½c; headlight, 150 water white, 10½c; Elaine, 14c; Ohio W. W. test, 10c; Mineral Lewis, 8½@9c; special brands, 20@24c; prime refined, 28c; linseed, 58c.

Canned Goods.

Standard pie peaches, 90@95c gallon; pie pears, $1 00@1 05; Californias, $1 25; seconds, $1 00@1 05; Maryland peaches, $1 30@1 75; California Y. P., $1 60@2 00; corn, fancy brands, 90@95c; corn, 85@90c; California green beans, 2s, 1 25; wax beans, 1 25; string beans, 1 25; marrowfat peas, 90c@1 10; early June peas, $1 00@1 30; sealed peas, 90@95c; extra fine peas, $1 40@1 50; red cherries, 1 25; raspberries, 2s, 1 25; California apricots, $1 50@2 00; California peaches, $1 50@2 00; damson plums, $1 00; California plums, $1 50@1 60; greengages, 1 60; egg plums, $1 40; Lombard plums, $1 00@1 10; white cherries, 1 60; strawberries, 1 25; gooseberries, 1 00; raspberries, 1 25; Columbia River salmon, flats, $1 75; talls, $1 50; red Alaska salmon, talls, $1 25; pinks, 90c; mackerel, 1 lb talls, $1 25; 2 lb flats, $1 75 per doz; sardines, domestic, ¼s, $3 25@3 75; mustards, ¼s, $2 90; French, ¼s, 7@9½c; oysters, 1-lb full weight, 90c; 1-lb full weight, $1 00; 2-lb full weight, $1 60; 1-lb lunch, flat cans, $1 10.

Dried Fruits.

Evaporated apricots, in bags, 10½@11c; 25-lb boxes, 11½@12c; apples, in bulk, 9½c; 4-lb cartons, 10½@11c; peaches, 10@12c; raisins, 1-lb cartons, 7½@8c; loose muscatels, 2-crown, 5½c; 3-crown, 6c; 4-crown, 6½c; seeded, 1-lb packages, 8@8½c; Ondaria Valencia, 7½c; seeded, 1-lb packages, 8½c; currants, cleaned, 5½ and 6c; package, 6½@7c; California prunes, 4@6½c.

Fruits and Produce.

Apples—Common, $2 00@2 50 per bbl; fancy, $3 00@3 50; Jonathans, $3 50@3 75; Wolf River, $3 00@3 50.

Cucumbers—Hothouse, $1 25@1 50.

Green peppers—Basket, 75@$1 00.

Carrots—Per bbl, $1 25@1 50.

Beets—Per bbl, $1 25@1 50.

Turnips—Per bbl, $1 00@1 25.

Onions—Per bbl, $2 75@3 00; per bu, $1 10@1 25; per crate, $1 00@1 25; Spanish, per case, $2 25@2 50.

Potatoes—On track, per bu, 65@70c; carlots, fancy, 60@65c; fancy from store, 75@80c; Virginia, sweet potatoes, $3 00@3 50 per bbl; Jersey sweets, fancy, $3 00@3 50; Jersey sweets medium, $1 75@2 00.

Celery—Small, 10@15c; large, 20@25c.

Turnips—Per bbl, $1 00@1 25.

Ruta bagas—Per bbl, $1 00@1 10.

Cabbage—Per ton, $10 00@15 00; German seed, $12 00@15 00; red, per bbl, $2 00@2 25.

Leeks—Per doz bunches, 35@40c.

Parsnips—Per bbl, $1 75@2 00.

Beets—Per bbl, $1 10@1 75.

Parsley—Per doz, 10@12½c.

Cauliflower—Half bu crates, 40@50c; bbl, $2 00@2 50.

Brussells sprouts—Per qt, 20@25c.

Watercress—Per doz, 25@30c.

Oyster plant—Per doz, 50@60c.

Mushrooms—Per lb, 40@50c.

Radishes—Per doz, 10@15c.

Tomatoes—Home grown, $1 00 per bu.

Lettuce—Home grown, per doz, 40@50c; hothouse, 20@30c per basket; head lettuce, bbl, $2 50@3 00; Endive, $2 00@4 00.

Green onions—Per doz, 15@20c.

Green beans—Per bu, $2 00@2 50; wax beans per bu, $2 50@2 75.

Florida Egg Plant—$3 00@6 00 per box.

Squash—Hubbard, per bbl, $2 00@2 50

RAIL PRICES VARY GREATLY

Industrial Commission Makes a Report Covering the Last Decade.

SELLING PRICE BELOW COST AT TIMES

Advances in Wages Since 1899 May Be an Important Factor in Making Up for Improvements in Methods of Manufacture.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 10.—The industrial commission today issued a special report on an investigation conducted by the commission regarding the cost and selling prices of iron and steel product in 1890 to 1901. The statement shows that in 1890 the cost of steel rails ranged from $25 95 to $24 52; in 1891, from $24 15 to $25 05; in 1892, from $22 65 to $24 82; in 1893, from $19 25 to $22 62; in 1894, from $17 70 to $21 29; in 1895, from $16 68 to $25 47; in 1896, from $17 72 to $20 60; in 1897, from $15 91 to $17 62; in 1898, from $19 67 to $17 81; in 1899, from $18 11 in January to $35 72 in December; in 1900, from $36 12 in February to $21 83 in October; in 1901, from $21 54 to $25 98.

According to the showing made, there was a margin in the selling price over the cost price for every year from 1890 up to July of 1898. In 1890 the margin ran from $3 78 to $8 50 per ton; in 1891, from $3 89 to $6 85; in 1892 from $4 68 to $7 35; in 1893, from $4 75 to $8 49; in 1894, from $2 17 to $6 21; in 1895, from $1 10 to $9 06; in 1899, from $7 31 to $10 28; in 1897, from 47 cents to $7 28.

Prices Below Cost at Times.

In 1898 the highest margin was $1 33 in January. In July a loss of 5 cents per ton is noted, the cost price being $17 05 as against a selling price of $17 00. Again in June of 1899, when the cost price was $27 62, there was a loss of 37 cents. In July of that year the loss was $1 51 on a cost price of $29 76; $1 15 on a cost price of $32 15 and in September $1 48 on a cost price of $33 98. A loss of about $1 00 per ton is also reported for the months of January, February, March, April and May of 1900, when the cost price ranged over $38 00 per ton. Losses also are claimed on steel billets for most of the year 1900 and for the first four months of 1901. A loss is recorded for every month in 1898 on billets. Losses are recorded for the last three months of 1900 on pig iron. The lowest cost of production for pig iron was recorded in 1894, when it was $8 05 per ton. In 1900 the cost of pig iron was $15 35.

Continuing in a general way, the commission says: "Beyond question there have been steady improvements in the methods of manufacture tending to reduce the cost of labor and incidentals per unit of product. On the other hand advance in wages from 1899 to 1901, especially as compared with the years immediately preceding, no regard to which has been given in making up the figures, may in part have offset the reduction through such improvements. In any case the comparison as to costs will not be greatly vitiated by in accuracies in the items of labor and incidentals, since these represent a comparatively small proportion of the cost of transforming the respective raw materials into the finished products."

Pig Iron Prices Varied Most.

The variation in prices is commented upon as follows: "Probably the most conspicuous fact shown in the diagrams is the very rapid and wide variations in the prices of all three of the products compared, and most of all in the prices of pig iron. Even in earlier years, not covered by the diagrams, the price statistics show similar sharp fluctuations. The diagrams herewith presented bring out the great and sudden decline in the prices of all three products during the year 1890. This was followed by a long and gradual fall which brought the price of pig iron down from $16 at the beginning of 1891 to $10 at the end of 1894. A sudden sharp rise in the prices of all three products is seen in 1895, but this was followed by an almost equally rapid decline, and during 1897 and 1898 the prices stood practically at a bottom figure. The most noticeable movement shown in the diagram is that during 1899, when the price of pig iron rose from $10 to $25 and the price of rails from $17 to $35. Almost equally sudden and very great, however, was the decline in the prices of these products, especially billets and pig iron during the latter part of 1900. Since that time there has been a recovery which leaves the prices of all three products considerably higher than for the years 1890 to 1898.

Prices Sensitive to Demand.

"These often sudden and violent fluctuations show among other indications the great changes in demand for iron and steel products from time to time, and the marked sensitiveness of prices to such changes in demand. No very large stock of iron and steel is usually held in advance, and when a period of prosperity causes a great extension of the use of these products the mills often find themselves temporarily unable to keep pace with the demand, while buyers under certain conditions are willing to pay almost any price.

"A noteworthy feature of the diagram regarding steel rails is the fact that the selling prices for considerable periods of time throughout the decade covered by the figures have been held uniform. Thus through most of 1901 and 1892 the uniform price named was $30 per ton; through 1894 it was $24 per ton, and through the latter part of 1895 and 1896 it was $28 per ton. This uniformity in prices is doubtless due to the existence of pools from time to time among the manufacturers, and the sudden changes following the periods of uniformity are probably explicable, not so much by great changes in demand at the precise date of the change in price as by either the breaking of pools or the determination on the part of their managers that the previously fixed prices were too high or too low. It is very commonly stated in the trade journals that the nominal prices quoted for steel rails are not always maintained in practice but that, secretly or openly, sales are being made below the quoted rates.

Change in Cost Commented On.

"To a certain extent the changes in the prices of rails are followed by changes in the price of pig iron, but the more or less artificial price of rails indicated in the diagram prevents this parallelism from being as close as it is in the case of billets and pig iron. We find that the cost of rails, which depends largely on the price of the chief constituent, pig iron, varies much more greatly from month to month than the selling price, while on the other hand it occasionally happens that a very sudden change in the selling price of rails appears unaccompanied by any correspondingly sudden change in cost. It naturally follows that the margin between the cost and selling price is a much more variable quantity in the case of rails than in the case of billets. The great increase in the margin during the year 1896 is noteworthy, while still more striking is the fact that from 1897 to the middle of 1900 almost no margin appears. During 1899 the price of rails did not increase as rapidly as that of steel billets, and in some months lagged even behind that of pig iron, so that the margin on rails for several months in 1899 and 1900 was considerably less than zero. On the other hand the price of rails did not fall as suddenly in 1900 as the price of pig iron or the cost of rails, so that for a short time the margin rises to a very high point, but almost immediately thereafter falls rapidly to approximately zero."

Writs of Attachment Issued.

BUTLER, PA., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—Writs with executions and attachments on judgments aggregating $20,000 were issued late Saturday night on the Butler Producing Company and E. J. Evans, president, B. F. Hammill secretary, J. H. Henderson, W. H. Whipps and others individually. The holder of the judgments is J. V. Ritts of the Butler County National bank, and the Independent Producers Pipe Line Company is named as garnishee.

Mr. Frick's Uncle Dying.

WORSTER, O., Nov. 10.—(Special.)—Jacob Frick, the city's wealthiest resident, is very ill and is expected to die. He is an uncle of H. C. Frick of Pittsburgh.

Here's a Pointer.

Take a postal card, address it to the Cranitonic Hair Food Co., 526 West Broadway, New York City, and write on the reverse side something like this: "Please send me a copy of the 48 page illustrated book entitled Hair Care and a sample of the Cranitonic Hair Food Products, which the Commercial Gazette says you are sending free and postpaid to people who ask for them." Sign your name, give your address, street and number and mail the card. Then wait a few days and you will receive by mail a sample of the most exquisite French toilet preparation ever offered to the public.

If you will write a letter, enclosing a small lock of hair or a sample of the daily combings, and state if you have falling hair, dandruff or itching scalp, the physicians of the Cranitonic Institute will make a microscopical examination of the hair, send you a report upon its condition and prescribe curative treatment free of charge. 11th

GHASTLY LIST STILL GROWING

Miss Jane Toppan Suspected of Complicity in Two More Deaths.

BODIES WILL BE EXHUMED TUESDAY

Autopsies Will Be Performed to Search for Traces of Atropia and Morphia, the Poisons Said to Have Been Used by Ex-Nurse.

(Special Telegram to The Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BOSTON, MASS., Nov. 10.—The bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Alden P. Davis, parents of Mrs. Annie G. Gordon and Mrs. Mary E. Gibbs, all of whom were attended by Miss Jane Toppan, the nurse accused of murder, will be exhumed Tuesday and autopsies will be performed by Medical Examiner Faunce, who performed the autopsies on Mrs. Gordon and Mrs. Gibbs. The decision to hold the autopsies was reached by District Attorney Holmes today. They will be performed in the barn adjacent to the old cemetery at Cataumet.

Mrs. Davis died in Cambridge July 4, and was buried in the Cataumet cemetery. Mr. Davis died in Cataumet on August 4 and was buried beside his wife. The search will be for evidences of the same poisons which, it is asserted, were found in the body of Mrs. Gibbs. These are said to have been morphia and atropia. While one drug opposes the other in its effects, it is said that the combination of astronia and morphine leaves the facial expression and the eyes in normal condition.

Mrs. Davis was supposed to have died of diabetes, and Mr. Davis of cerebral apoplexy. It is said that Mr. Davis was taken with a slight illness, and it is alleged Miss Toppan, the nurse, prescribed for him and administered a drink, and that instead of recovering he almost instantly lapsed into unconscious, from which he did not rally, and death ensued within 24 hours.

It was asserted today that Mr. Davis when ill lay on the same couch upon which which Mrs. Gibbs was stricken seriously ill, and that both expired in the bed Miss Toppan used. This upsets the claim that paris green was found on the bed clothes in Mrs. Gibbs' own room after her death. Up to now it had been supposed that Mr. Davis and Mrs. Gibbs died in their own rooms upstairs in the Jachin cottage at Cataumet.

Miss Toppan's room was on the ground floor, where each had been when prostrated. It is a large airy room, with a big bed. The patients were taken to it at Miss Toppan's suggestion, it is claimed, on the statement that it was the best place, being light and airy, and would not require their being disturbed as much as if they were carried to their own rooms.

Mr. Davis was found in a comatos condition by the members of the household, and it is reported the government will present evidence to show that Miss Toppan was the last to see him, and to administer to him while he was in a conscious state.

Mary Silva, who was the cook in the Davis' household for more than 15 years, is a witness whom the prosecution expects will aid them materially in connecting Miss Toppan with the deaths in the Davis family. She left Cataumet just after the death of Mrs. Davis and the fires in the Jackhin cottage. She gave as her reasons for leaving that she was afraid that if she stayed any longer she would be burned up.

Shoes For Small Boys

is an attractive feature of our great stock.

A Shoe of great worth at as low a price as $1.50 a pair is the CALF and KID SHOE, HEELED or SPRING—Patent Leather at $2.00. More satisfaction realized looking through this stock than anticipated.

Himmelrich's Shoes

Are a Treat to the Feet.

314-316 FIFTH AVENUE.

MUNYON.

Free Distributions Given Away All Week.

Cold Cure to be given Free today and tomorrow.

Rheumatism Cure given Free Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

Dyspepsia Cure Saturday.

On account of the general prevalence of colds, I have thought it wise to commence my annual free distributions, beginning with my Cold Cure. I believe I can do the community no greater service than by distributing my Cold Cure at this time, when there are so many afflicted with Colds and Grippe. I desire every person suffering with a Cold or Grippe to call at any of the drug stores named below and obtain a vial of my Cold Cure. I guarantee that this remedy will relieve the head, throat and lungs almost immediately. It will cure old colds, new colds and obstinate colds, and prevents Grippe, Diphtheria and Pneumonia.

—MUNYON.

Pittsburgh—Monongahela House Pharmacy, F. H. Eggers & Son, 11 Smithfield st.; Jos. Fleming & Son, druggists, 410 and 412 Market st. and 1 and 2 Diamond; May's Drug Store; Christy Drug Store, Fourth ave. and Smithfield st.; P. C. Schilling Co., Main st. and Penn ave.; P. C. Schilling Co., 2901 Penn ave.; P. C. Schilling Co., Twelfth and Carson sts., South Side; B. J. Stenger, 1601 Carson st.; Carson Pharmacy, 805 Carson st.; Murio Drug Store, 2997 Carson st.; Hoge's Pharmacy, 500 North Highland ave.; Peter Weber, 5900 Penn ave.; Jas. Kerr, Jr., corner Center and Highland aves., East End.

Allegheny—Kaercher Drug Co., Federal and Lacock sts.; H. Katzenmeyer, corner Chestnut and Ohio sts.; C. H. Kelly, Washington ave. and Fremont st.; Kaercher Drug Co., 301 Federal st.; Bischoff's, 917 Federal street.

If you have colds and would ward off Grippe, Pneumonia, Bronchitis and Diphtheria, take my Cold Cure.

If you have Rheumatism take my Rheumatism Cure. It has cured more rheumatics than any other known remedy. It will relieve the pain immediately.

If you have Catarrh my Catarrh Cure, in connection with my inhaler, will kill the germs and drive out the disease.

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap makes the skin soft as velvet.

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817 PENN AVE. YOU CAN HAVE CREDIT.

NEEDLESS to comment on the special values offered here this week. Comparison of quality and prices is invited. The fact that over one-half of our trade is cash is a pretty good indication that prices are right. You can make your own terms of payment if you wish—Credit adds nothing to the cost.

ROMAN ROCKER.

In golden oak, highly finished—a most attractive piece of furniture—our price this week only

$3.75

5-Piece Parlor Suites.

Plain and figured velour—suits that sell everywhere for $25—our price

$18.75

Compare this suite with any $25 one you've ever seen.

Ladies' Writing Desks

Golden Oak or Flemish—sell regularly at $5—while they last—our price only

$3.00

Bedroom Suite.

THIS SOLID OAK BEDROOM SUITE—Richly carved, large French mirror in dresser—Our Price only .....

$24

You Can't Match It for the Money Elsewhere for Less Than $35.

CARPET SPECIALS.

AXMINSTER CARPETS—Best quality, latest designs, actual value $1.35—our price, per yard..... **$1**

FINEST VELVET CARPETS—The $1.50 grades, our price, per yard..... **$1**

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETS—85c, 75c down to..... **65c**

INGRAIN CARPETS—In all the better grades—upwards from..... **45c**

All Carpets Made, Laid and Lined Free.

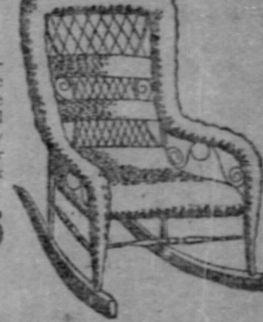
27x54 WILTON RUGS—you know what they're worth—our price this week only..... **$1.65**

Arlington Wilton Rugs—hearth size—$10 is the regular price elsewhere—our price this week only..... **$6**

Reed Rocker.

How's this—Reed Rocker like cut—solid maple frame and full roll arms—easily worth $4—Our price this week only

$2.75



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"THE BIG STORE"

$5 and $6 All-Wool Blankets at $2.49.

Just 599 pairs, and they'll go quickly at this price. They consist of 11-4 and 12-4 All-Wool Western and California Made Blankets—in white, gray, scarlet, plaids, &c.—all more or less soiled from handling and show window displays. Choice at $2.49 pair.

Flannel Waist Patterns—All-Wool French Flannel, with embroidered fronts—all the new colorings—worth $4 per pattern, at..... **$1.98**

French Flannels—185 pieces of the best grade All-Wool French Flannels—printed and plain—worth 85c to 85c yd., at..... **39c**

White Embroidered Flannels—Fine quality for women's & infants' skirts, &c.—kind usually sold for $1 yd., at... **49c**

1,000 Fine Comforts, as Fluffy as Down, at $2.

$1.50 AND $1.75 Double Satin Damask at 88c Yd.

All splendid patterns and 68, 70 and 72 inches wide, but slightly soiled from too much handling, which accounts for our offering $1.50 and $1.75 goods at 88c yd.

Dresser Scarfs—Fancy Linen Dresser Scarfs, 72 in. long—also 8x72 in. Hemstitched Center Pieces—worth 75c, at..... **39c**

English Long Cloth—Fine quality full 12 YARD PIECES—really worth $1.50, at..... **98c**

Dress Linings—Silk finished Percaline, black and all colors—Imitation Hair Cloth and Satteen Skirting—worth 20c yd., at..... **10c**

20,000 Yds. Muslin—Such as 36-inch Bleached "Fruit of the Loom"—also fine 36-inch Underwear Cambric—the 10c and 12½c qualities, today at..... **6¼c Yd.**

The November Clearance of Dress Goods

Goes briskly on. Economical shoppers are now saving from 20 to 50 per cent. Even the latest and most fashionable fabrics are included, as room MUST BE had for the incoming Holiday stocks.

50c and 60c Dress Goods—Including 45-in. Silk finished Henriettas—All-Wool Homespuns and Cheviots—Heavy Meltons—All-Wool Coverts and Zibelines—Shepherd Checks—Satin Bar Plaids—Storm Serges—Novelties, etc.—each in a great variety of colors—All now Reduced to only..... **25c Yd.**

Regular 75c Dress Goods—Such as 56-in. Heavy Vicuna Suitings—50-in. All-Wool Scotch Homespuns—52-in. All-Wool Mixed Cheviots—in the new shades of Brown, Cadet, Navy, Wine, Gray, Oxford and Black—positively the regular 75c qualities—Now Reduced to only..... **35c Yd.**

50-in. Ladies' Cloths—Strictly All-Wool Goods—now so much wanted for Waists and Children's Dresses—come in Rose, light Blue, Lavender, Garnet, Cardinal, Gray, Cadet, Royal, Navy, Green, Tan and Brown—only 1¾ yds. required for a waist—usual price 75c yd.—Now Reduced to only..... **50c Yd.**

$1 and $1.25 Dress Goods—Including such fashionable weaves as Etamine—Mistral—Voile—Satin Soleil—Empress Cord—Poplin—Whipcord—Finetta Cloth—Armure Granite, etc.—hundreds of styles and colorings to select from—Now Reduced to only.... **75c Yd.**

Regular $1.50 Dress Goods—Among which are Superfine German and French Dress Serges, such as Satin Drapee—Satin Venetian—Corkscrew—Serge Double—Drap de Cheval—Raye Cord—Satin Covert—Panne Cloths, etc.—each in a grand range of the most fashionable shades—same goods as sold all season for $1.50—Now Reduced to only..... **$1.00 Yd.**

Our $1.75 and $2—French Dress Fabrics, such as Prunellas—Drap de Soie—Silk Warp Crepe—Silk and Wool Eolienne—Wool Panne—Amazon Cloth and many other stylish weaves—in the strictly correct colorings—Now Reduced to only.... **$1.25 Yd.**

All Our $3 and $3.50—Imported Broadcloths and Venetians—in the newest and scarcest French colorings—Now Reduced to only..... **$1.95 Yd.**

Belated Arrivals of Cloaks, Suits, Waists and Furs

Purchased from the Importers at 25 per cent less than the goods cost to land in New York—make it doubly worth your while to do your shopping at "The Big Store" today.

Women's New Long Coats.

$10

For Women's swell new Raglan or Newmarket Long Coats—54, 56, 58 and 60 in. long—made of Cheviots, Oxfords or plain smooth materials—in half fitting or full Raglan shape—yoke or plain effects, fly front or double breasted style—bodice lined—worth $15.

Superb Long Coats—For afternoon or evening wear—made of finest Taffeta Silk, Velvet or light or dark cloth—silk-lined throughout—at.. **$42**

Women's Raglan Coats.

$21

For Women's and Misses' extra fine Raglan Long Coats—made of best Kerseys, Meltons, Cheviots or Oxfords—plain black and all colors—in half fitting, Newmarket or full Raglan shape—fly front or double breasted style—yoke effect or plain—half lined or lined throughout—plain tailor stitched or silk faced—swellest collar and lapels—worth $25.

Fur Scarfs—Women's Black Marten or Mink Cluster Scarfs—good length—trimmed with 8 tails in front—Really worth $5—at..... **$3.98**

Fur Scarfs—Women's handsome dark Mink, Sable Fox or Marten Scarfs—trimmed with large tails or with 8 extra fine Sable Fox Tails on each side—Really worth $12—at..... **$8.50**

Fur Scarfs—Women's best and finest quality Isabella Fox, Blended Brown Marten or the very darkest Sable Mink Scarfs—made of the best selected skins—extra long or short effect—trimmed with natural tails—worth $35—at..... **$25**

Fur Jackets—Women's fine "Near Seal" Jackets; can hardly be told from the Real Seal—made of full skins—newest large lapel and collar—lined with guaranteed lining—new sleeves—worth $30—at..... **$21**

Seal Jackets—Women's fine Alaska Seal Jackets—best quality plain or fancy lining—new large rever and collar—new sleeves—worth $150—at..... **$100**

Alaska Seal Jackets—Women's finest genuine Alaska Seal Jackets—lapel and collar faced with Russian Sable or Chinchilla—latest full box front style—plain or fancy guaranteed lining—worth $225—at..... **$175**

Women's New Fall Suits—Worth $20—At $14

Choice from 5 nobby styles—made of fine All-Wool Venetians, Cheviots or Broadcloths—silk lined jackets, in Military effect, Fancy, Blouse, Double Breasted or Tight Fitting styles—trimmed with Panne Velvet or Silver Dotted Velvet—also other fashionable styles—fancy trimmed or braided or stitched with taffeta silk bands—new graduating flounce skirt.

Swell Fancy Dress Costumes—At $50

Exquisite afternoon or evening garments—exact copies of the highest priced imported Paris, Berlin and Vienna models—made of the finest foreign Cheviots, Broadcloths, Venetians, Silks, &c.—elaborately trimmed with most expensive trimmings—made to sell for $75 and $100—choice for $50.

Women's Box Coats—Choice from 6 nobby new styles—27 in. long—made of fine All-Wool Kersey or Cheviot—in Black, Brown, Castor or Tan—one-half or three-quarter box back—satin lined—lapel and collar trimmed with Velvet or plain tailor stitched—yoke effect or plain—worth $7.50 to $8, at..... **$5**

Women's Waists

$1.59

For choice from 1,000 Women's new Fall Shirt Waists, not old or soiled goods, but a new, fresh lot, just closed out from one of the largest New York Waist manufacturers—made of fancy or all-wool Flannels—in black and all the light evening shades—buttoned in back or front—corded, tucked or hemstitched—embroidered or trimmed with combination flannels—latest box plaited, tucked or fancy pleated effects—newest bishop or flaring sleeves—new fancy stock collar—worth up to $5; choice for $1.59.

$5 $6, $7, $8 and $9 Silk Waists at $3.98

About 600 to choose from—made of splendid Taffeta, Satin, Peau de Soie or Crepe de Chine—in black or white and all the most beautiful light and dark evening shades—very fashionable styles, in shirt waist or fancy dress effects—full front or tailored effect—tucked, hemstitched or lace trimmed—newest sleeves and collar—worth $5, $6, $7, $8 and $9—choice for $3.98.

Reichenbach's Stock of Laces & Embroideries

This week will wind up the sale of Reichenbach's Stock of

Several thousand odd pieces and remnants left from last week's big rush go today at a mere fraction of their real value.

Lace Galloons—Over 1,000 pieces pretty Lace Galloons—Alencon, Point de Paris, Arabian, etc.—new medallion effects, straight bands, serpentine bands, etc.—in 4 great lots at 25c, 15c, 10c and..... **5c Yd.**

Lace All-Overs—Over 250 pieces pretty Venise All-Overs—all the new designs, including Irish Point, Guipure, cut out Oriental, etc.—also Black Chantilly—in 4 great lots at $1.48, 98c, 75c and..... **48c Yd.**

Wash Laces—Fine Torchon, Medici, Point Rose and Point de Paris Edgings and Insertings—all splendid wash laces—at 10c and..... **5c Yd.**

Embroideries—Broken assortments of match sets of fine Cambric and Nainsook Embroideries and Insertings—all widths, from the fine edgings up to the 15-in. Skirt Flouncings—fast edges, some slightly mussed from handling—during the rush last week—to go at 25c, 15c, 10c, 5c and..... **3c Yd.**

Stitched Bands—Stitched Taffeta Bands and Satin Bands—now in very stylish—3, 5 or 7 in. wide, at prices ranging from 25c down to..... **7c Yd.**

Persian Bands—In all the new effects and colorings so stylish for trimming Waists, Hats or for Belts, Collars, etc.—at $1.98 down to..... **48c Yd.**

Fancy Pillows—200 beautiful Down Pillows with satin tops—all the latest designs, but only one of a kind—positively worth $3.50—go today at..... **$2.25**

Shetland Floss—Fleisher's Shetland Floss for making those pretty shoulder shawls—12 skeins for 90c—or per skein..... **8c**

Waist Buttons—4 great special sales today of those pretty new Waist Buttons for turn-down-collar-back waists—in Enamel, Velvet, Jet, Steel, Crochet, Pearl, etc.—at 25c, 15c, 10c and..... **5c Doz.**

Chiffon All-Overs, Beautiful Embroidered Chiffon All-Overs, Spangled Nets, Tucked Taffetas with the new Swiss stitch, Persian All-Overs, etc.—all marked down to close out at $2.98, $1.98, $1.48, 98c and **75c**

Irish Point Lace and Galloons so very fashionable now for trimming velvet costumes, Satin etc., a splendid lot of Bands and Edgings to match at 30c, 25c and..... **15c Yd.**

Chiffon Bands—Beautiful Chiffon Applique Embroidered Bands—all the new designs in black and white—separable patterns also medallion effects—1 to 6 in. wide—at $2.98 down to..... **25c Yd.**